

All Fiscal Responsibility and Plenary Applications for a Convention for Proposing Amendments under Article V of the US Constitution Passed by the Several States by 1983

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Alabama HJR 105 (1975)

ALABAMA LAWS
(and Joint Resolutions)
OF THE
LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA
PASSED AT THE
ORGANIZATIONAL SESSION 1975
SPECIAL SESSION 1975
SECOND SPECIAL SESSION 1975
THIRD SPECIAL SESSION 1975
REGULAR SESSION 1975
FOURTH SPECIAL SESSION 1975
IN FOUR VOLUMES
VOL. I



GEORGE C. WALLACE, Governor
JERE BEASLEY, Lieutenant Governor
PIERRE PELHAM, President Pro-Tem of the Senate
JOE C. McCORQUODALE, JR., Speaker of the House
ROBERT T. CROWE, Speaker Pro-Tem of the House
McDOWELL LEE, Secretary of the Senate
JOHN W. PEMBERTON, Clerk of the House

**WITH AN INDEX PREPARED BY THE
LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE SERVICE**

The undersigned, as Secretary of State of the State of Alabama, does hereby certify that this book contains bills and joint resolutions enacted at the 1975 Special Sessions and the 1975 Regular Session of the Legislature of Alabama and is the official publication of such acts.

Agnes Baggett
Secretary of State

trols as authorized under Act No. 119, H. 132, 1971 Third Special Session (Acts of Alabama 1971, Vol. V, p. 4346), and as required to allow such governmental units to meet the requirements of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, as amended.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of Alabama:

Section 1. Any county and municipal governments in counties with populations of not less than 24,000 nor more than 24,800 inhabitants according to the most recent federal decennial census, may enter into cooperative agreements, whereby the county governing body is authorized to adopt and regulate within each municipality in said county, at the request of each such municipality, those comprehensive land management controls as authorized under Act. No. 119, H. 132, 1971 Third Special Session (Acts of Alabama 1971, Vol. V., p. 4346), and as required to allow such governmental units to meet the requirements of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, as amended.

Section 2. This act shall become effective immediately upon its passage and approval by the Governor, or upon its otherwise becoming a law.

Approved August 14, 1975.

Time: 4:55 P.M.

Act No. 145 H.J.R. 105—McMillan, Kinsey, Smith (J),
 McCorquodale, Callahan,
 Sandusky, Hill, Malone, Hines,
 Crowe, Mitchem, Morris,
 Carter, Biddle, McNeese, Lutz,
 White, Starkey, Johnson, Clark,
 Sparks, Moore (O), Drake, Dial,
 Cooper, Armstrong, Martin,
 McCluskey, Kelley, Waggoner,
 Teague, Quarles, Falkenburg,
 Cates, Whatley, Higginbotham,
 Edwards, Pegues, Shelton,
 Ford, Turnham, Folmar, Sasser,
 Lockett, Owens, Jackson (F),
 Campbell, Manley, Robertson,
 Sonnier, Kennedy, McCulley,
 Warren, Johnstone, Carothers,
 Harris, Barron, Crawford,
 Smith (M), Cross, Venable

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION

PETITIONING THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES TO CONVENE A CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION FOR THE PURPOSE OF PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION WHICH WOULD PROHIBIT DEFICIT SPENDING BY THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES, EXCEPT IN TIMES OF NATIONAL EMERGENCY.

WHEREAS an ever-increasing public debt is inimical to the general welfare of the people of the United States; and

WHEREAS the national debt is already dangerously high and any further increases will be harmful and costly to the people of the United States; and

WHEREAS a continuous program of deficit financing by the Federal Government is one of the greatest factors supporting the inflationary conditions presently existing in this country and therefore has been the chief factor in reducing the value of the American currency; and

WHEREAS payment of the increased interest required by the ever-increasing debt would impose an undue hardship on those with fixed incomes and those in lower income brackets; and

WHEREAS it is not in the best interest of either this or future generations to continue such a practice of deficit spending particularly since this would possibly deplete our supply of national resources for future generations; and

WHEREAS by constantly increasing deficit financing the Federal Government has been allowed to allocate considerable funds to wasteful and in many instances nonbeneficial public programs; and

WHEREAS by limiting the Federal Government to spend only the revenues that are estimated will be collected in a given fiscal year, except for certain specified emergencies, this could possibly result in greater selectivity of Federal Government programs for the benefit of the public and which would depend upon the willingness of the public to pay additional taxes to finance such programs; and

WHEREAS there is provision in Article V of the Constitution of the United States for amending the Constitution by the Congress, on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds (2/3) of the several states, calling a convention for proposing amendments which shall be valid to all intents and purposes when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths (3/4) of the several states, or by conventions in three-fourths (3/4) thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by the Congress; now therefore,

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA, BOTH HOUSES THEREOF CONCURRING, That the Legislature of Alabama hereby petitions the Congress of the United States to convene a convention, pursuant to Article V of the Constitution of the United States, for the specific and exclusive purpose of proposing an amendment which would prohibit deficit spending by the Government of the United States, except in times of a national emergency.

BE IT RESOLVED FURTHER, That the legislature of each of our sister states is urged to give the most serious consideration to the problems arising from deficit spending, and to petition the Congress of the United States to call a convention for the specific and exclusive purpose of proposing an amendment which would prohibit deficit spending by the Government of the United States, except in times of national emergency.

BE IT RESOLVED FURTHER AND ALTERNATIVELY, That this body strongly urges the Congress of the United States to prepare and submit to the several states an amendment to the Constitution of the United States that would prohibit such deficit spending.

BE IT RESOLVED FURTHER, That the Clerk of the House of Representatives transmit duly authenticated copies of this resolution to the President of the United States, to the President of the United States Senate, to the Speaker of the United States House of Representatives, to each member of the Alabama Congressional Delegation, and to the executive authority of each of our sister states for transmittal to its legislature.

Approved August 15, 1975.

Time: 3:30 P.M.

Act No. 146 H.J.R. 109—Robertson, McCorquodale, Crowe,
 Sparks, Edwards, Burgess,
 Albright, Johnson, Waggoner,
 Armstrong, Turnham, White,
 Manley, Holmes, Warren, Boles,
 Goodwin, Lee, Clark, Carter,
 Biddle, Gafford, Coburn, Andrews,
 Trammell, Hopping, Moore (O),
 Martin, Greer, McNees, Mitchem,
 Taylor, Weeks, Owens, Naramore,
 Starkey, Quarles, Whatley,
 Crawford, Carothers, Sasser,

Alabama HJR 227 (1976)

The State of Alabama

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

I, MRS. AGNES BAGGETT, Secretary of State of the State of Alabama, do hereby certify that the pages hereto attached, contain a true, accurate and literal copy of Act No. 302, House Joint Resolution No. 227, passed in the 1976 Regular Session of the Alabama Legislature and approved by the Governor on August 18, 1976,

as the same appears on file and of record in this office.



In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the Great Seal of the State, at the Capitol, in the City of Montgomery, this 16th day of June One Thousand Nine Hundred and Seventy-Eight

Mrs. Agnes Baggett
Secretary of State.

Act No. 302

H.J.R. 227—Smith (C)

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION

PETITIONING THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES TO CONVENE A CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION FOR THE PURPOSE OF PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION REQUIRING THAT FEDERAL SPENDING NOT EXCEED ESTIMATED FEDERAL REVENUES.

WHEREAS, with each passing year this Nation becomes more deeply in debt as its expenditures grossly and repeatedly exceed available revenues, so that the public debt now exceeds hundreds of billions of dollars; and

WHEREAS, the annual federal budget continually demonstrates an unwillingness or inability of both the legislative and executive branches of the federal government to curtail spending to conform to available revenues; and

WHEREAS, unified budgets do not reflect actual spending because of the exclusion of special outlays which are not included in the budget nor subject to the legal public debt limit; and

WHEREAS, knowledgeable planning, fiscal prudence, and plain good sense require that the budget reflect all federal spending and be in balance; and

WHEREAS, believing that fiscal irresponsibility at the federal level, with the inflation which results from this policy, is the greatest threat which faces our Nation, we firmly believe that constitutional restraint is vital to bring the fiscal discipline needed to restore financial responsibility; and

WHEREAS, there is provision in Article V of the Constitution of the United States for amending the Constitution by the Congress, on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds (2/3) of the several states, calling a convention for proposing amendments which shall be valid to all intents and purposes when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths (3/4) of the several states, or by conventions in three-fourth (3/4) thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by the Congress; now therefore,

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA, BOTH HOUSES THEREOF CONCURRING, That the Legislature of Alabama hereby petitions the Congress of the United States that procedures be instituted in the Congress to add a new Article to the Constitution of the United States, and that the Alabama Legislature requests the Congress to prepare and submit to the several states an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, requiring in the absence of a

national emergency that the total of all federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenues for that fiscal year.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That, alternatively the Alabama Legislature makes application and requests that the Congress of the United States call a constitutional convention, pursuant to Article V of the Constitution of the United States, for the specific and exclusive purpose of proposing an amendment to the Federal Constitution requiring in the absence of a national emergency that the total of all federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenues for that fiscal year.

FURTHER RESOLVED, That the legislatures of each of the several states comprising the United States are urged to apply to the Congress requesting the enactment of an appropriate amendment to the Federal Constitution; or requiring the Congress to call a constitutional convention for proposing such amendment to the Federal Constitution.

FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Clerk of the House is directed to send copies of this Joint Resolution to the Secretary of State and presiding officers of both Houses of the Legislatures of each of the other States in the Union, the Clerk of the United States House of Representatives, Washington, D. C., and the Secretary of the United States Senate, Washington, D. C., and to each member of the Alabama Congressional Delegation.

Approved August 18, 1976.

Time: 6:30 P.M.

Alaska HJR 17 am S (1982)

STATE OF ALASKA

THE LEGISLATURE

1982

Source

Legislative
Resolve No.

HJR 17 am S

1



Relating to an amendment to the Constitution of the United States which would require that total federal appropriations not exceed total estimated federal revenues in a fiscal year in the absence of a national emergency.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

WHEREAS annually the United States moves more deeply into debt as its expenditures exceed its available revenues and the public debt now exceeds hundreds of billions of dollars; and

WHEREAS annually the federal budget demonstrates the unwillingness or inability of the federal government to spend in conformity with available revenues; and

WHEREAS proper planning, fiscal prudence, and plain good sense require that the federal budget be in balance absent national emergency; and

WHEREAS a continuously unbalanced federal budget except in a national emergency causes continuous and damaging inflation and consequently a severe threat to the political and economic stability of the United States; and

WHEREAS, under Article V of the Constitution of the United States, amendments to the Constitution may be proposed by Congress or, on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the states, Congress shall call a constitutional convention for the purpose of proposing amendments;

BE IT RESOLVED by the Alaska State Legislature that the Congress of the United States is requested to propose and submit to the states an amendment to the Constitution of the United States which would require that within four years after its ratification by the various states, in the absence of a national emergency, the total of all appropriations made by Congress for a fiscal year shall not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenues for that fiscal year; and be it

FURTHER RESOLVED that, alternatively, this body makes application and requests that the Congress of the United States call a convention for the sole and exclusive purpose of proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States which would require that, in the absence of a national emergency, the total of all appropriations made by Congress for a fiscal year shall not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenues for that fiscal year; and be it

FURTHER RESOLVED that if Congress proposes such an amendment to the Constitution this application shall no longer be of any force or effect; and be it


FURTHER RESOLVED that this application and request shall no longer be of any force or effect if the convention is not limited to the exclusive purpose specified by this resolution.

COPIES of this resolution shall be sent to the Secretary of the United States Senate; the Clerk of the United States House of Representatives; to the Honorable Ted Stevens and the Honorable Frank Murkowski, U. S. Senators, and the Honorable Don Young, U. S. Representative, members of the Alaska delegation in Congress.

Authentication

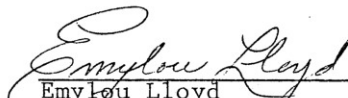
The following officers of the Legislature certify that the attached enrolled resolution, House Joint Resolution No. 17 am S _____, was passed in conformity with the requirements of the constitution and laws of the State of Alaska and the Uniform Rules of the Legislature.

Passed by the House January 18, 1982



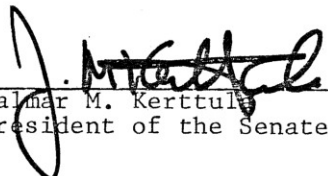
Joe L. Hayes
Speaker of the House

ATTEST:




Emylou Lloyd
Chief Clerk of the House

Passed by the Senate June 24, 1981



Jalmar M. Kerttula
President of the Senate

ATTEST:



Peggy Mulligan
Secretary of the Senate

Jay Hammond
Governor of Alaska

Arizona HCM 2003 (1977)

STATE OF ARIZONA

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Jud.
188

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA }
STATE OF ARIZONA } SS.

I **WESLEY BOLIN**, *Secretary of State,*
do hereby certify that ~~~

THE ANNEXED DOCUMENT IS A TRUE, CORRECT, AND COMPLETE COPY OF HOUSE CONCURRENT MEMORIAL 2003, THIRTY-THIRD LEGISLATURE, FIRST REGULAR SESSION, 1977; THAT I AM THE OFFICIAL OF THE STATE OF ARIZONA HAVING CUSTODY AND CONTROL OF THE ORIGINAL OF SAID COPY AND THE LEGAL KEEPER THEREOF. ~~~



In Witness Whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the Great Seal of the State of Arizona Done at Phoenix, the capital, this ~8th~
day of ~ JUNE ~ *A.D.* ~ 1977 ~

Wesley Bolin
SECRETARY OF STATE.

State of Arizona
House of Representatives
Thirty-third Legislature
First Regular Session
1977

COMPILED AND ISSUED BY
WESLEY BOLIN
SECRETARY OF STATE
for use until Session Laws are printed

HOUSE CONCURRENT MEMORIAL 2003

A CONCURRENT MEMORIAL

URGING AN AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES TO REQUIRE THAT FEDERAL APPROPRIATIONS NOT EXCEED ESTIMATED FEDERAL REVENUES EXCEPT IN AN EMERGENCY.

1 To the President and the Congress of the United States of America:

2 Your memorialist respectfully represents:

3 Whereas, with each passing year this nation becomes more deeply
4 in debt as its expenditures grossly and repeatedly exceed available
5 revenues, so that the public debt now exceeds hundreds of billions of
6 dollars; and

7 Whereas, attempts to limit spending, including impoundment of funds
8 by the President of the United States, have resulted in strenuous objec-
9 tions that the responsibility for appropriations is the constitutional
10 duty of the Congress; and

11 Whereas, the annual federal budget repeatedly demonstrates an
12 unwillingness or inability of both the legislative and executive branches
13 of the federal government to curtail spending to conform to available
14 revenues; and

15 Whereas, unified budgets do not reflect actual spending because
16 of the exclusion of special outlays which are not included in the
17 budget nor subject to the legal public debt limit; and

18 Whereas, knowledgeable planning, fiscal prudence and plain good
19 sense require that the budget reflect all federal spending and be in
20 balance; and

1 Whereas, fiscal irresponsibility at the federal level, with the
2 inflation which results from this policy, is the greatest threat which
3 faces our nation; and

4 Whereas, constitutional restraint is necessary to bring the fiscal
5 disciplines needed to reverse this trend; and

6 Whereas, under article V of the Constitution of the United States,
7 amendments to the constitution may be proposed by the Congress whenever
8 two-thirds of both houses deem it necessary or on the application of the
9 legislatures of two-thirds of the states the Congress shall call a con-
10 stitutional convention for the purpose of proposing amendments.

11 Wherefore, your memorialist, the House of Representatives of the State of
12 Arizona, the Senate concurring, prays:

13 1. That the Congress of the United States prepare and submit to
14 the several states an amendment to the constitution requiring, in the
15 absence of a national emergency, that the total of all federal appropriations
16 made by the Congress for any fiscal year not exceed the total of the esti-
17 mated federal revenues, excluding any revenues derived from borrowing, for
18 that fiscal year.

19 2. That, in the alternative, the Congress of the United States
20 call a constitutional convention to prepare and submit such an amend-
21 ment to the constitution.

22 3. That this application continue in effect until the will of the
23 Legislature of Arizona to the contrary is communicated to the Congress
24 of the United States.

25 4. That the Secretary of State of Arizona transmit certified copies
26 of this memorial to the President of the United States, the President of
27 the United States Senate, the Speaker of the United States House of Rep-
28 resentatives, to each member of the Arizona delegation to the United
29 States Congress and to the presiding officers of each house of the legis-
30 lature of each of the other states of the union with the request that it
31 be circulated among leaders in the executive and legislative branches of
32 the state governments.

Passed the House - March 7, 1977 by the following vote: 41 Ayes, 16 Nays,
3 Not Voting

Passed the Senate - May 19, 1977 by the following vote: 25 Ayes, 5 Nays,
0 Not Voting

Received by the Secretary of State - May 19, 1977

Arizona SJR 1002 (1979)

STATE OF ARIZONA

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Jud.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA }
STATE OF ARIZONA } SS.

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R. ROSE MOFFORD, *Secretary of State,*

do hereby certify that THE ATTACHED DOCUMENT IS A TRUE, CORRECT, AND COMPLETE COPY OF SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION 1002, THIRTY-FOURTH LEGISLATURE, FIRST REGULAR SESSION, 1979; THAT I AM THE OFFICIAL OF THE STATE OF ARIZONA HAVING CUSTODY AND CONTROL OF THE ORIGINAL OF SAID COPY AND THE LEGAL KEEPER THEREOF.

RECEIVED

1979 APR -9 PM 4:37

THE SPEAKERS ROOMS
U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES



In Witness Whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the Great Seal of the State of Arizona Done at Phoenix, the capital, this 10th day of April A.D. 1979

Rose Mofford
SECRETARY OF STATE.
ROSE MOFFORD

State of Arizona
Senate
Thirty-fourth Legislature
First Regular Session
1979

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION 1002

A JOINT RESOLUTION

REQUESTING THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES TO PROPOSE AN AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES REQUIRING THAT IN THE ABSENCE OF A NATIONAL EMERGENCY THE TOTAL OF ALL FEDERAL APPROPRIATIONS FOR ANY FISCAL YEAR MAY NOT EXCEED THE TOTAL OF ALL ESTIMATED FEDERAL REVENUES FOR THAT FISCAL YEAR.

1 Whereas, with each passing year this nation becomes more deeply in
2 debt as its expenditures grossly and repeatedly exceed available revenues,
3 so that the public debt now exceeds hundreds of billions of dollars; and

4 Whereas, the annual federal budget continually demonstrates an
5 unwillingness or inability of both the legislative and executive branches
6 of the federal government to curtail spending to conform to available
7 revenues; and

8 Whereas, unified budgets do not reflect actual spending because of
9 the exclusion of special outlays which are not included in the budget nor
10 subject to the legal public debt limit; and

11 Whereas, knowledgeable planning, fiscal prudence and plain good
12 sense require that the budget reflect all federal spending and be in
13 balance; and

14 Whereas, fiscal irresponsibility at the federal level, with the
15 inflation which results from this policy, is the greatest threat facing our
16 nation; and

17 Whereas, constitutional restraint is necessary to bring the fiscal
18 discipline needed to restore financial responsibility; and

19 Whereas, under Article V of the Constitution of the United States,
20 amendments to the federal Constitution may be proposed by the Congress
21 whenever two-thirds of both houses deem it necessary, or on the application

1 of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states the Congress shall
2 call a constitutional convention for the purpose of proposing
3 amendments.

4 Therefore

5 Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Arizona:

6 1. That the Congress of the United States institute procedures to
7 add a new article to the Constitution of the United States and that the
8 Congress of the United States prepare and submit to the several states an
9 amendment to the Constitution of the United States requiring in the absence
10 of a national emergency that the total of all federal appropriations made
11 by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all
12 estimated federal revenues for that fiscal year.

13 2. That, alternatively, the Congress of the United States call a
14 constitutional convention for the specific and exclusive purpose of
15 proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States requiring
16 in the absence of a national emergency that the total of all federal
17 appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the
18 total of all estimated federal revenues for that fiscal year.

19 3. That this application constitutes a continuing application in
20 accordance with Article V of the Constitution of the United States until at
21 least two-thirds of the legislatures of the several states have made
22 similar applications pursuant to Article V, but if Congress proposes an
23 amendment to the Constitution identical in subject matter to that
24 contained in this joint Resolution then this petition for a constitutional
25 convention shall no longer be of any force or effect.

26 4. That the legislatures of each of the several states comprising
27 the United States apply to the Congress requesting the enactment of an
28 appropriate amendment to the federal Constitution or requiring the
29 Congress to call a constitutional convention for proposing such an
30 amendment to the federal Constitution.

31 5. That the Secretary of State of the State of Arizona transmit
32 copies of this Resolution to the President of the United States Senate, the
33 Speaker of the House of Representatives of the United States, to each
34 Member of the Arizona Congressional Delegation and to the Secretary of
35 State and the presiding officers of both houses of the legislature of each
36 of the other states in the Union.

~~Passed the Senate - February 15, 1979 by the following vote: 27 Ayes, 3 Nays,
0 Not Voting~~

~~Passed the House - March 9, 1979 by the following vote: 49 Ayes, 8 Nays,
3 Not Voting~~

-2-

Received by the Secretary of State - March 22, 1979

Arkansas HJR 1 (1979)



ARKANSAS

Marcus Halbrook, Director
Kern L. Treat, Assistant Director
for Legal and Bill Drafting Services
Bill Goodman, Assistant Director
for Research and Fiscal Services

BUREAU OF LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH

State Capitol, Room 315

Little Rock, Ark. 72201

(501)371-1937

HOUSE BILLS, SENATE BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS OF THE 72ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY 1979
REGULAR SESSION AND EXTENDED SESSION 1980

I N D E X

Missing HOUSE BILLS, SENATE BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS
HOUSE BILLS 1-1202
HOUSE RESOLUTIONS 1-94
HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS 1-133
HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTIONS 1-9
HOUSE MEMORIAL RESOLUTIONS 1-8
HOUSE CONCURRENT MEMORIAL RESOLUTIONS -1
SENATE BILLS 1-765
SENATE RESOLUTIONS 1-40
SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS 1-107
SENATE JOINT REOSLUTIONS 1-7
SENATE MEMORIAL REOSLUTIONS 1-3
SENATE CONCURRENT MEMORIAL REOSLUTIONS -1



ARKANSAS

Marcus Halbrook, Director
Kern L. Treat, Assistant Director
for Legal and Bill Drafting Services
Bill Goodman, Assistant Director
for Research and Fiscal Services

BUREAU OF LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH

State Capitol, Room 315

Little Rock, Ark. 72201

(501)371-1937

HOUSE JOINT
RESOLUTIONS

1 By: Representatives McCuiston, C. Moore,
2 Hendrix, Harris, Stephens, Thicksten,
3 Bynum, Stockley, S. Miller, Hampton,
4 Corbin, Landers, B. Wood, Rose,
5 Ryburn and Willems

H. J. R.

1

6 HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION

7 REQUESTING APPROPRIATE ACTION BY THE CONGRESS, EITHER
8 ACTING BY CONSENT OF TWO-THIRDS OF BOTH HOUSES, OR,
9 UPON THE APPLICATION OF THE LEGISLATURES OF TWO-THIRDS
10 OF THE SEVERAL STATES, CALLING A CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION
11 TO PROPOSE AN AMENDMENT TO THE FEDERAL CONSTITUTION TO
12 REQUIRE, WITH CERTAIN EXCEPTIONS, THAT THE TOTAL OF ALL
13 FEDERAL APPROPRIATIONS MAY NOT EXCEED THE TOTAL OF ALL
14 ESTIMATED FEDERAL REVENUES IN ANY FISCAL YEAR.

15 WHEREAS, with each passing year this Nation becomes more deeply in
16 debt as its expenditures grossly and repeatedly exceed available revenues,
17 so that the public debt now exceeds hundreds of billions of dollars; and

18 WHEREAS, the annual Federal budget continually demonstrates an
19 unwillingness or inability of both the legislative and executive branches
20 of the Federal government to curtail spending to conform to available
21 revenues; and

22 WHEREAS, unified budgets do not reflect actual spending because of
23 the exclusion of special outlays which are not included in the budget
24 nor subject to the legal public debt limit; and

25 WHEREAS, knowledgeable planning, fiscal prudence, and plain good
26 sense require that the budget reflect all Federal spending and be in
27 balance; and

28 WHEREAS, believing that fiscal irresponsibility at the Federal level,
29 with the inflation which results from this policy, is the greatest threat
30 which faces our Nation, we firmly believe that constitutional restraint
31 is necessary to bring the fiscal discipline needed to restore financial
32 responsibility; and

33 WHEREAS, under Article V of the Constitution of the United States,
34 amendments to the Federal Constitution may be proposed by the Congress
35 whenever two-thirds of both Houses deem it necessary, or on the applica-
36 tion of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states the Congress

1 shall call a constitutional convention for the purpose of proposing
2 amendments. We believe such action vital;

3 NOW THEREFORE,

4 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE SEVENTY-SECOND GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF
5 ARKANSAS:

6 THAT this Body proposes to the Congress of the United States that
7 procedures be instituted in the Congress to add a new Article to the
8 Constitution of the United States, and that the General Assembly of the
9 State of Arkansas requests the Congress to prepare and submit to the
10 several states an amendment to the Constitution of the United States,
11 requiring in the absence of a national emergency that the total of all
12 Federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not
13 exceed the total of all estimated Federal revenues for that fiscal year; and
14 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED:

5 THAT, alternatively, this Body makes application and requests that
6 the Congress of the United States call a constitutional convention for the
7 specific and exclusive purpose of proposing an amendment to the Federal
8 Constitution requiring in the absence of a national emergency that the
9 total of all Federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal
10 year may not exceed the total of all estimated Federal revenues for that
11 fiscal year; and
12 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED:

13 THAT this Body also proposes that the legislatures of each of the
14 several states comprising the United States apply to the Congress requesting
15 the enactment of an appropriate amendment to the Federal Constitution, or
16 requiring the Congress to call a constitutional convention for proposing such
17 an amendment to the Federal Constitution; and
18 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED:

19 THAT copies of this Resolution be sent by the Secretary of State to
20 the Arkansas Congressional Delegation; and
21 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED:

22 THAT the Secretary of State of the State of Arkansas is directed to
23 send copies of this Joint Resolution to the Secretary of State and presiding
24 officers of both Houses of the Legislature of each of the other States in
25 the Union, the Clerk of the United States House of Representatives, Washington,
26 D. C., and the Secretary of the United States Senate, Washington, D. C.

Colorado SJM 1 (1978)

STATE OF COLORADO

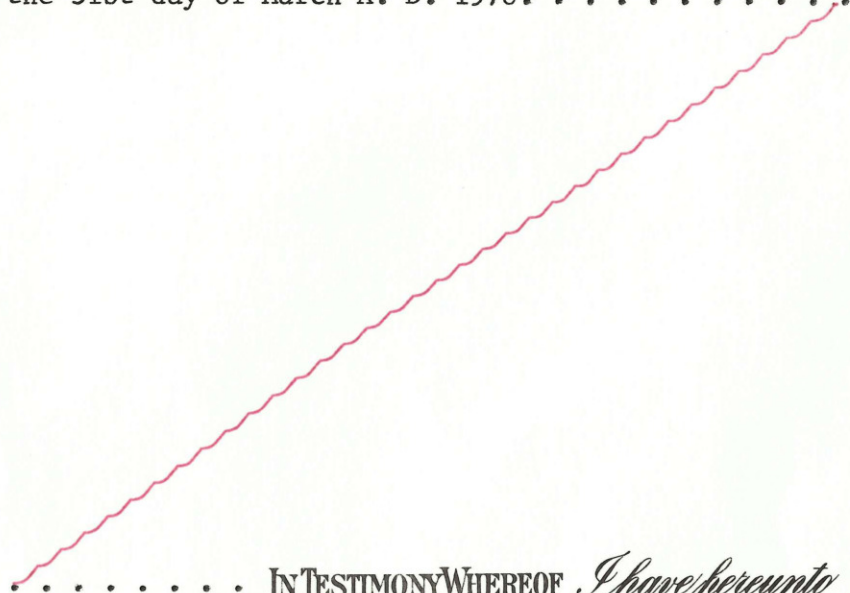


DEPARTMENT OF
STATE

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, } ss. **CERTIFICATE.**
STATE OF COLORADO. }

*I, MARY ESTILL BUCHANAN, Secretary of
State of the State of Colorado, do hereby certify that*

the attached is a true and exact copy of Senate Joint Memorial No. 1
re deficit spending as adopted by the Second Regular Session of
the Fifty-First General Assembly of Colorado and filed in my
office on the 31st day of March A. D. 1978.



..... IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF *I have hereunto
set my hand and affixed the Great
Seal of the State of Colorado, at the
City of Denver, this --TWENTY-EIGHTH--
day of -----JUNE----- A. D. 1978*

Mary Estill Buchanan
SECRETARY OF STATE

SENATE JOINT MEMORIAL NO. 1

BY SENATORS STRICKLAND, HUGHES, H. FOWLER, KINNIE, MacMANUS, MEIKLEJOHN, SCHIEFFELIN, WOODARD, ALLSHOUSE, ANDERSON, DECKER, L. FOWLER, HARDING, McCORMICK, PHELPS, PLOCK, SMEDLEY, and WHAM; also REPRESENTATIVES KRAMER, DURHAM, BECKER, BLEDSOE, DITTEMORE, ECKELBERRY, GORSUCH, HAYES, HEFLEY, HILSMEIER, LILLPOP, McELDERRY, NEALE, REEVES, SCHAEFER, SHOWALTER, SWALM, TANCREDO, WALDOW, WINKLER, YOST, BARNHILL, DeNIER, DODGE, HERZBERGER, JONES, SPANO, YOUNGLUND and ZAKHEM.

WHEREAS, With each passing year this nation becomes more deeply in debt as its expenditures grossly and repeatedly exceed available revenues so that the public debt now exceeds hundreds of billions of dollars; and

WHEREAS, The annual federal budget continually demonstrates an unwillingness or inability of both the legislative and executive branches of the federal government to curtail spending to conform to available revenues; and

WHEREAS, Convinced that fiscal irresponsibility at the federal level, with the inflation which results from this policy, is the greatest threat which faces our nation, we firmly believe that constitutional restraint is vital to bring the fiscal discipline needed to restore financial responsibility; and

WHEREAS, under article V of the constitution of the United States, amendments to the federal constitution may be proposed by the congress whenever two-thirds of both houses deem it necessary or on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states that the congress shall call a constitutional convention for the purpose of proposing amendments which shall be valid to all intents and purposes when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states; now, therefore,

Be It Resolved by the Senate of the Fifty-first General Assembly of the State of Colorado, the House of Representatives concurring herein:

That the Congress of the United States is hereby memorialized to call a constitutional convention pursuant to article V of the constitution of the United States for the specific and exclusive purpose of proposing an amendment to the federal constitution prohibiting deficit spending except under conditions specified in such amendment.

Be It Further Resolved, That this application and request be deemed null and void, rescinded, and of no effect in the event that such convention not be limited to such specific and exclusive purpose.

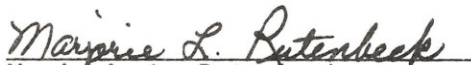
Be It Further Resolved, That copies of this memorial be sent to the secretary of state and presiding officers of both houses of the legislatures of each of the several states in the union, the clerk of the United States house of representatives, the secretary of the United States senate, and to each member of the Colorado congressional delegation.



Fred E. Anderson
PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE



Ronald H. Strahle
SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF
REPRESENTATIVES



Marjorie L. Rutenbeck
SECRETARY OF THE SENATE



Lorraine F. Lombardi
CHIEF CLERK OF THE HOUSE OF
REPRESENTATIVES

State of Colorado

S.J.M. No. 1

By Senators Strickland, Hughes, H. Fowler, et al; also
Representatives Kramer, Durham, Becker, et al.

APPLYING TO THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES
TO CONVENE A CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION FOR THE SPECIFIC
AND EXCLUSIVE PURPOSE OF PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT
TO THE CONSTITUTION REQUIRING THAT FEDERAL SPENDING
NOT EXCEED ESTIMATED FEDERAL REVENUES.

STATE OF COLORADO, ss.

THIS ACT ORIGINATED IN THE SENATE.

Marjorie L. Rutenbeck
Secretary of the Senate.

STATE OF COLORADO, }
SECRETARY'S OFFICE } ss.

This Act was filed in my office this 21st day of March

A. D. 1955, at 2:45 o'clock P.M.

Mary Carol Buchanan
Secretary of State.

By _____
Deputy Secretary

Delaware HCR 36 (1975)



State of DELAWARE

Office of SECRETARY OF STATE

I, Robert H. Reed, Secretary of State of the State of Delaware, do hereby certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of
House Concurrent Resolution No. 36 entitled "APPLYING TO THE CONGRESS FOR A CONVENTION TO PROPOSE AN AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES.", passed by the first session of the 128th General Assembly and approved by the Governor June 23, 1975.

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and official seal at Dover this Twentieth day of February in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and Seventy-six.



Robert H. Reed

Secretary of State

Ass't Secretary of State

FORM 120



State
of
DELAWARE

Office of SECRETARY OF STATE

I, Glenn C. Kenton Secretary of State of the State of Delaware, do hereby certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of House Concurrent Resolution No. 36 which was signed by the Governor on June 23, 1975.

In Testimony Whereof, *I have hereunto set my hand and official seal at Dover this* _____ *9th* _____ *day of* _____ *June* _____ *in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and* _____ *seventy-eight.*



Glenn C. Kenton

Glenn C. Kenton, Secretary of State

[Signature]

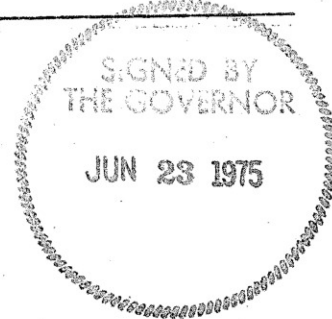
Assistant Secretary of State

Sponsor Rep. Sincok

Committee _____



HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
128TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY
FIRST SESSION - 1975



HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 36 JUN 23 1975

APPLYING TO THE CONGRESS FOR A CONVENTION TO PROPOSE AN AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES.

BE IT RESOLVED by the House of Representatives of the 128th General Assembly, the Senate concurring therein, that the General Assembly of the State of Delaware hereby, and pursuant to Article V of the Constitution of the United States, makes application to the Congress of the United States to call a convention for the proposing of the following amendment to the Constitution of the United States:

"ARTICLE _____

The costs of operating the Federal Government shall not exceed its income during any fiscal year, except in the event of declared war."

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that this application by the General Assembly of the State of Delaware constitutes a continuing application in accordance with Article V of the Constitution of the United States until at least two-thirds of the legislatures of the several states have made similar applications pursuant to Article V.

BE IT YET FURTHER RESOLVED that since this method of proposing
amendments to the Constitution has never been completed to the point
of calling a convention and no interpretation of the power of the
states in the exercise of this right has ever been made by any
court or any qualified tribunal, if there be such, and since the
exercise of the power is a matter of basic sovereign rights and
the interpretation thereof is primarily in the sovereign government
making such exercise and, since the power to use such right in full
also carries the power to use such right in part, the General
Assembly of the State of Delaware interprets Article V to mean
that if two-thirds of the states make application for a convention
to propose an identical amendment to the Constitution for ratifi-
cation with a limitation that such amendment be the only matter
before it, that such convention would have power only to propose
the specified amendment and would be limited to such proposal and
would not have power to vary the text thereof nor would it have
power to propose other amendments on the same or different
propositions.

BE IT YET FURTHER RESOLVED that a duly attested copy of this
resolution be immediately transmitted to the Secretary of the
Senate of the United States, the Clerk of the House of Representatives
of the United States, to each member of the Congress from this
State and to each House of each State Legislature in the United
States.

Florida HM 2801 (1976)

**GENERAL ACTS
RESOLUTIONS AND MEMORIALS
ADOPTED BY THE
FOURTH LEGISLATURE OF FLORIDA
UNDER THE CONSTITUTION
AS REVISED IN 1968**

**During the Regular Session
April 6, 1976
Through June 4, 1976**



Volume I

**Published by Authority of Law
Under Direction of the
JOINT LEGISLATIVE MANAGEMENT
COMMITTEE**

TALLAHASSEE

1976

CERTIFICATE

The Joint Legislative Management Committee hereby certifies that the acts, resolutions, and memorials contained in this volume have been compared with the original enrolled acts filed with the Department of State and that the same are correct and true copies. The apparent omissions of words and inaccuracies of language appear in the enrolled acts.

FLORIDA JOINT LEGISLATIVE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

Senator Lew Brantley
Chairman

Thomas L. Wade III
Executive Director

target range located within 20 miles; and modern runways having a 1,000 foot impact area at both ends, and

WHEREAS, the Navy installations are the primary financial backbone of the community, bringing approximately \$54 million into the Key West area through 8,500 Navy personnel, their dependents, and 670 civilian support facilities, and

WHEREAS, the closing of the base would bring unemployment, blight, and economic destruction and hardship upon the area where utilities, shopping centers, and other businesses have been built or expanded to accommodate the Navy and Navy personnel, and

WHEREAS, the Naval Hospital is a necessary support facility for over 2,600 retired naval families, NOW, THEREFORE,

Be It Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

That the Congress of the United States is urged to oppose the substantial reduction and possible closing of the Boca Chica Naval Air Base in Key West, Florida.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that copies of this memorial be dispatched to the President of the United States, President and each member of the United States Senate, and Speaker and each member of the United States House of Representatives.

Filed in Office Secretary of State May 24, 1976.

House Memorial No. 2801

A MEMORIAL to the Congress of the United States, petitioning that a convention be called pursuant to Article V of the United States Constitution, to consider amending the same to prohibit the incurrence of national debt except in a state of emergency as declared by a three-fourths vote of the members of both houses of Congress; providing that the purview of such convention be strictly limited to the consideration of this amendment.

WHEREAS, the United States Government has, over the past three decades, embarked on a course of continuous and ever increasing deficit spending, and

WHEREAS, the public debt engendered thereby now far exceeds 300 billion dollars, and current budget proposals include provision for a further deficit of 43 billion dollars, and

WHEREAS, such national debt is, in and of itself, a major contributor to the very inflation to which the United States is committed to eradicating, and

WHEREAS, this massive national debt is inimical to the public welfare, limiting the amount of credit available to private citizens, thus curtailing opportunities for needed economic growth, and

WHEREAS, continued fiscal irresponsibility can only result in an eventual financial debacle of the sort recently experienced by New York City, and

WHEREAS, payment of the massive interest required to service national debt imposes an undue hardship on the citizenry, particularly those on fixed incomes, and

WHEREAS, the ability of the Federal Government to avoid the difficult budgetary choices posed by zero debt financing has resulted in a lack of objective budgetary analysis, and thus the funding of unnecessary or inefficient programs, NOW, THEREFORE,

Be It Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

That pursuant to Article V of the Constitution of the United States, the Legislature of the State of Florida does hereby apply to the Congress of the United States for a convention to consider the following amendment to the United States Constitution:

SECTION 1. Except as provided in section 3, the Congress shall make no appropriation for any fiscal year if the resulting total of appropriations for such fiscal year would exceed the total revenues of the United States for such fiscal year.

SECTION 2. There shall be no increase in the national debt, and the existing debt, as it exists on the date on which this amendment is ratified, shall be repaid during the one hundred-year period following the date of such ratification. The rate of repayment shall be such that not less than one-tenth of the debt shall be repaid during each ten-year period.

SECTION 3. In times of national emergency, declared by the concurrent resolution of three-fourths of the membership of both Houses of Congress, the application of section 1 may be suspended, provided that such suspension shall not be effective past the two-year term of the Congress which passes such resolution. If such a national emergency continues to exist, a suspension of section 1 may be reenacted pursuant to the provisions of this section. National debt incurred pursuant to this section shall be repaid under the provisions of section 2; provided, however, that the repayment period shall commence upon the expiration of the suspension under which it was incurred.

SECTION 4. This article shall apply to fiscal years that begin six months after the date on which this article is ratified.

SECTION 5. Congress shall provide by law for strict compliance with this amendment.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the purview of any convention called by the Congress pursuant to this resolution be strictly limited to the consideration of an amendment of the nature as herein proposed.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that this application by the Legislature of the State of Florida constitutes a continuing application pursuant to Article V of the United States Constitution, until such time as two-thirds of the Legislatures of the several states have made similar application, and the convention herein applied for is convened.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that a duly attested copy of this resolution be immediately transmitted to the President of the United States, to the Secretary of the United States Senate, to the Clerk of the United States House of Representatives, to each member of the Florida delegation to the United States Congress, and to the presiding officer of each house of each state Legislature in the United States.

Filed in Office Secretary of State May 13, 1976.

Florida SM 234 (1976)

Senate Memorial No. 234

1
2 A memorial to the Congress of the United States
3 making application to the Congress to call a
4 convention for the sole and exclusive purpose
5 of proposing an amendment to the Constitution
6 of the United States to require a balanced
7 federal budget and to make certain exceptions
8 thereto.
9

10 WHEREAS, it is estimated, as of August, 1975, that the
11 federal debt at the end of the 1975 fiscal year will be
12 \$558.637 billion, and

13 WHEREAS, the fiscal year deficit for 1976 will be the
14 largest in our history, between \$70 and \$80 billion, and

15 WHEREAS, the growing debt is a major contributor to
16 inflation, lagging economic investment, excessive interest
17 rates, and the resulting unemployment, and

18 WHEREAS, the economic welfare of the United States and
19 its citizens depends on a stable dollar and sound economy, and

20 WHEREAS, the National Conference of State Legislatures
21 passed Resolution #11 at its Annual Business Meeting on
22 October 10, 1975, urging the Congress to take prompt and
23 affirmative action to limit federal spending, and

24 WHEREAS, there is provision in Article V of the
25 Constitution of the United States for amending the
26 Constitution by the Congress, on the application of the
27 legislatures of two-thirds of the several states, calling a
28 convention for proposing amendments which shall be valid to
29 all intents and purposes when ratified by the legislatures of
30 three-fourths of the several states, or by conventions in
31

1 three-fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of
2 ratification may be proposed by the Congress, NOW, THEREFORE,

3
4 Be It Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Florida:


5
6 That the Legislature of the State of Florida does
7 hereby make application to the Congress of the United States
8 pursuant to Article V of the Constitution of the United States
9 to call a convention for the sole purpose of proposing an
10 amendment to the Constitution of the United States to require
11 a balanced federal budget and to make certain exceptions with
12 respect thereto.

13 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that a copy of this memorial be
14 transmitted to the presiding officers of the Senate and the
15 House of Representatives of Congress, the members of the
16 Congressional delegation from the State of Florida and to the
17 presiding officers of each house of the several state
18 legislatures.

19 Filed in Office Secretary of State June 10, 1976.
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Georgia HR 469 1267 (1976)

State of Georgia



OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF STATE

I, Ben W. Fortson, Jr., Secretary of State of the State of Georgia, do hereby certify, that the three pages of photographed matter hereto attached contain a true and correct copy of an Act approved by the Governor on February 13, 1976 numbered Resolution Act Number 93 (H. R. No. 469-1267) and entitled: "A Resolution Applying to the Congress of the United States to call a convention for the purpose of proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States; and for other purposes"; all as the same appear of file and record in this office.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of my office, at the Capitol, in the City of Atlanta, this 8th day of June, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Seventy-eight and of the Independence of the United States of America the Two Hundred and Second.



Ben W. Fortson, Jr.
SECRETARY OF STATE.

General Assembly



True

M 293



H. R. No. 469-1267

By: Representatives Linder of the 44th, Murphy of the 18th, Egan of the 25th, Vaughn of the 57th, Williamson of the 45th, Shanahan of the 7th, Irvin of the 23rd, Lane of the 40th, Sizemore of the 136th, Larsen of the 27th and others

A RESOLUTION

Applying to the Congress of the United States to call a convention for the purpose of proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States; and for other purposes.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

That this body respectfully petitions the Congress of the United States to call a convention for the specific and exclusive purpose of proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States to require a balanced federal budget and to make certain exceptions with respect thereto.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that this application by the General Assembly of the State of Georgia constitutes a continuing application in accordance with Article V of the Constitution of the United States until at least two-thirds of the legislatures of the several states have made similar applications pursuant to Article V, but if Congress proposes an amendment to the Constitution identical in subject matter to that contained in this Resolution before January 1, 1977, this petition for a Constitutional Convention shall no longer be of any force or effect.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Clerk of the House of Representatives is hereby authorized and instructed to transmit a duly attested copy of this Resolution to the Secretary of the Senate of the United States Congress, the Clerk of the House of Representatives of the United States Congress, to the Presiding Officer of each House of each State Legislature in the United States, and to each member of the Georgia Congressional Delegation.

IN HOUSE
Read and Adopted
January 14, 1976

IN SENATE
Read and Adopted
January 19, 1976

Glenn W. Ellard
Glenn W. Ellard
CLERK

Hamilton McWhorter, Jr.
Hamilton McWhorter, Jr.
SECRETARY

FEB 13 A.M.

A RESOLUTION

Applying to the Congress of the United States to call a convention for the purpose of proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States; and for other purposes.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

That this body respectfully petitions the Congress of the United States to call a convention for the specific and exclusive purpose of proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States to require a balanced federal budget and to make certain exceptions with respect thereto.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that this application by the General Assembly of the State of Georgia constitutes a continuing application in accordance with Article V of the Constitution of the United States until at least two-thirds of the legislatures of the several states have made similar applications pursuant to Article V, but if Congress proposes an amendment to the Constitution identical in subject matter to that contained in this Resolution before January 1, 1977, this petition for a Constitutional Convention shall no longer be of any force or effect.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Clerk of the House of Representatives is hereby authorized and instructed to transmit a duly attested copy of this Resolution to the Secretary of the Senate of the United States Congress, the Clerk of the House of Representatives of the United States

H. R. No. 469-1267

- 1 -

Congress, to the Presiding Officer of each House of each State Legislature in the United States, and to each member of the Georgia Congressional Delegation.

ENROLLMENT

H. R. No. *Res 93* 469-1267 Act No. 93

February 13 1976

General Assembly

The Committee of the House on ~~_____~~ Journals has examined the within and finds the same properly enrolled.



Nessmith of 92nd

A RESOLUTION

Chairman

Applying to the Congress of the United States to call a convention for the purpose of proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States; and for other purposes.

Thomas Murphy
Speaker of the House

IN HOUSE

Ben Wood
Clerk of the House

Read 1st time *January 12, 1976*
Read 2nd time *January 13, 1976*
Read 3rd time *January 14, 1976*

And Adopted

Ayes 156

Nays 11

Tom M. McWhorter
President of the Senate
Hamilton M. McWhorter
Secretary of the Senate

Ben Wood
Clerk of the House

Received *Anna S. Underwood*
Secretary, Executive Department

IN SENATE

This *13th* day of *Feb.* 1976

Read 1st time *Jan. 15, 1976*
Read 2nd time *Jan. 17, 1976*
Read 3rd time *Jan. 19, 1976*

And Adopted

Ayes 52

Nays 2

Approved *George Busby*
Governor

Hamilton M. McWhorter
Secretary of the Senate
Reps. Linder of the 44th,
By: Murphy of the 18th, Egan of
the 25th and others

This *13th* day of *February* 1976

Idaho SJM 9 (1963)

GENERAL AND SPECIAL LAWS
OF THE
STATE OF IDAHO

PASSED BY
THE FIRST EXTRAORDINARY SESSION OF THE
THIRTY-SIXTH SESSION OF THE STATE LEGISLATURE

AND
THE THIRTY-SEVENTH REGULAR SESSION
OF THE STATE LEGISLATURE

1963-1965



PUBLISHED BY THE AUTHORITY OF
THE SECRETARY OF STATE



The CAXTON PRINTERS, Ltd.
Caldwell, Idaho

GENERAL LAWS
OF THE
STATE OF IDAHO



PASSED AT THE THIRTY-SEVENTH SESSION
OF THE STATE LEGISLATURE
1963

Convened January 7, 1963

Adjourned March 19, 1963

Idaho Official Directory and Roster of State Officials and Members
of State Legislature Follows the Index.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY OF THE
SECRETARY OF STATE

ARNOLD WILLIAMS

Secretary
Boise, Idaho

Printed by The Caxton Printers, Ltd.
Caldwell, Idaho

CERTIFICATE OF SECRETARY OF STATE

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, }
 STATE OF IDAHO } ss.

I, ARNOLD WILLIAMS, Secretary of State of the State of Idaho, do hereby certify that the foregoing printed pages contain true, full, and correct and literal copies of all the general laws and resolutions passed by the Legislature of the State of Idaho at the Thirty-seventh Session thereof, which convened January 7, 1963, and adjourned March 19, 1963, as they appear in the enrolled acts and resolutions on file in this office, all of which are published by authority of the Laws of the State of Idaho.



IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF,
 I have hereunto set my hand and
 affixed the Great Seal of the
 State of Idaho. Done at Boise
 City, the capital of Idaho, this
 1st day of April, 1963.

Arnold Williams
 Secretary of State

When errors appear in the enrolled bills received from the Legislature at the office of the Secretary of State this office has no authority to correct them.

to the President and Vice President of the United States, the Speaker of the House of Representatives of the Congress, the Department of the Interior, the U. S. Bureau of Reclamation, and to the Senators and Representatives representing this state in the United States.

Passed by the Senate February 19, 1963.

Passed by the House February 21, 1963.

(S. J. M. No. 9)

A JOINT MEMORIAL

TO THE HONORABLE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE UNITED STATES IN CONGRESS ASSEMBLED:

BE IT RESOLVED, by the Thirty-seventh Session of the Legislature of the State of Idaho, now in session, the Senate and House of Representatives concurring, that we most respectfully urge the Congress of the United States of America to call a convention for the purpose of proposing the following amendment to the Constitution of the United States.

“ARTICLE———

“SECTION 1. A 350 billion dollar limit to be set on the United States Federal Government indebtedness.

“SECTION 2. Upon a declaration of a national emergency, approved by 75% of the House and Senate, this debt limit can be temporarily extended but the amount of debt temporarily extended must be retired within ten years after the cessation of hostilities or declaration of an emergency.

“SECTION 3. All national debt commencing with the year 1970, whatever the sum, as of July 1, 1970 shall be retired at the rate of three (3) billion dollars a year in addition to payments of interest.

“SECTION 4. The national debt limit of 350 billion dollars may be raised beyond said sum, upon being approved by Congress and ratified by two-thirds of the states, exclusive of those amounts defined in Section 2.”

The Secretary of State is hereby directed to send duly authenticated copies of this Memorial to the President and

Clerk of the United States Senate, the Speaker and Clerk of the United States House of Representatives and to each member of Congress from the State of Idaho, and to the presiding officers of the Senate and House of Representatives of the several states.

Passed by the Senate February 21, 1963.

Passed by the House February 25, 1963.

(S. J. M. No. 10)

A JOINT MEMORIAL

TO THE HONORABLE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE UNITED STATES, IN CONGRESS ASSEMBLED:

We, your Memorialists, the members of the Senate and House of Representatives of the Legislature of the State of Idaho, assembled in the Thirty-seventh Session thereof, do respectfully represent that:

WHEREAS, it is known that one of the most pressing problems facing all areas of the United States and in fact all areas of the world today is the securing of the maximum beneficial use of land and water resources for the further progress of our people, of our state, and of our nation, not only to realize the most from our present resources for the immediate problems of today, but also to meet our future needs for the long-range future; and

WHEREAS, the area of southwestern Idaho known as the Mountain Home Snake River plain area contains a large body of land which is both economically and engineeringly feasible for the development of a highly productive and economically desirable potential for the further development of the people of this area and of the nation, and which would add greatly to the overall economy and assist in stabilizing the existing economy of this state and of the nation, and would present many opportunities to stimulate the economic growth of the state and of the nation; and

WHEREAS, adjacent to this fine body of potential irrigated land there are adequate supplies of water in the Snake River which are now running off and unused in

Idaho HCR 7 (1979)

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVESHOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 7

BY

-321

1 A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION
2 FOR THE PURPOSE OF REQUESTING APPROPRIATE ACTION BY THE
3 CONGRESS, EITHER ACTING BY CONSENT OF TWO-THIRDS OF BOTH
4 HOUSES OR, UPON THE APPLICATION OF THE LEGISLATURES OF
5 TWO-THIRDS OF THE SEVERAL STATES, CALLING A
6 CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION TO PROPOSE AN AMENDMENT TO THE
7 FEDERAL CONSTITUTION TO REQUIRE, WITH CERTAIN
8 EXCEPTIONS, THAT THE TOTAL OF ALL FEDERAL APPROPRIATIONS
9 MAY NOT EXCEED THE TOTAL OF ALL ESTIMATED FEDERAL
10 REVENUES IN ANY FISCAL YEAR.

11 Be It Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

12 WHEREAS, with each passing year this Nation becomes more
13 deeply in debt as its expenditures grossly and repeatedly
14 exceed available revenues, so that the public debt now
15 exceeds hundreds of billions of dollars; and

16 WHEREAS, the annual federal budget continually
17 demonstrates an unwillingness or inability of both the
18 legislative and executive branches of the federal government
19 to curtail spending to conform to available revenues; and

20 WHEREAS, unified budgets do not reflect actual spending
21 because of the exclusion of special outlays which are not
22 included in the budget nor subject to the legal public debt
23 limit; and

24 WHEREAS, knowledgeable planning, fiscal prudence, and
25 plain good sense require that the budget reflect all federal
26 spending and be in balance; and

27 WHEREAS, believing that fiscal irresponsibility at the
28 federal level, with the inflation which results from this
29 policy, is the greatest threat which faces our Nation, we
30 firmly believe that constitutional restraint is necessary to
31 bring the fiscal discipline needed to restore financial
32 responsibility; and

33 WHEREAS, under Article V of the Constitution of the
34 United States, amendments to the Federal Constitution may be
35 proposed by the Congress whenever two-thirds of both Houses
36 deem it necessary, or on the application of the Legislatures
37 of two-thirds of the several states the Congress shall call
38 a Constitutional Convention for the purpose of proposing
39 amendments. We believe such action vital.

40 NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the members of the
41 First Regular Session of the Forty-fifth Idaho Legislature,
42 the House of Representatives and the Senate concurring, that
43 the Legislature proposes to the Congress of the United

1 States that procedures be instituted in the Congress to add
2 a new Article to the Constitution of the United States, and
3 that the legislature requests the Congress to prepare and
4 submit to the several states an amendment to the
5 constitution of the United States, requiring in the absence
6 of a national emergency that the total of all federal
7 appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may
8 not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenues for
9 that fiscal year; and

10 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that, alternatively, the
11 Legislature makes application and requests that the Congress
12 of the United States call a Constitutional Convention for
13 the specific and exclusive purpose of proposing an amendment
14 to the Federal Constitution requiring in the absence of a
15 national emergency that the total of all federal
16 appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may
17 not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenues for
18 that fiscal year; and

19 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that this application by this
20 Legislature constitutes a continuing application in
21 accordance with Article V of the Constitution of the United
22 States until at least two-thirds of the Legislatures of the
23 several states have made similar applications pursuant to
24 Article V, but if Congress proposes an amendment to the
25 Constitution identical in subject matter to that contained
26 in this resolution then this petition for a Constitutional
27 Convention shall no longer be of any force or effect; and

28 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that this application and
29 request be deemed null and void, rescinded, and of no effect
30 in the event that such convention not be limited to such
31 specific and exclusive purpose; and

32 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that this Legislature also
33 proposes that the Legislatures of each of the several states
34 comprising the United States apply to the Congress
35 requesting the enactment of an appropriate amendment to the
36 Federal Constitution; or require the Congress to call a
37 Constitutional Convention for proposing such an amendment to
38 the Federal Constitution; and

39 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Clerk of the House of
40 Representatives be and he is hereby directed to forward
41 copies of this resolution to the Secretary of State and
42 presiding officers of both Houses of the Legislatures of
43 each of the other States in the Union, the Speaker of the
44 United States House of Representatives, the President of the
45 United States Senate, and the members of the Congress of the
46 United States representing the State of Idaho.

Illinois Resolution (1861)

PUBLIC LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF ILLINOIS,

PASSED BY THE

TWENTY-SECOND GENERAL ASSEMBLY,

CONVENED JANUARY 7, 1861.

SPRINGFIELD:
BAILHACHE & BAKER, PRINTERS.

1861.

since the last meeting of the General Assembly, William H. Bissell, late Governor of Illinois, we, for ourselves and for the people of our State, express our profound regret at the loss which our State and the country has suffered by his untimely death; and we and the people will ever hold in grateful remembrance the memory of one who, by his gallant deeds on the field of battle and his distinguished services, both in the National councils, and as the chief executive officer of our State, has so much honored the State, and has set an example worthy of all imitation,

Resolved, That we deeply sympathize with the bereaved family of the deceased; and that a copy of these resolutions be transmitted to the widow and children of the late Governor Bissell, and that the members and officers of the General Assembly will wear crape upon the left arm for the term of thirty days.

JOINT RESOLUTION in reference to tolls on the Illinois and Michigan Canal.

WHEREAS, it has been represented to the General Assembly of the State of Illinois that the tolls now charged by the trustees of the Illinois and Michigan canal on lumber, timber, lath and shingles being transported on said canal, are excessive, and detrimental to the true interests of the State; therefore,

Be it resolved by the Senate of the State of Illinois, the House of Representatives concurring herein, That the State trustee be and he is hereby directed to present to the trustees of the Illinois and Michigan canal, a proposition for a proper reduction of the tolls now charged on lumber, timber, lath or shingles transported on said canal, and that he urge on said trustees the necessity for such reduction, and to provide for a schedule of charges on all freights, consistent with the charges on lumber recommended.

JOINT RESOLUTIONS on Federal Relations.

WHEREAS, although the people of the State of Illinois do not desire any change in our Federal constitution, yet as several of our sister States have indicated that they deem it necessary that some amendment should be made thereto; and whereas, in and by the fifth article of the constitution of the United States, provision is made for proposing

in amendments to that instrument, either by congress or by a convention; and whereas a desire has been expressed, in various parts of the United States, for a convention to propose amendments to the constitution; therefore,

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois, That if application shall be made to Congress, by any of the States deeming themselves aggrieved, to call a convention, in accordance with the constitutional provision aforesaid, to propose amendments to the constitution of the United States, that the Legislature of the State of Illinois will and does hereby concur in making such application.

Resolved, That, until the people of these United States shall otherwise direct, the present Federal Union must be preserved as it is, and the present constitution and laws must be administered as they are; and, to this end, in conformity with that constitution and the laws, the whole resources of the State of Illinois are hereby pledged to the Federal authorities.

Resolved, That copies of the above preamble and resolutions be sent to each of our Representatives and Senators in Congress and to the executives of the several States.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,)
 Springfield, March 14, 1861. {

I, O. M. Hatch, Secretary of State of the State of Illinois, do hereby certify that the foregoing, except the words printed in brackets thus, [] (which are inserted for the purpose of correction and explanation,) are true and perfect copies of the enrolled laws and joint resolutions on file in my office.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand, the day and year aforesaid

O. M. HATCH, *Secretary of State.*

Indiana Resolution (1861)

STATE OF INDIANA.

Executive Department,

Indianapolis, *March, 15th 1861.*

Sir:

In obedience to the request of the General Assembly, I transmit herewith a copy of the Joint Resolutions of that body, adopted on the 14th inst., requesting Congress to call a Convention to amend the Constitution of the United States.

I have the honor to be,

Your Excellency's Ob't Servant,

OLIVER P. MORTON, Governor.

His Excellency,

Gov. J. J. Peters,

Governor of the State of *Mississippi,*

A JOINT RESOLUTION,

REQUESTING CONGRESS TO CALL A CONVENTION TO AMEND THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES.

Be it Resolved, By the General Assembly of the State of Indiana, that while we regard the Constitution of the United States, if properly interpreted and duly enforced, as amply sufficient to secure the just rights of the people of all the States of the Union, still as dissatisfaction and misunderstandings have arisen respecting the proper interpretation of that instrument, the Congress of the United States is hereby requested to call a Convention of the several States, in accordance with the 5th Article of the Constitution thereof, to take into consideration the propriety of amending the same, so that its meaning may be definitely understood in all sections of the Union.

Indiana HJR 4 (1907)

LAWS
OF THE
STATE OF INDIANA

PASSED AT THE SIXTY-FIFTH REGULAR SESSION
OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Begun on the Tenth Day of January, A. D. 1907

1907

BY AUTHORITY

FRED A. SIMS, Secretary of State

INDIANAPOLIS
Wm. B. Burford, Contractor for State Printing and Binding
1907

Expense—How Paid.

SEC. 2. All expenses necessary for the said improvements in the ventilating system, shall first be approved by the lieutenant governor and the speaker, and by them paid upon vouchers against the general fund appropriated for the expenses of the 65th general assembly.

CHAPTER 299.

JOINT RESOLUTION of the sixty-fifth general assembly of the state of Indiana, making application to the congress of the United States to call a convention for proposing amendments to the constitution of the United States.

[H. 4, Joint Resolution. Approved March 11, 1907.]

Preamble.

WHEREAS, We believe that senators of the United States should be elected directly by the voters; and

WHEREAS, To authorize such direct election an amendment to the constitution of the United States is necessary; and

WHEREAS, The failure of congress to submit such amendment to the states has made it clear that the only practicable method of securing a submission of such amendment to the states is through a constitutional convention, to be called by congress upon the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of all the states; therefore,

U. S. Constitutional Convention.

SECTION 1. *Be it resolved by the general assembly of the State of Indiana,* That the legislature of the State of Indiana hereby makes application to the congress of the United States, under article V of the constitution of the United States, to call a constitutional convention for proposing amendments to the constitution of the United States.

Copy to Congress.

SEC. 2. That this resolution, duly authenticated, shall be delivered forthwith to the president of the senate and speaker of the house of representatives of the United States, with the request that the same shall be laid before the said senate and house.

CERTIFICATE.

STATE OF INDIANA, }
OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF STATE, } ss:

I, FRED A. SIMS, Secretary of State of the State of Indiana, do hereby certify that I have compared the foregoing printed Acts with the enrolled bills from which they were taken, now on file in my office, and have found them correctly printed. Words included in brackets [thus], nor the word [sic], used to note a literal quotation, do not appear in the Enrolled Acts, but were by me inserted in the printed copies thereof to aid in interpreting the meaning.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of the State of Indiana, at the
[SEAL] city of Indianapolis, this 18th day of March, A. D. 1907.

FRED A. SIMS,
Secretary of State.

Indiana HCR 9 (1957)

LAWS
OF THE
STATE OF INDIANA

Passed at the Ninetieth Regular Session of the
General Assembly

BEGUN ON THE TENTH DAY OF JANUARY,
A. D. 1957

1957

By Authority
FRANK A. LENNING
SECRETARY OF STATE

THE BOOKWALTER COMPANY
INDIANAPOLIS
1957



CERTIFICATE

OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF STATE)
STATE OF INDIANA) SS:
)

I, FRANK A. LENNING, Secretary of State of the State of Indiana, do hereby certify that I have compared the foregoing printed acts and resolutions of the Regular Session of the Ninetieth General Assembly with the enrolled acts and resolutions from which they are taken, now on file in my office, and have found them correctly printed. Brackets [] and words in brackets [thus] were inserted by me to show apparent repetitions and omissions in the enrolled Acts or for specific reason indicated in the footnotes.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of the State of Indiana, at the City of Indianapolis, this 15th day of April, 1957.

FRANK A. LENNING,
Secretary of State.

Seal

form of the article hereinabove specifically set forth, at any time prior to sixty days after the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states shall have made application for such convention, shall render such convention unnecessary and the same shall not be held; otherwise such convention shall be called and held in conformity with such applications.

SEC. 7. The State of Indiana requests that as this application under Article V of the Constitution of the United States is the exercise of a fundamental power of the sovereign states under the Constitution of the United States, a receipt of this application by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States be officially noted and duly entered upon their respective records, and that the full context of this resolution be published in the official publication of both the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Congress.

SEC. 8. Certified copies of this resolution shall be transmitted forthwith to the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States, to each senator and representative in the Congress from this state, and to the Secretary of State of the United States, and to each house of the legislature and to the secretary of state of each of the several states, attesting the adoption of this resolution by the legislature of this state.

CHAPTER 372.

[H. C. R. 9. Approved March 12, 1957.]

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION making application to the Congress of the United States pursuant to Article V of the Constitution of the United States for a convention proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States.

Be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of the State of Indiana, the Senate concurring:

SECTION 1. The General Assembly of the State of Indiana, pursuant to Article V of the Constitution of the United States, hereby makes application to the Congress of the United States to call a convention for proposing the following Article as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States:

ARTICLE ———

“Section 1. On or before the fifteenth day after the beginning of each regular session of the Congress, the President shall transmit to the Congress a budget which shall set forth his estimates of the receipts of the Government, other than trust funds, during the ensuing fiscal year under the laws then existing and his recommendations with respect to expenditures to be made from funds other than trust funds during such ensuing fiscal year, which shall not exceed such estimate of receipts. If the Congress shall authorize expenditures to be made during such ensuing fiscal year in excess of such estimated receipts, it shall not adjourn for more than three days at a time until action has been taken necessary to balance the budget for such ensuing fiscal year. In case of war or other grave national emergency, if the President shall so recommend, the Congress by a vote of three-fourths of all the members of each house may suspend the foregoing provisions for balancing the budget for periods, either successive or otherwise, not exceeding one year each.

“Section 2. This article shall take effect on the first day of the calendar year next following the ratification of this article.”

SEC. 2. The State of Indiana requests that such amendment shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the Constitution of the United States when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states.

SEC. 3. For the reason that the power of the sovereign states to propose amendments to the Constitution of the United States by convention under Article V has never been exercised and no precedent exists for the calling or holding of such convention, the State of Indiana hereby declares the following basic principles with respect thereto: That the power of the sovereign states to amend the Constitution of the United States under Article V is absolute; that the power of the sovereign states to propose amendments to the Constitution by convention under Article V is absolute; that the power of the sovereign states extends over such convention and the scope and control thereof and that it is within their sovereign power to prescribe whether such convention shall be general or shall be limited to the

proposal of a specified amendment or of amendments in a specified field; that the exercise by the sovereign states of their power to require the calling of such convention contemplates that the applications of the several states for such convention shall prescribe the scope thereof and the essential provisions for holding the same; that the scope of such convention and the provisions for holding the same are established in and by the applications therefor by the legislatures of the two-thirds majority of the several states required by Article V to call the same, and that it is the duty of the Congress to call such convention in conformity therewith; that such convention is without power to transcend, and the delegates to such convention are without power to act except within, the limitations and provisions so prescribed.

SEC. 4. The State of Indiana requests that such convention shall be called and held in conformity with the following limitations and provisions, and that the Congress, in the call for such convention, hereby is requested to and shall prescribe:

(1) That such convention shall be held in the city of Philadelphia, in the State of Pennsylvania, on the first Monday of the first December following transmission to the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States of applications for such convention by the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states and, in honor of the nation's founders and for invocation, shall convene at Constitution Hall, at Independence Square, at the hour of 10:00 o'clock in the morning of such day, and thereupon adjourn to more commodious quarters within said city for session as the convention shall determine;

(2) That the several states shall have equal suffrage at such convention; that each of the several states shall be entitled to three delegates thereat and that each of such delegates shall be entitled to one vote; that the delegates to such convention from the several states shall be the highest officer of the senate and the highest officer of the house of representatives of their respective legislatures at the time of such convention, except that in states where the lieutenant governor is president of the senate, the president of the senate pro tem or other highest officer from the membership of the senate shall be such delegate from the senate

and in states having a unicameral legislature the two highest officers of its legislature shall be such delegates, which two delegates in each of the several states shall jointly designate a citizen of such state at large who shall be the third delegate from such state to such convention; that in case of a vacancy in the office of any delegate during such convention, not otherwise filled pursuant to law or by legislative act or as herein provided, such vacancy shall be filled by the governor of such state from the senate or house of its legislature or the state at large, respectively, as the case may be; that during such vacancy and during the absence of a delegate from the floor of the convention the delegates present from such state shall be empowered to exercise the vote of the absent delegate or delegates from such state; that the legislature of any state may choose its delegates to such convention, other than hereinabove designated, in which case the delegates so chosen shall be certified to the convention by the secretary of state of such state and shall constitute the delegates of such state at such convention in lieu of the delegates otherwise hereinabove designated;

(3) That such convention shall be limited and restricted specifically to the consideration and proposal of this amendment or such other amendments as may be proposed by the several states of these United States; the choosing of officers and adoption of rules of procedure for the conduct of such convention and the maintenance of order thereat, the determination of any issue respecting the seating of delegates, adjournment from day to day and to a day certain and from place to place within said city as may be convenient, and adjournment sine die; and such convention shall not be held for any other purpose nor have any other power, and the delegates thereto shall have no power other than within the limitations herein prescribed;

(4) That a permanent record shall be made of the proceedings of such convention, which shall be certified by the secretary of the convention, the original of which shall be placed in the Library of Congress and printed copies of which shall be transmitted to the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Congress, to the Secretary of State

of the United States, and to each house of the legislature and to the secretary of state of each of the several states;

(5) That the powers of such convention shall be exercisable by the states, represented at such convention by duly constituted delegates thereat, by majority vote of the states present and voting on such proposal, and not otherwise.

SEC. 5. The State of Indiana requests that this application shall constitute a continuing application for such convention under Article V of the Constitution of the United States until the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states shall have made like applications and such convention shall have been called and held in conformity therewith, unless the Congress itself propose such amendment within the time and the manner herein provided.

SEC. 6. The State of Indiana requests that proposal of such amendment by the Congress and its submission for ratification to the legislatures of the several states in the form of the article hereinabove specifically set forth, at any time prior to sixty days after the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states shall have made application for such convention, shall render such convention unnecessary and the same shall not be held; otherwise such convention shall be called and held in conformity with such applications.

SEC. 7. The State of Indiana requests that as this application under Article V of the Constitution of the United States is the exercise of a fundamental power of the sovereign states under the Constitution of the United States, a receipt of this application by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States be officially noted and duly entered upon their respective records, and that the full context of this resolution be published in the official publication of both the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Congress.

SEC. 8. Certified copies of this resolution shall be transmitted forthwith to the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States, to each senator and representative in the Congress from this state, and to the Secretary of State of the United States, and to each house of the legislature and to the secretary

of state of each of the several states, attesting the adoption of this resolution by the legislature of this state.

CHAPTER 373.

[H. C. R. 10. Approved March 11, 1957.]

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION proclaiming a day to be known as "Senior Citizens Day."

WHEREAS, the senior citizens of the State of Indiana have contributed so much to the welfare of all the citizens of our great state; and

WHEREAS, in consideration of their sacrifices and labors for our well-being and for the great heritage they have left us: Therefore

Be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of the State of Indiana, the Senate concurring:

SECTION 1. That the Governor of Indiana is hereby authorized and requested to proclaim the fourth Sunday of each September as Senior Citizens Day in the State of Indiana.

SEC. 2. The Principal Clerk of the House of Representatives is directed to send a copy of this resolution to the President of the United States; to the Speaker of the National House of Representatives and to the President of the Senate of the United States, and to all members of Congress from the State of Indiana.

CHAPTER 374.

[H. C. R. 11. Approved March 8, 1957.]

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION providing for the sesquicentennial celebration of the founding of the State of Indiana.

WHEREAS, in the year 1966, the State of Indiana will celebrate the 150th anniversary of its founding; and

WHEREAS, To properly celebrate this occasion requires considerable planning in order to develop a program that will be of an educational and historical benefit to the citizens of this state: Therefore

Be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of the State of Indiana, the Senate concurring:

SECTION 1. There is hereby created a commission to be known as the "Indiana Sesquicentennial Commission," to be composed of nineteen members as follows:

- (a) The Governor of the State of Indiana;

Indiana SJR 8 (1979)



STATE OF INDIANA
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE
SECRETARY OF STATE

I, EDWIN J. SIMCOX, Secretary of State, of the State of Indiana, hereby certify that the following and hereto attached is a full, true and complete copy of

SENATE ENROLLED
JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 8

Approved: April 4, 1979
4:30 p.m.

Filed: April 4, 1979
4:33 p.m.

as the same appears on file, as the law directs, in this office.



In Witness Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of the State of Indiana, at the City of Indianapolis, this Fifth day of April, 1979.

Edwin J. Simcox
Secretary of State.
By *Gail Reed*
Deputy

PRINTING CODE—The parts in this style type are additions to the text of the existing section of the law. The parts in this style type are deletions from the text of the existing section of the law. The absence of either of the above type styles in an amendatory SECTION indicates that an entirely new section or chapter is to be added to the existing law.

SENATE ENROLLED JOINT RESOLUTION No. 8

A JOINT RESOLUTION requesting the Congress to call a convention for the purpose of proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States to the effect that, in the absence of a national emergency, the total of all Federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all estimated Federal revenues for that fiscal year.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. The General Assembly of the State of Indiana makes application to the Congress of the United States for a convention to be called under Article V of the Constitution of the United States for the specific and exclusive purpose of proposing an amendment to the Constitution to the effect that, in the absence of a national emergency, the total of all Federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all estimated Federal revenues for that fiscal year.

SECTION 2. The Secretary of the Senate is instructed to transmit a certified copy of this joint resolution to the President of the Senate of the Congress of the United States, the Speaker of the House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States, the presiding officer of each chamber of each state legislature in the United States, and each member of the Indiana congressional delegation.

Ronald D. Orr

President of Senate

Harold Burson

Speaker of House of Representatives

Approved: April 4 1979 4:30 PM

Lee R. Brown

Governor of the State of Indiana

Iowa SJR 1 (1979)

No 35172

STATE OF IOWA



OFFICE OF
THE SECRETARY OF STATE

To All To Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greeting:

I, MELVIN D. SYNHORST, Secretary of State
of the State of Iowa,

CUSTODIAN of the Acts of the General Assembly,
of Iowa

DO HEREBY CERTIFY THAT the attached is a true
and correct copy of SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION
NUMBER 1 adopted by the Sixty-eighth General
Assembly of Iowa.

As the same appear of record in this office.

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto
set my hand and affixed the official seal
of the Secretary of State at the Capitol, in
Des Moines, this 6th day of June
A.D. nineteen hundred and seventy-nine



Melvin D. Synhorst

Secretary of State

Deputy

WHEREAS, unified budgets do not reflect actual spending because of the exclusion of special outlays which are not included in the budget nor subject to the legal public debt limit; and

WHEREAS, knowledgeable planning, fiscal prudence, and plain good sense require that the budget reflect all federal spending and be in balance; and

WHEREAS, believing that fiscal irresponsibility at the federal level, with the inflation which results from this policy, is one of the greatest threats which faces our nation, we firmly believe that constitutional restraint is necessary to bring the fiscal discipline needed to restore financial responsibility; and

WHEREAS, under Article five (V) of the Constitution of the United States, amendments to the federal Constitution may be proposed by the congress whenever two-thirds of both houses deem it necessary, or on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states the congress shall call a constitutional convention for the purpose of proposing amendments which shall be valid to all intents and purposes when ratified by three-fourths of the several states, and we believe such action is vital; NOW THEREFORE,

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

Section 1. The Iowa general assembly proposes to the congress of the United States that procedures be instituted in the congress to propose and submit to the several states before July 1, 1980, an amendment to the Constitution of the United States requiring that the federal budget be balanced in the absence of a national emergency.

Sec. 2. Alternatively, effective July 1, 1980, if the Congress of the United States has not proposed and submitted to the several states an amendment as provided in section one (1) of this resolution, the Iowa general assembly re-

S.J.R. 1

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION 1

A JOINT RESOLUTION

FOR THE PURPOSE OF REQUESTING APPROPRIATE ACTION BY THE CONGRESS, EITHER ACTING BY CONSENT OF TWO-THIRDS OF BOTH HOUSES OR, ON THE APPLICATION OF THE LEGISLATURES OF TWO-THIRDS OF THE SEVERAL STATES, CALLING A CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION TO PROPOSE AN AMENDMENT TO THE FEDERAL CONSTITUTION TO REQUIRE, WITH CERTAIN EXCEPTIONS, THAT THE FEDERAL BUDGET BE BALANCED.

WHEREAS, with each passing year this nation becomes more deeply in debt as its expenditures grossly and repeatedly exceed available revenues, so that the public debt now exceeds hundreds of billions of dollars; and

WHEREAS, the annual federal budget continually demonstrates an unwillingness or inability of both the legislative and executive branches of the federal government to curtail spending to conform to available revenues; and

spectfully makes application to and petitions the congress of the United States to call a convention for the specific and exclusive purpose of proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States to require a balanced federal budget and to make certain exceptions with respect thereto.

Sec. 3. Effective July 1, 1980, this application by the Iowa general assembly constitutes a continuing application in accordance with Article five (V) of the Constitution of the United States until the legislatures of at least two-thirds of the several states have made similar applications pursuant to Article five (V), but if the congress proposes an amendment to the Constitution identical in subject matter to that contained in this resolution, or if before July 1, 1980, the general assembly repeals this application to call a constitutional convention, then this application and petition for a constitutional convention shall no longer be of any force or effect.

Sec. 4. This application and petition shall be deemed null and void, rescinded, and of no effect in the event that such convention not be limited to such specific and exclusive purpose.

Sec. 5. The Iowa general assembly also proposes that the legislatures of each of the several states comprising the United States apply to the congress requesting the enactment of an appropriate amendment to the federal Constitution, or requiring the congress to call a constitutional convention for proposing such an amendment to the federal Constitution if the Congress of the United States has not proposed and submitted to the several states an amendment as provided in section one (1) of this resolution before July 1, 1980.

Sec. 6. The secretary of state of Iowa is directed to send copies of this resolution to the secretary of state and presiding officers of both houses of the legislatures of each of the several states in the union, the speaker and the clerk of the United States house of representatives, the president

and the secretary of the United States senate, and each member of the Iowa congressional delegation.

TERRY E. BRANSTAD
President of the Senate

FLOYD H. MILLEN
Speaker of the House

I hereby certify that this bill originated in the Senate and is known as Senate Joint Resolution 1, Sixty-eighth General Assembly.

FRANK J. STORK
Secretary of the Senate

Kansas SCR 1661 (1978)

STATE OF KANSAS

Jud.

406

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION No. 1661

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION requesting and applying to the Congress of the United States to propose, or to call a convention for the purpose of proposing, an amendment to the Constitution of the United States which would require that, in the absence of a statutorily defined national emergency, total federal appropriations shall not exceed total estimated federal revenues in a fiscal year.

WHEREAS, Annually the United States moves more deeply in debt as its expenditures exceed its available revenues and the public debt now exceeds hundreds of billions of dollars; and

WHEREAS, Annually the federal budget demonstrates the unwillingness or inability of the federal government to spend in conformity with available revenues; and

WHEREAS, Proper planning, fiscal prudence and plain good sense require that the federal budget be in balance absent national emergency; and

WHEREAS, A continuously unbalanced federal budget except in a national emergency causes continuous and damaging inflation and consequently a severe threat to the political and economic stability of the United States; and

WHEREAS, Under Article V of the Constitution of the United States, amendments to the Constitution may be proposed by the Congress whenever two-thirds of both Houses deem it necessary or, on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the states, the Congress shall call a constitutional convention for the purpose of proposing amendments: Now, therefore,

Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Kansas, two-thirds of the members elected to the Senate and two-thirds of the members elected to the House of Representatives concurring therein: That the Congress of the United States is hereby requested to propose and submit to the states an amendment to the Constitution of the United States which would require that within five years after its ratification by the various states, in the absence of a national emergency, the total of all appropriations made by the Congress for a fiscal year shall not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenues for such fiscal year; and

Be it further resolved: That, alternatively, the Legislature of the State of Kansas hereby makes application to the Congress of the United States to call a convention for the sole and exclusive purpose of proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States which would require that, in the absence of a national emergency, the total of all appropriations made by the Congress for a fiscal year shall not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenues for such fiscal year. If the Congress shall propose such an amendment to the Constitution, this application shall no longer be of any force or effect; and

Be it further resolved: That the legislature of each of the other states in the Union is hereby urged to request and apply to the Congress to propose, or to call a convention for the sole and exclusive purpose of proposing, such an amendment to the Constitution; and

Be it further resolved: That the Secretary of State be directed to transmit copies of this resolution to the Clerk of the United States House of Representatives, the Secretary of the United States

RECEIVED

JUN 16 PM 4:55

U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

STATE OF KANSAS

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION No. 1661—page 2

Senate, each member of the Kansas delegation in the United States Congress and the secretary of state and presiding officers of each house of the legislature of each state.

I hereby certify that the above CONCURRENT RESOLUTION originated in the SENATE, and was adopted by that body

March 7, 1978

Rosa O. Doyle
President of the Senate.

Lu Kenney
Secretary of the Senate.

Adopted by the HOUSE April 26, 1978

John Carlin
Speaker of the House.

Genevieve Seaward
Chief Clerk of the House.

Kentucky R.1 (1861)

ACTS

OF THE

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

OF THE

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY,

PASSED

AT THE CALLED SESSION WHICH WAS BEGUN AND HELD IN THE
CITY OF FRANKFORT, ON THURSDAY, THE 17TH DAY
OF JANUARY, 1861, AND ENDED ON FRIDAY,
THE FIFTH DAY OF APRIL, 1861.

~~PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.~~

FRANKFORT, KY.:
PRINTED AT THE YEOMAN OFFICE
JNO. B. MAJOR, STATE PRINTER.
1861.

RESOLUTIONS.

No. 1.

RESOLUTIONS recommending call for a Convention of the United States.

WHEREAS, The people of some of the States feel themselves deeply aggrieved by the policy and measures which have been adopted by the people of some of the other States; and whereas, an amendment of the Constitution of the United States is deemed indispensably necessary to secure them against similar grievances in the future; therefore,

1861.

Resolved by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:

That application to Congress to call a convention for proposing amendments to the Constitution of the United States, pursuant to the fifth article thereof, be, and the same is hereby, now made by this General Assembly of Kentucky; and we hereby invite our sister States to unite with us, without delay, in similar application to Congress.

Resolved, That the Governor of this State forthwith communicate the foregoing resolution to the President of the United States, with the request that he immediately place the same before Congress, and the Executives of the several States, with the request that they lay them before their respective Legislatures.

Resolved, If the convention be called in accordance with the provisions of the foregoing resolutions, the Legislature of the Commonwealth of Kentucky suggest for the consideration of that convention, as a basis for settling existing difficulties, the adoption, by way of amendments to the Constitution, the resolutions offered in the Senate of the United States by the Hon. John J. Crittenden.

Approved January 25, 1861.

No. 2.

RESOLUTIONS appointing Commissioners to attend conference at Washington city, February 4th, in accordance with the invitation of the Virginia Legislature.

WHEREAS, The General Assembly of Virginia, with a view to make an effort to preserve this Union and the Constitution in the spirit in which they were established by the

Louisiana SCR 109 (1975)

Regular Session, 1975

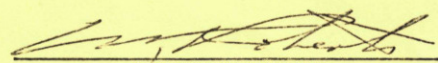
SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 109

BY MR. W. D. BROWN

ORIGINATED

IN THE

SENATE


SECRETARY OF THE SENATE

Regular Session, 1975

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 109

BY MR. W. D. BROWN

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

To apply to the Congress of the United States for a convention to propose an amendment to the Constitution of the United States.

WHEREAS, an ever-increasing public debt is inimical to the general welfare of the people of the United States; and

WHEREAS, the national debt is already dangerously high and any further increases will be harmful and costly to the people of the United States; and

WHEREAS, a continuous program of deficit financing by the federal government is one of the greatest factors supporting the inflationary conditions presently existing in this country and therefore has been the chief factor in reducing the value of the American currency; and

WHEREAS, payment of the increased interest required by the ever-increasing debt would impose an undue hardship on those with fixed incomes and those in lower income brackets; and

WHEREAS, it is not in the best interest of either this or future generations to continue such a practice of deficit spending particularly since this would possibly deplete our supply of national resources for future generations; and

WHEREAS, by constantly increasing deficit financing the federal government has been allowed to allocate considerable funds to wasteful and in many instances nonbeneficial public programs; and

WHEREAS, by limiting the federal government to spend only the revenues that are estimated will be collected in a given fiscal year,

except for certain specified emergencies, this could possibly result in greater selectivity of federal government programs for the benefit of the public and which would depend upon the willingness of the public to pay additional taxes to finance such programs; and

WHEREAS, there is provision in Article V of the Constitution of the United States for amending the Constitution by the Congress, on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states, calling a convention for proposing amendments which shall be valid to all intents and purposes when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states, or by conventions in three-fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by the Congress.

THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Senate of the Legislature of Louisiana, the House of Representatives thereof concurring, that we do hereby make application, pursuant to Article V of the Constitution of the United States, to the Congress of the United States to call a convention of the several states for the proposing of the following amendment to the Constitution of the United States:

"AMENDMENT _____

SECTION 1. Except as provided in Section 3, the Congress shall make no appropriation for any fiscal year if the resulting total of appropriations for such fiscal year would exceed the total revenues of the United States for such fiscal year.

SECTION 2. There shall be no increase in the national debt and such debt, as it exists on the date on which this article is ratified, shall be repaid during the one-hundred-year period beginning with the first fiscal year which begins after the date on which this article is ratified. The rate of repayment shall be such that one-tenth of such debt shall be repaid during each ten-year interval of such one-hundred-year period.

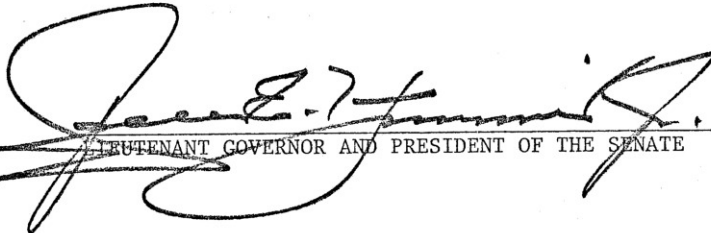
SECTION 3. In time of war or national emergency, as declared by the Congress, the application of Section 1 or Section 2 of this article, or both such sections, may be suspended by a concurrent resolution which has passed the Senate and the House of Representatives by an affirmative vote of three-fourths of the authorized membership of each such house.

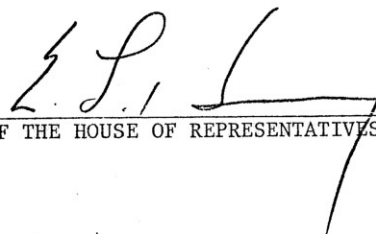
Such suspension shall not be effective past the two-year term of the Congress which passes such resolution, and if war or an emergency continues to exist such suspension must be reenacted in the same manner as provided herein.

SECTION 4. This article shall apply only with respect to fiscal years which begin more than six months after the date on which this article is ratified."

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that this application by the Legislature of the state of Louisiana constitutes a continuing application in accordance with Article V of the Constitution of the United States until at least two-thirds of the legislatures of the several states have made similar applications pursuant to Article V, but if Congress proposes an amendment to the Constitution identical with that contained in this Resolution before January 1, 1976, this application for a convention of the several states shall no longer be of any force or effect.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that a duly attested copy of this Resolution be immediately transmitted to the Secretary of the Senate of the United States, the Clerk of the House of Representatives of the United States; to each member of the Congress from this state; and to each house of each state legislature in the United States.


LEUTENANT GOVERNOR AND PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE


SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Louisiana SCR 269 (1975)

Regular Session, 1975

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 269

BY MESSRS. R. GUIDRY, JENKINS, ABADIE, ACCARDO, ALARIO, ANZALONE, BAKER, BARES, BIGBY, BLOUNT, BORRELLO, BRADY, BRINKHAUS, CASEY, COOPER, DEEN, D'GEROLAMO, DISCHLER, DOUCET, DREW, DUNN, DYER, ENSMINGER, FOWLER, FOX, GAUDIN, GIBBS, GILBERT, GREGSON, GRISBAUM, GUNTER, HAINKEL, HEBERT, HOLSTEAD, HUMPHRIES, M. J. LABORDE, LANCASTER, LEBLEU, MARTIN, MCLEOD, MILLER, MILLS, O'NEAL, PATI, RICE, ROBILLARD, ROWLEY, SCHMITT, SCOGIN, SHANNON, SHERIDAN, SIMONEAUX, SOUR, STEPHENSON, STRAIN, TAPPER, M. THOMPSON, R. S. THOMPSON, TOCA, ULLO, VIDRINE, VILLAR, WILSON AND WOMACK AND SENATOR W. D. BROWN

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

To make application to the Congress of the United States to call a convention for the sole and exclusive purpose of proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States to require a balanced federal budget and to make certain exceptions with respect thereto.

=====**ORIGINATED**=====

=====**IN THE**=====

*Rec'd by the Governor
July 14, 1975 at 5:40 PM
Doris C. Davenport*

House of Representatives

Received by Secretary of State

this 15th day of July, 1975

Wade Martin
Secretary of State

David R. Peyton
Clerk of the House of Representatives

Regular Session, 1975

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 269

BY MESSRS. R. GUIDRY, JENKINS, ABADIE, ACCARDO, ALARIO, ANZALONE, BAKER, BARES, BIGBY, BLOUNT, BORRELLO, BRADY, BRINKHAUS, CASEY, COOPER, DEEN, D'GEROLAMO, DISCHLER, DOUCET, DREW, DUNN, DYER, ENSMINGER, FOWLER, FOX, GAUDIN, GIBBS, GILBERT, GREGSON, GRISBAUM, GUNTER, HAINKEL, HEBERT, HOLSTEAD, HUMPHRIES, M. J. LABORDE, LANCASTER, LEBLEU, MARTIN, MCLEOD, MILLER, MILLS, O'NEAL, PATTI, RICE, ROBILLARD, ROWLEY, SCHMITT, SCOGIN, SHANNON, SHERIDAN, SIMONEAUX, SOUR, STEPHENSON, STRAIN, TAPPER, M. THOMPSON, R. S. THOMPSON, TOCA, ULLO, VIDRINE, VILLAR, WILSON AND WOMACK AND SENATOR W. D. BROWN

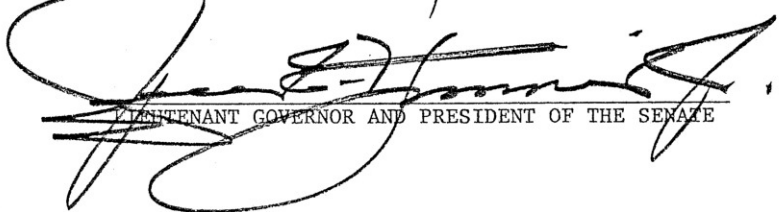
A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

To make application to the Congress of the United States to call a convention for the sole and exclusive purpose of proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States to require a balanced federal budget and to make certain exceptions with respect thereto.

BE IT RESOLVED by the House of Representatives of the Legislature of Louisiana, the Senate thereof concurring, that the Legislature of Louisiana does hereby make application to the Congress of the United States pursuant to Article V of the Constitution of the United States to call a convention for the sole and exclusive purpose of proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States to require a balanced federal budget and to make certain exceptions with respect thereto.

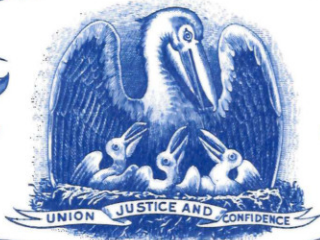
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that a copy of this application be transmitted to the presiding officers of the Senate and the House of Representatives of Congress, the members of the Congressional delegation from the state of Louisiana, and to the presiding officers of each house of the various state legislatures.


SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES


LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR AND PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE

Louisiana SCR 73 (1978)

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
State of Louisiana



Paul J. Hardy
SECRETARY OF STATE

As Secretary of State, of the State of Louisiana, I do hereby Certify that
the annexed and following pages contain a true and correct copy of
Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 73 of the 1978 Regular Session of
teh Louisiana Legislature as shown by comparison with the original
on file in the archives of this office.

*In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set
my hand and caused the Seal of my Office
to be affixed at the City of Baton Rouge on,
December 28, 1978.*

Paul J. Hardy
Secretary of State



Regular Session, 1978

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 73

BY MESSRS. DOUCET AND HICKEY

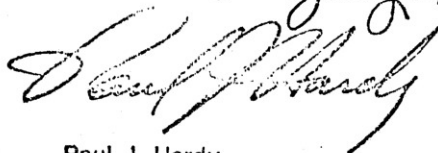
ORIGINATED

IN THE

SENATE


SECRETARY OF THE SENATE

Received by Secretary of State
this 6th day of July, 19 78



Paul J. Hardy
Secretary of State

Regular Session, 1978

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 73

BY MESSRS. DOUCET AND HICKEY

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

To memorialize and apply to the Congress of the United States, petitioning that a convention be called pursuant to Article V of the United States Constitution, to consider amending the same to prohibit the incurrence of national debt except in a state of emergency as declared by a three-fourths vote of the members of both houses of Congress; providing that the purview of such convention be strictly limited to the consideration of this amendment.

WHEREAS, the United States Government has, over the past three decades, embarked on a course of continuous and ever increasing deficit spending; and

WHEREAS, the public debt engendered thereby now far exceeds 300 billion dollars, and current budget proposals include provision for a further deficit of 43 billion dollars; and

WHEREAS, such national debt is, in and of itself, a major contributor to the very inflation to which the United States is committed to eradicating; and

WHEREAS, this massive national debt is inimical to the public welfare, limiting the amount of credit available to private citizens, thus curtailing opportunities for needed economic growth; and

WHEREAS, continued fiscal irresponsibility can only result in an eventual financial debacle of the sort recently experienced by New York City; and

WHEREAS, payment of the massive interest required to service national

debt imposes an undue hardship on the citizenry, particularly those on fixed incomes; and

WHEREAS, the ability of the Federal Government to avoid the difficult budgetary choices posed by zero debt financing has resulted in a lack of objective budgetary analysis, and thus the funding of unnecessary or inefficient programs.

THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Senate of the Legislature of the state of Louisiana, the House of Representatives thereof concurring, that pursuant to Article V of the Constitution of the United States, the Legislature of the state of Louisiana does hereby apply to the Congress of the United States for a convention to consider the following amendment to the United States Constitution:

Section 1. Except as provided in Section 3, the Congress shall make no appropriation for any fiscal year if the resulting total of appropriations for such fiscal year would exceed the total revenues of the United States for such fiscal year.

Section 2. There shall be no increase in the national debt, and the existing debt, as it exists on the date on which this amendment is ratified, shall be repaid during the one hundred-year period following the date of such ratification. The rate of repayment shall be such that not less than one-tenth of the debt shall be repaid during each ten-year period.

Section 3. In times of national emergency, declared by the concurrent resolution of three-fourths of the membership of both Houses of Congress, the application of Section 1 may be suspended, provided that such suspension shall not be effective past the two-year term of the Congress which passes such resolution. If such a national emergency continues to exist, a suspension of Section 1 may be reenacted pursuant to the provisions of this Section. National debt incurred pursuant to this Section shall be repaid under the provisions of Section 2; provided, however, that the repayment period shall commence upon the expiration of the suspension under which it was incurred.

Section 4. This article shall apply to fiscal years that begin six months after the date on which this article is ratified.

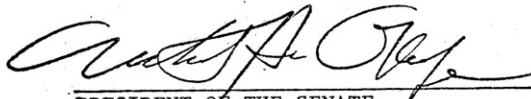
Section 5. Congress shall provide by law for strict compliance

with this amendment.

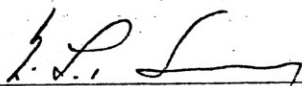
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the purview of any convention called by the Congress pursuant to this resolution be strictly limited to the consideration of an amendment of the nature as herein proposed.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that this application by the Legislature of the state of Louisiana constitutes a continuing application pursuant to Article V of the United States Constitution, until such time as two-thirds of the Legislatures of the several states have made similar application, and the convention herein applied for is convened.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that a duly attested copy of this resolution be immediately transmitted to the President of the United States, to the Secretary of the United States Senate, to the Clerk of the United States House of Representatives, to each member of the Louisiana delegation to the United States Congress, and to the presiding officer of each house of each state Legislature in the United States.



PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE



SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Louisiana SCR 4 (1979)

Regular Session, 1979

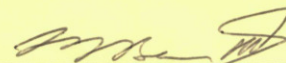
SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4

BY MESSRS. HICKEY, CASEY, WINDHORST, AND TIEMANN AND REPRESENTATIVES ALARIO,
BAGERT, BEL, BELLA, BRUNEAU, CARSON, DUPUIS, ENSMINGER, FAUCHEUX,
HUMPHRIES, JENKINS, M. LABORDE, LAPLANTE, LYNN, MORRIS, MORRISON,
O'NEAL, REILLY, RICE, RICHEY, SCHMITT, SCOGIN, SCOTT, SOUR, STRAIN,
TAUZIN AND TOCA

ORIGINATED

IN THE

SENATE



SECRETARY OF THE SENATE

Regular Session, 1979

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4

BY MESSRS. HICKEY, CASEY, WINDHORST, AND TIEMANN AND REPRESENTATIVES ALARIO,
BAGERT, BEL, BELLA, BRUNEAU, CARSON, DUPUIS, ENSMINGER, FAUCHEUX,
HUMPHRIES, JENKINS, M. LABORDE, LAPLANTE, LYNN, MORRIS, MORRISON,
O'NEAL, REILLY, RICE, RICHEY, SCHMITT, SCOGIN, SCOTT, SOUR, STRAIN,
TAUZIN AND TOCA

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

To memorialize and apply to the Congress of the United States to take appropriate action, either acting by consent of two-thirds of both Houses or, upon the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states, to call a constitutional convention to propose an amendment to the federal constitution to require, with certain exceptions, that the federal budget be balanced.

WHEREAS, with each passing year this Nation becomes more deeply in debt as its expenditures grossly and repeatedly exceed available revenues, so that the public debt now exceeds hundreds of billions of dollars; and

WHEREAS, the annual federal budget continually demonstrates an unwillingness or inability of both the legislative and executive branches of the federal government to curtail spending to conform to available revenues; and

WHEREAS, unified budgets do not reflect actual spending because of the exclusion of special outlays which are not included in the budget nor subject to the legal public debt limit; and

WHEREAS, knowledgeable planning, fiscal prudence, and plain good sense require that the budget reflect all federal spending and be in balance; and

WHEREAS, believing that fiscal irresponsibility at the federal level, with the inflation which results from this policy, is the greatest threat which faces our Nation. The Louisiana Legislature firmly believes that constitutional restraint is necessary to bring the fiscal discipline needed to restore financial responsibility; and

WHEREAS, under Article V of the Constitution of the United States, amendments to the federal constitution may be proposed by the Congress whenever two-thirds of both Houses deem it necessary, or on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states the Congress shall call a constitutional convention for the purpose of proposing amendments which shall be valid to all intents and purposes when ratified by three-fourths of the several states.

THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Senate of the Legislature of the state of Louisiana, the House of Representatives thereof concurring, that the Congress of the United States institute procedures to propose and submit to the several states an amendment to the Constitution of the United States requiring that the federal budget be balanced in the absence of a national emergency.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that, alternatively, this body respectfully petitions the Congress of the United States to call a convention for the specific and exclusive purpose of proposing an amendment to the constitution of the United States to require a balanced federal budget and to make certain exceptions with respect thereto.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that this application by the Louisiana Legislature constitutes a continuing application in accordance with Article V of the Constitution of the United States until at least two-third of the legislatures of the several states have made similar applications pursuant to Article V, but if Congress proposes an amendment to the constitution identical in subject matter to that contained in this Resolution, then this petition for a constitutional convention shall no longer be of any force or effect.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that this application and request be deemed null and void, rescinded, and of no effect in the event that such convention not be limited to such specific and exclusive purpose.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Louisiana Legislature also proposes that the legislatures of each of the several states comprising the United States apply to the Congress requesting the enactment of an appropriate amendment to the federal constitution; or requiring the Congress to call a constitutional convention for proposing such an amendment to the federal constitution.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that a duly attested copy of this Resolution be

immediately transmitted to the president of the United States, to the secretary of the United States Senate, to the clerk of the United States House of Representatives, to each member of the Louisiana delegation to the United States Congress, and to the presiding officer of each house of each state Legislature in the United States.

Michael H. O'Keefe
PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE

E. J. Hall
SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Maryland SJR 4 (1975)

LAWS
OF THE
STATE OF MARYLAND

MADE AND PASSED

At the Session of the General Assembly Begun and Held in the
City of Annapolis on the Eighth Day of January, 1975
and Ending on the Seventh Day of April, 1975.

Vetoes by Governor follow immediately after Acts

PUBLISHED BY

State Department of Legislative Reference
16 Francis Street - P.O. Box 348
Annapolis, Maryland 21404

FOR the purpose of requesting the Governor of Maryland to appoint a Commission to study and make recommendations concerning the funding of special education for handicapped students.

WHEREAS, The enactment of Senate Bill 649 of 1973 and the Raine Decree have resulted in an increase in the number of students served by special educational programs; and

WHEREAS, Further increases in the number of students being served can be expected; and

WHEREAS, The manner in which special educational programs for handicapped children are funded is a matter of concern to public officials and private citizens throughout the State; and

WHEREAS, The involvement of public officials at every level of government as well as that of private citizens is necessary for the development of appropriate changes in the manner of funding special educational programs for handicapped children; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Governor of Maryland be requested to appoint a Commission to study and make recommendations concerning the funding of special educational programs for handicapped children; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the Governor of Maryland be requested to appoint as members of the Commission, representatives of the Maryland State Department of Education, the local Boards of Education, local government, the Maryland House of Delegates, the Senate of Maryland, private groups representing handicapped citizens and the Governor's staff; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the Commission shall report its findings and recommendations to the Governor and the General Assembly of Maryland by December 1, 1975; and be it further

RESOLVED, That this Resolution shall be sent to His Excellency, the Governor of Maryland.

Approved May 15, 1975.

No. 77 *

(Senate Joint Resolution 4)

A Senate Joint Resolution concerning**Budget of the United States**

FOR the purpose of requesting appropriate action by the Congress, on its own action by consent of two-thirds of both Houses or on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states, to propose an amendment to the Federal Constitution to require that the total of all Federal appropriations may not exceed the total of all estimated Federal revenues in any fiscal year, with certain exceptions.

WHEREAS, With each passing year this Nation becomes more deeply in debt as its expenditures grossly and repeatedly exceed available revenues so that the public debt now exceeds hundreds of billions of dollars.

Attempts to limit spending, including impoundment of funds by the President of the United States, have resulted in strenuous objections that the responsibility for appropriations is the constitutional duty of the Congress.

The annual Federal budget repeatedly demonstrates an unwillingness or inability of both the legislative and executive branches of the Federal government to curtail spending to conform to available revenues.

The unified budget of 304.4 billion dollars for the current fiscal year does not reflect actual spending because of the exclusion of special outlays which are not included in the budget nor subject to the legal public debt limit.

As reported by US News and World Report on February 25, 1974, of these nonbudgetary outlays in the amount of 15.6 billion dollars, the sum of 12.9 billion dollars represents funding of essentially private agencies which provide special service to the federal government.

Knowledgeable planning and fiscal prudence require that the budget reflect all Federal spending and that the budget be in balance.

Believing that fiscal irresponsibility at the Federal level, with the inflation which results from this policy, is the greatest threat which faces our Nation, we firmly believe that constitutional restraint is necessary to bring the fiscal disciplines needed to reverse this trend.

Under Article V of the Constitution of the United States, amendments to the Federal Constitution may be proposed by the Congress whenever two-thirds of both Houses deem it necessary, or on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states the Congress shall call a constitutional convention for the purpose of proposing amendments; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That this Body proposes to the Congress of the United States that procedures be instituted in the Congress to add a new Article XXVII to the Constitution of the United States, and that the General Assembly of Maryland requests the Congress to prepare and submit to the several states an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, requiring in the absence of a national emergency that the total of all Federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of the estimated Federal revenues, excluding any revenues derived from borrowing, for that fiscal year; and be it further

RESOLVED, That this Body further and alternatively requests that the Congress of the United States call a constitutional convention for the specific and exclusive purpose of proposing such an amendment to the Federal Constitution, to be a new Article XXVII; and be it further

RESOLVED, That this Body also proposes that the legislatures of each of the several states comprising the United States apply to the Congress requiring it to call a constitutional convention for proposing such an amendment to the Federal Constitution, to be a new Article XXVII; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the proposed new Article XXVII (or whatever numeral may then be appropriate) read substantially as follows:

PROPOSED ARTICLE XXVII

"The total of all Federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of the estimated Federal revenues for that fiscal year, excluding any revenues derived from borrowing; and this prohibition extends to all Federal appropriations and all estimated Federal revenues, excluding any revenues derived from borrowing. The President in submitting budgetary requests and the Congress in enacting appropriation bills shall comply with this Article. If the President proclaims a national emergency, suspending the requirement that the total of all Federal appropriations not exceed the total estimated Federal

revenues for a fiscal year, excluding any revenues derived from borrowing, and two-thirds of all Members elected to each House of the Congress so determine by Joint Resolution, the total of all Federal appropriations may exceed the total estimated Federal revenues for that fiscal year."

and, be it further

RESOLVED, That copies of this Resolution under the Great Seal of the State of Maryland, be sent by the Secretary of State to: Honorable Gerald Ford, President of the United States, Washington, D.C.; Honorable Charles McC. Mathias, Old Senate Office Building, Washington, D.C.; Honorable J. Glenn Beall, Jr., Old Senate Office Building, Washington, D.C.; Honorable Carl Albert, Speaker of the House of Representatives, Washington, D.C.; Honorable Robert E. Bauman, Longworth Building, Washington, D.C.; Honorable Clarence D. Long, Rayburn Building, Washington, D.C.; Honorable Paul S. Sarbanes, Cannon Office Building, Washington, D.C.; Honorable Marjorie S. Holt, Longworth Building, Washington, D.C.; Honorable Gladys Spellman, House Office Building, Washington, D.C.; Honorable Goodloe E. Byron, Longworth Building, Washington, D.C.; Honorable Parren J. Mitchell, Cannon Building, Washington, D.C.; and Honorable Gilbert Gude, Cannon House Office Building, Washington, D.C.; and be it further

RESOLVED, That under the Great Seal of the State of Maryland, the Secretary of State is directed to send copies of this Joint Resolution to the Secretary of State and to the presiding officers of both Houses of the Legislature of each of the other States in the Union, with the request that it be circulated among leaders in the Executive and Legislative branches of the several State governments; and with the further request that each of the other States in the Union join in requiring the Congress of the United States to call a constitutional convention for the purpose of initiating a proposal to amend the Constitution of the United States in substantially the form proposed in this Joint Resolution of the General Assembly of Maryland.

* Not signed by the Governor.

No. 78 *

(Senate Joint Resolution 15)

Mississippi HCR 51 (1975)

State of Mississippi



Office of Secretary of State
Jackson

I, Heber Ladner, Secretary of State of the State of Mississippi, do hereby certify that the within and attached is a true and correct copy of HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 51 (CHAPTER 526) LAWS OF MISSISSIPPI of 1975,

the original of which is now a matter of record in this office .



*Given under my hand and Seal of
Office this the 8th Day of June, 1978.*

Heber Ladner
Secretary of State

Jud.

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI

115



APR 30 REC'D

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 51

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION APPLYING TO THE CONGRESS FOR A CONVENTION TO PROPOSE AN AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES.

WHEREAS, an ever-increasing public debt is inimical to the general welfare of the people of the United States; and

WHEREAS, the national debt is already dangerously high and any further increases will be harmful and costly to the people of the United States; and

WHEREAS, a continuous program of deficit financing by the Federal Government is one of the greatest factors supporting the inflationary conditions presently existing in this country and therefore has been the chief factor in reducing the value of the American currency; and

WHEREAS, payment of the increased interest required by the ever-increasing debt would impose an undue hardship on those with fixed incomes and those in lower income brackets; and

WHEREAS, it is not in the best interest of either this or future generations to continue such a practice of deficit spending particularly since this would possibly deplete our supply of national resources for future generations; and

WHEREAS, by constantly increasing deficit financing the Federal Government has been allowed to allocate considerable funds to wasteful and in many instances nonbeneficial public programs; and

WHEREAS, by limiting the Federal Government to spend only the revenues that are estimated will be collected in a given fiscal year, except for certain specified emergencies, this could possibly result in greater selectivity of Federal Government programs for the benefit of the public and which would depend upon the willingness of the public to pay additional taxes to finance such programs; and

WHEREAS, there is provision in Article V of the Constitution of the United States for amending the Constitution by the Congress, on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds (2/3) of the several states, calling a convention for proposing amendments which shall be valid to all intents and purposes when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths (3/4) of the several states, or by conventions in three-fourths (3/4) thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by the Congress:

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI, THE SENATE CONCURRING THEREIN, That we do hereby, pursuant to Article V of the Constitution of the United States, make application to the Congress of the United States to call a convention of the several states for the proposing of the following amendment to the Constitution of the United States:

"ARTICLE _____

SECTION 1. Except as provided in Section 3, the Congress shall make no appropriation for any fiscal year if the resulting total of appropriations for such fiscal year would exceed the total revenues of the United States for such fiscal year.

SECTION 2. There shall be no increase in the national debt and such debt, as it exists on the date on which this article is ratified, shall be repaid during the one-hundred-year period beginning with the first fiscal year which begins after the date on which this article is ratified. The rate of repayment shall be such that one-tenth (1/10) of such debt shall be repaid during each ten-year interval of such one-hundred-year period.

SECTION 3. In time of war or national emergency, as declared by the Congress, the application of Section 1 or Section 2 of this article, or both such sections, may be suspended by a concurrent resolution which has passed the Senate and the House of Representatives by an affirmative vote of three-fourths (3/4) of the authorized membership of each such house. Such suspension shall not be effective past the two-year term of the Congress which passes such resolution, and if war or an emergency continues to exist such suspension must be reenacted in the same manner as provided herein.

SECTION 4. This article shall apply only with respect to fiscal years which begin more than six (6) months after the date on which this article is ratified."

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That this application by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi constitutes a continuing application in accordance with Article V of the Constitution of the United States until at least two-thirds (2/3) of the legislatures of the several states have made similar applications pursuant to Article V, but if Congress proposes an amendment to the Constitution identical with that contained in this resolution before January 1, 1976, this application for a convention of the several states shall no longer be of any force or effect.

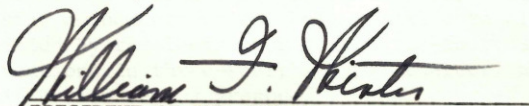
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That a duly attested copy of this resolution be immediately transmitted to the Secretary of the Senate of the United States; the Clerk of the House of Representatives of the United States; to each member of the Congress from this state; and to each house of each state legislature in the United States.

ADOPTED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
February 25, 1975




SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

ADOPTED BY THE SENATE
March 20, 1975



PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE

Attest: 
(Clerk)

Missouri SJ & CR 1 (1907)

LAWS OF MISSOURI

PASSED AT THE REGULAR AND EXTRA SESSIONS

OF THE

Forty-fourth General Assembly

REGULAR SESSION BEGUN AND HELD
WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 2, 1907.

EXTRA SESSION BEGUN AND HELD
TUESDAY, APRIL 9, 1907.

AT THE

CITY OF JEFFERSON

[BY AUTHORITY.]



THE HUGH STEPHENS PRINTING COMPANY,
JEFFERSON CITY, MO.



the city of St. Louis on the basis and in the manner provided by the general assembly.

7. These provisions shall not be construed as impairing the existing limitations upon the rate of taxation in the counties and cities of the state, nor as impairing the right of any county or city to levy any form of license tax now provided by any existing law or charter; provided that the subject of the same is not appropriated for state taxation by the general assembly under the preceding section.

[S. J. and C. R. No. 1.]

JOINT AND CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

JOINT AND CONCURRENT RESOLUTION. Application of the legislature of the state of Missouri for a convention for proposing amendments to the Constitution of the United States, as provided in article five thereof.

Resolved, by the general assembly of the state of Missouri, that the legislature of Missouri shall and hereby does make application to the congress of the United States of America to call a convention for proposing amendments to the Constitution of the United States, as provided in article five thereof; and

Resolved, further, that the congress be requested to provide for the holding of state conventions to pass upon amendments submitted, as also provided in said article five.

Approved March 6, 1907.

MEMORANDA.

STATE OF MISSOURI, DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
Jefferson City, Mo., May 15th, 1907.

The regular session of the Forty-fourth General Assembly of the State of Missouri adjourned March 16, 1907. The extra session of the General Assembly was called to meet April 9, 1907, and adjourned May 13, 1907. Under the provisions of the Constitution, the Governor is allowed thirty days after the adjournment of the Legislature in which to approve or disapprove all bills presented to him by the Legislature, within ten days prior to the adjournment; therefore, under the plan of publication prescribed by the statutes, the copies of the laws and resolutions prepared for the public printer cannot be delivered to the printer until the expiration of the thirty days after adjournment, unless the Governor sooner signs the bills. Inasmuch as the extra session followed so soon after the regular session, it was thought advisable to hold the printing of the laws passed by the regular session until the adjournment of the extra session, in order that all laws might be printed and bound in one volume. This accounts for some delay in the distribution of the laws. It will be observed that the laws passed at the extra session are printed in their logical order in the session acts, but that I have marked the laws passed at the special session with the words "Extra Session" at the beginning of each bill, and have made but one general index to all bills. The copies of the session acts were delivered to the public printer on the 15th day of May, 1907.

In conformity with the requirements of law, I have noted all errors which have been committed, and have indicated the same by inserting the proper word or words in brackets, thus: [], and have shown by the use of the parenthesis, thus: (), such superfluous or unmeaning words as appear in the original acts—the word in parenthesis thus indicated being apparent by reason of the fact that no more than one such word is at any time so designated.

Attention is directed to several apparent errors in enrollment, not noted in brackets, conveying a meaning evidently not intended, viz: page 326, section 4019, sixth line, the word "revised" should be revived;" page 275, section 3253, tenth line, the word "less" should be "more;" page 157, section 8, ninth line, the word "or" should be "of."

The following acts were vetoed by the Governor:

Substitute for House Bill No. 348:

AN ACT amending section 822 of the Revised Statutes of 1899, relating to change of venue, by adding thereto certain provisions, relating to change of venue from the judge or judges in certain counties.

House Bill No. 516:

AN ACT relating to certain estates of deceased insane persons, and repealing all act or parts of acts in conflict herewith.

Senate Bill No. 86:

AN ACT to amend article 1, chapter 22 of the Revised Statutes of Missouri of 1899, relating to dramshops, by adding a new section thereto, to be known as 3009a.

Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 678:

AN ACT to amend sections seventy two hundred and eighty-five (7285), seventy-two hundred and ninety-two (7292), seventy-two hundred and ninety-four (7294), seventy-two hundred and ninety-five (7295), seventy-three hundred and sixteen (7316), and sections seventy-three hundred and sixty (7360) and seventy-three hundred and sixty-one (7361) of article nine (9) of the Revised Statutes of Missouri, by striking out and adding certain words thereto.

House Bill No. 660:

AN ACT to amend section 9012 of chapter 145, Revised Statutes of Missouri of 1899, concerning public printing, by adding certain words thereto.

House Bill No. 948:

AN ACT to appropriate money for the support of the state government, the payment of the contingent and the incidental expenses of the state departments, the public printing, and for the payment of certain other demands against the state for which no appropriation has heretofore been made, for the years 1907 and 1908.

The Legislature having adjourned on the 16th day of March, the laws without an emergency clause go into effect June 14, 1907.

The extra session having adjourned on the 13th day of May, the laws without an emergency clause go into effect August 11, 1907.

JNO. E. SWANGER, Secretary of State.

STATE OF MISSOURI, ss.

I, John E. Swanger, Secretary of State of the State of Missouri, hereby certify that I have carefully collated the laws and resolutions passed by the regular and extra sessions of the Forty-fourth General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as contained in the foregoing pages, and compared them with the original rolls of said laws and resolutions, on file in this office, and have corrected the same thereby.

In testimony whereof, I hereunto set my hand and affix the Great Seal of the State of Missouri. Done at office in the City of Jefferson, this 15th day of May, A. D. nineteen hundred and seven.

(Seal)

JNO. E. SWANGER, Secretary of State.

Missouri SCR 3 (1983)

0206

STATE OF MISSOURI
EIGHTY-SECOND GENERAL ASSEMBLY
FIRST REGULAR SESSION

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 3

For the purpose of requesting appropriate action by the Congress, either acting by consent of two-thirds of both houses or, upon the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states, to propose an amendment to the federal constitution to require, with certain exceptions, that the federal budget be balanced.

WHEREAS, with each passing year this nation becomes more deeply in debt as its expenditures grossly and repeatedly exceed available revenues, so that the public debt now exceeds one trillion dollars; and

WHEREAS, the annual federal budget continually demonstrates an unwillingness or inability of both the legislative and executive branches of the federal government to limit the growth of federal spending and taxes and balance the budget; and

WHEREAS, unified budgets do not reflect actual spending because of the exclusion of special outlays which are not included in the budget; and

WHEREAS, knowledgeable planning, fiscal prudence and plain good sense require that the budget reflect all federal spending and be in balance on a regular basis; and

WHEREAS, believing that fiscal irresponsibility at the federal level, with the inflation which results from this policy, is the greatest threat which faces our nation, we firmly believe that constitutional restraint is necessary to bring the fiscal discipline needed to restore financial responsibility; and

WHEREAS, the federal deficit in Fiscal Year 1982 was \$110.7 billion, nearly double the deficit in Fiscal Year 1981; and

WHEREAS, the Congressional Budget Office projects a deficit for Fiscal Years 1983 and 1984 of \$155 billion and \$200 billion, respectively; and

WHEREAS, the United States Senate approved a proposed balance budget amendment in response to the efforts of the thirty-one state legislatures which have requested a limited convention on this subject, and its conviction about the need for a constitutional restraint upon Congress' fiscal authority; and

WHEREAS, the Reagan Administration has indicated that the budget will not be balanced by 1984; and

WHEREAS, under Article V of the Constitution of the United States, amendments to the Federal Constitution may be proposed by the Congress whenever two-thirds of both houses deem it necessary, or on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states, the Congress shall call a constitutional convention for the purpose of proposing amendments which shall be valid for all intents and purposes when ratified by three-fourths of the several states, and whereas, believing such action to be vital;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Senate of the Eighty-second General Assembly of the State of Missouri, the House of Representatives concurring therein, that the Missouri General Assembly proposes to the Congress of the United States that procedures be instituted in the Congress to add a new article to the Constitution of the United States, and that the Missouri General Assembly requests the Congress to prepare and submit to the several states before January 1, 1984, an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, requiring a balanced federal budget and to make certain exceptions with respect thereto; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that if, by January 1, 1984, the Congress has not proposed and submitted to the several states such an amendment, this body respectfully makes application to the Congress of the United States for a convention to be called under Article V of the Constitution of the United States for the specific and exclusive purpose of proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States to require a balanced federal budget and to make certain exceptions with respect thereto; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that effective January 1, 1984, this application constitutes a continuing application in accordance with Article V of the Constitution of the United States until the legislatures of at least two-thirds of the several states have made similar applications pursuant to Article V, but if the Congress proposes an amendment to the Constitution identical

in subject matter to that contained in this resolution, then this application and petition for a constitutional convention shall no longer be of any force or effect; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that this application shall be deemed null and void, rescinded and of no effect in the event that such convention not be limited to such specific and exclusive purpose; and

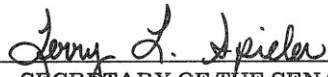
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that this body also proposes that the legislatures of each of the several states comprising the United States which have not yet made similar applications apply to the Congress requesting the enactment of an appropriate amendment to the federal constitution, and making application to the Congress to call a constitutional convention for the purpose of proposing such an amendment to the federal constitution; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that copies of this resolution be sent by the Secretary of the Senate and the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives to each member of Congress representing Missouri; and

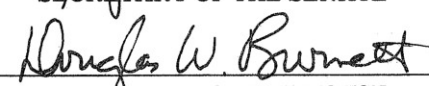
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Secretary of the Senate and the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of this state be directed to send copies of this resolution to the Secretary of State and presiding officers of both Houses of the Legislature of each of the other states in the Union, the Clerk of the United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C. and the Secretary of the United States Senate, Washington, D.C.

Offered by Senators: Philip H. Snowden, John E. Scott, Richard M. Webster, Roger Wilson, Dennis Smith, John Dennis, Fred Dyer, Nelson B. Tinnin, James L. Mathewson, Ralph Uthlaut, Jr., John T. Russell, Frank Bild, Robert T. Johnson, Jim Strong, Norman L. Merrell, Emory Melton, David Doctorian, A. Clifford Jones, James W. Murphy and Thomas W. McCarthy

I, Terry L. Spieler, Secretary of the Senate, and I, Douglas Burnett, Chief Clerk of the House, do hereby certify that the aforementioned is a true and correct copy of Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 3, adopted by the Senate on March 28, 1983, and concurred in by the House of Representatives on May 31, 1983.



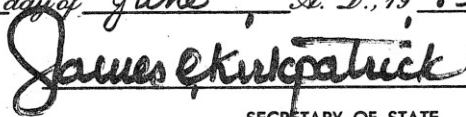
SECRETARY OF THE SENATE



CHIEF CLERK OF THE HOUSE

In Testimony Whereof, *I hereunto set my hand and affix the Great Seal of the State of Missouri. Done at the City of Jefferson, this 23rd day of June, A. D., 19 83*

(SEAL)



SECRETARY OF STATE

Montana SJR 1 (1911)

LAWS, RESOLUTIONS AND MEMORIALS
OF THE
STATE OF MONTANA
PASSED AT THE
TWELFTH REGULAR
SESSION
OF THE
LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

Held at Helena, the Seat of Government of said State, commencing
January 2nd, 1911, and ending
March 2nd, 1911.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

Independent Publishing Company
Helena, Montana



Certificate of Authentication.

STATE OF MONTANA, }
Secretary's Office } ss.

I. A. N. YODER, Secretary of State of the State of Montana, do hereby certify that the printed laws resolutions and memorials contained herein, are true and correct copies of all the enrolled laws, resolutions and memorials that were passed at the Eleventh Regular Session of the Legislative Assembly of said State, commencing January 2nd, 1911, and held at Helena, the seat of government of said State.

(SEAL) IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I hereunto set my hand and affixed the Great Seal of said State. Done at the City of Helena the seat of government of said state, this eleventh day of April, A. D. 1911.

A. N. YODER.
Secretary of State.

and advantage of the State of Montana, and its people, and to the best interests of the nation at large, that the Crow Reservation should be speedily opened for settlement and all Indian rights adjusted:

NOW THEREFORE, be it Resolved, the House of Representatives concurring, that we, the Twelfth Legislative Assembly of the State of Montana, do hereby petition the Congress of the United States for the passage of necessary legislation to, at as early a date as practicable, open for settlement the lands embraced within the Crow Reservation situated in the southeastern portion of the State of Montana.

RESOLVED, FURTHER; that a copy of this memorial be forwarded by the Secretary of State to the Honorable Secretary of the Interior, and our Senators and Representatives in Congress, with the request that they use every effort within their power to bring about speedy action for the accomplishment of the ends and purposes herein indicated.

Approved January 23, 1911.

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 1.

Joint Resolution Relative to Election of United States Senators by Popular Vote.

WHEREAS, a large number of State Legislatures have, at various times, adopted memorials and resolutions in favor of electing United Senators by the direct vote of the people of the respective States, and

WHEREAS, a large number of State Legislatures have created Senatorial Direct Election Commissions, therefore

BE IT RESOLVED by the General Assembly of the State of Montana:

Section 1. That the Legislature of the State of Montana, in accordance with the provisions of Act V of the Constitution of the United States, desires to join with the other States of the Union, and respectfully request that a convention of the several states be called for the purpose of proposing amendments to the Constitution of the United States, and hereby apply to and request the Congress of the United States to call such convention and to provide for the submitting to the several states the amendments so proposed for ratification by the legislatures thereof, or by conventions therein, as one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by the Congress.

Section 2. That at the said convention, the State of Montana, will propose, among other amendments, that Section 3 of Article I, of the Constitution of the United States should be amended, so that the Senators from each state shall be chosen by the electors thereof, as the Governor is now chosen.

Section 3. A Legislative Commission is hereby created to be composed of the Governor and four members to be appointed by him, not more than two of whom shall belong to the same political party, to be known as the Senatorial Direct Election Commission of the State of Montana. It shall be the duty of the said Legislative Commission to urge action by the Legislatures of the several states, and by the Congress of the United States, to the end that a convention may be called, as provided in Section 1 hereof. That the members of said commission shall receive no compensation.

Section 4. That the Governor of the State of Montana is hereby directed to transmit certified copies of this Joint Resolution and Application to both Houses of the United States Congress, to the Governor of each State in the Union, to the Honorable Representatives and Senators in Congress from Montana, who are hereby requested and urged to aid, by their influence and vote to the end that the United States Senators shall be elected by Popular vote.

Approved February 2, 1911.

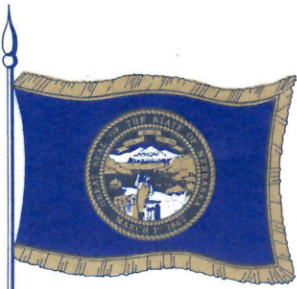
SENATE JOINT MEMORIAL NO. 2.

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the United States in Congress Assembled:

WHEREAS: The settlers under the Lower Yellowstone Project, Montana, North Dakota, executed and delivered to the Lower Yellowstone Water Users Association, a Corporation, a Contract subscribing for stock in said corporation, which empowered such corporation under the directions of the Secretary of the Interior, to sell their homesteads unless the owners make application for water rights, and comply with the provisions of the Act of Congress, of June 17th, 1902, and that such contracts were executed with the understanding that the cost of the Project to them should not exceed \$30.00 per acre of their holdings; and

WHEREAS: The cost of construction of said Project has exceeded the original estimated cost \$750,000, increasing the

Nebraska LR 106 (1976)



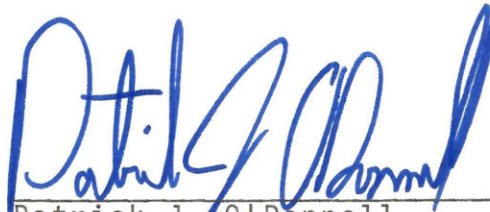
PATRICK J. O'DONNELL
Clerk of the Legislature
Phone 402 471-2271

Nebraska Unicameral

C E R T I F I C A T E

I, Patrick J. O'Donnell, Clerk of the Legislature of Nebraska do hereby certify that the attached legislative resolution, LR 106 of the 1976 session, is a true and accurate copy of the resolution passed by the Legislature in 1976.

Dated this day of February 22, 1979, in Lincoln, Nebraska.


Patrick J. O'Donnell
Clerk of the Legislature



LEGISLATIVE RESOLUTION 106.

Introduced by Murphy, 17th District; Warner, 25th District; Marsh, 29th District; Marvel, 33rd District; Goodrich, 20th District; Dworak, 22nd District; Rasmussen, 41st District; Anderson, 37th District; Wiltse, 1st District; Fitzgerald, 14th District; Carsten, 2nd District; Burbach, 19th District; Stull, 49th District; Hasebroock, 18th District; Kremer, 34th District; Cope, 36th District; DeCamp, 40th District; Maresh, 32nd District; Johnson, 15th District; Nichol, 48th District; Moylan, 6th District; Schmit, 23rd District; Rumery, 42nd District; Kime, 43rd District; Kennedy, 21st District; Koch, 12th District; Dickinson, 31st District; Stoney, 4th District; R. Lewis, 38th District; Burrows, 30th District; Mills, 44th District; Skarda, 7th District; George, 16th District; Clark, 47th District; Savage, 10th District; Kelly, 34th District; Keyes, 3rd District.

WHEREAS, with each passing year this nation becomes more deeply in debt as its expenditures grossly and repeatedly exceed available revenue, so that the public debt now exceeds hundreds of billions of dollars; and

WHEREAS, the annual federal budget continually demonstrates an unwillingness or inability of both the legislative and executive branches of the federal government to curtail spending to conform to available revenue; and

WHEREAS, unified budgets do not reflect actual spending because of the exclusion of special outlays which are not included in the budget nor subject to the legal public debt limit; and

WHEREAS, knowledgeable planning, fiscal prudence, and plain good sense require that the budget reflect all federal spending and be in balance; and

WHEREAS, believing that fiscal irresponsibility at the federal level, with the inflation which results from this policy, is the greatest threat which faces our nation, we firmly believe that constitutional restraint is necessary to bring the fiscal discipline needed to restore financial responsibility; and

WHEREAS, under article V of the Constitution of the United States, amendments to the federal Constitution may be proposed by the Congress whenever two-thirds of both houses deem it necessary, or on the application of the Legislatures of two-thirds of the several states, the Congress shall call a constitutional convention for the purpose of proposing amendments. We believe such action is vital.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE MEMBERS OF THE EIGHTY-FOURTH LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA, SECOND SESSION:

1. That this body proposes to the Congress of the United States that procedures be instituted in the Congress to add a new article to the Constitution of the United States, and that the State of Nebraska requests the Congress to prepare and submit to the several states an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, requiring in the absence of a national emergency that the total of all federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenue for that fiscal year.

2. That, alternatively, this Legislature makes application and requests that the Congress of the United States call a constitutional convention for the specific and exclusive purpose of proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States requiring in the absence of a national emergency that the total of all federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenue for that fiscal year.

3. That this Legislature also proposes that the Legislature of each of the several states comprising the United States apply to the Congress requesting the enactment of an appropriate amendment to the federal Constitution; or requiring the Congress to call a constitutional convention for proposing such an amendment to the federal Constitution.

4. That the Clerk of the Legislature transmit a copy of this resolution to the President of the Senate of the United States, the Speaker of the House of Representatives of the United States, each member of the Nebraska Congressional delegation, the Secretaries of State and the Legislatures of each of the several states, and the Secretary of State for the State of Nebraska.

Nevada SJR 2 (1977)

APR 26 1977

Senate Joint Resolution No. 2—Committee on Finance

FILE NUMBER...Vetoed

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION—Requesting the Congress of the United States to call a constitutional convention for the purpose of amending the United States Constitution to limit federal appropriations for any fiscal year to federal revenues estimated for that year, except during national emergencies.

WHEREAS, The national debt now amounts to hundreds of billions of dollars and is increasing enormously each year as federal expenditures grossly exceed federal revenues; and

WHEREAS, Payment of the increased interest on this ever-expanding debt imposes a tremendous burden on the taxpayers of this country; and

WHEREAS, Continuous deficit financing by the Federal Government supports inflationary conditions which adversely affect the national economy and all Americans, particularly those persons with fixed or low incomes; and

WHEREAS, Constantly increasing use of deficit financing has enabled the Federal Government to allocate considerable sums to programs which in many instances have proved to be wasteful and nonbeneficial to the public; and

WHEREAS, Limiting federal expenditures in each fiscal year to revenues available in that year, except during national emergencies, will result in greater selectivity of federal programs for the benefit of the public; and

WHEREAS, The annual federal budgets continually reflect the unwillingness or inability of both the legislative and executive branches of the Federal Government to balance the budget and demonstrate the necessity for a constitutional restraint upon deficit financing; and

WHEREAS, Under article V of the Constitution of the United States, the Congress is required to call a convention for proposing amendments to the federal Constitution on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and Assembly of the State of Nevada, jointly, That, pursuant to article V of the Constitution of the United States, the legislature of the State of Nevada hereby makes application to the Congress of the United States to call a convention for the purpose of proposing an amendment to the United States Constitution which would require that, in the absence of a national emergency, the total of the appropriations made by the Congress for each fiscal year may not exceed the total of the estimated federal revenues for that year; and be it further

Resolved, That the legislature of the State of Nevada proposes that the legislatures of each of the several states apply to the Congress to call a constitutional convention for the exclusive purpose stated in this resolution; and be it further

Resolved, That this application by the legislature of the State of Nevada constitutes a continuing application in accordance with article V of the Constitution of the United States until at least two-thirds of the legislatures of the several states have made similar applications, but if Congress proposes an amendment to the Constitution similar to that contained in this resolution before January 1, 1981, this application for a

convention of the several states shall no longer be of any force; and be it further

Resolved, That a copy of this resolution be immediately transmitted by the legislative counsel to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives of the United States, to each member of the Nevada congressional delegation and to the presiding officer of each house of the legislatures of the several states; and be it further

Resolved, That this resolution shall become effective upon passage and approval.

Nevada SJR 8 (1979)

STATE OF NEVADA
DEPARTMENT OF STATE



Jud.

335

I, WM. D. SWACKHAMER, the duly qualified and elected Secretary of State of the State of Nevada, do hereby certify that the annexed is a true, full and correct copy of Senate Joint Resolution No. 8 of the 60th session of the Nevada legislature, now on file and of record in this office.

RECEIVED
1980 JAN 28 AM 8:55
U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand

and affixed the Great Seal of State, at my office, in

Carson City, Nevada, this 18th day of

January, A.D. 19 80

Wm D Swackhamer
Secretary of State

By *David L Kowa*
Deputy



Senate Joint Resolution No. 8—Senators Gibson, Close, Echols, Dodge, Blakemore, Lamb, Keith Ashworth, Glaser, Jacobsen, Raggio, Don Ashworth, Young, Sloan, Hernstadt, Wilson, McCorkle, Neal and Faiss

FILE NUMBER.....39

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION—Requesting the Congress of the United States to call a convention limited to proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States which would require a balanced budget in the absence of a national emergency.

WHEREAS, Proper economic planning, fiscal prudence and common sense require that the federal budget include all federal spending and be in balance; and

WHEREAS, The annual federal budgets continually reflect the unwillingness or inability of the legislative and executive branches of the Federal Government to balance the budget; and

WHEREAS, The national debt now amounts to hundreds of billions of dollars and is increasing enormously each year as federal expenditures exceed federal revenues; and

WHEREAS, The inflation and other results of the fiscal irresponsibility of the Federal Government demonstrate the need for a constitutional restraint upon excessive spending; and

WHEREAS, Article V of the Constitution of the United States provides that on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the states, Congress shall call a convention for proposing amendments to the Constitution; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and Assembly of the State of Nevada, jointly, That this legislature requests the Congress of the United States to call a convention limited to proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States which would provide that, in the absence of a national emergency, the total of all federal appropriations for any fiscal year must not exceed the total of the estimated federal revenue for that year; and be it further

Resolved, That this legislature conditions this request upon the Congress of the United States' establishing appropriate restrictions limiting the subject matter of a convention called pursuant to this resolution to the subject matter of this resolution, and if the Congress fails to establish such restrictions, this resolution has no effect and must be considered a nullity; and be it further

Resolved, That a copy of this resolution be immediately transmitted by the legislative counsel to the Vice President of the United States as President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives of the United States, to each member of the Nevada congressional delegation and to the presiding officer of each house of the legislatures of the several states; and be it further

Resolved, That this resolution shall become effective upon passage and approval.

New Hampshire HCR 8 (1979)

State of New Hampshire

OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF STATE

Juck

181



I, WILLIAM M. GARDNER, Secretary of State of the State of New Hampshire, do hereby certify that the following and hereto attached is a true copy of HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 8 entitled "concerning the budget of the United States" passed April 26, 1979 and placed on file in this office and held in my custody as Secretary of State.

RECEIVED
1979 MAY 15 PM 1:21
THE SENATE'S JOINTS
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES



In Testimony Whereof, I hereto set my hand and cause to be affixed the Seal of the State, at Concord, this ...27th... day of . April A.D. 19 79

William M. Gardner
Secretary of State

03301

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 8
STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

*In the year of Our Lord one thousand
nine hundred and seventy-nine*

A RESOLUTION

concerning the budget of the United States

WHEREAS, with each passing year this Nation becomes more deeply in debt as its expenditures grossly and repeatedly exceed available revenues, so that the public debt now exceeds hundreds of billions of dollars; and

WHEREAS, the annual federal budget continually demonstrates an unwillingness or inability of both the legislative and executive branches of the federal government to curtail spending to conform to available revenues; and

WHEREAS, unified budgets do not reflect actual spending because of the exclusion of special outlays which are not included in the budget nor subject to the legal public debt limit; and

WHEREAS, knowledgeable planning, fiscal prudence, and plain good sense require that the budget reflect all federal spending and be in balance; and

WHEREAS, the State of New Hampshire has long been known for its sensible, prudent approach to governmental spending; and

WHEREAS, the New Hampshire example of fiscal responsibility is a model for all to follow; and

WHEREAS, we believe that fiscal irresponsibility at the federal level, with the inflation which results from this policy, is the greatest threat which faces our Nation, we firmly believe that constitutional restraint is necessary to bring the fiscal discipline needed to restore financial responsibility; and

WHEREAS, under Article V of the Constitution of the United States, amendments to the Federal Constitution may be proposed by the Congress whenever two-thirds of both Houses deem it necessary, or on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states the Congress shall call a constitutional convention for the purpose of proposing amendments which shall be valid to all intents and purposes when ratified by three-fourths of the several states. We believe such action vital; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED by the Legislature of the State of New Hampshire, that this body proposes to the Congress of the United States that procedures be instituted in the Congress to propose and submit to the several states an amendment to the Constitution of the United States requiring that the federal budget be balanced in the absence of a national emergency; and be it further

RESOLVED, that, alternatively, this body respectfully petitions the Congress of the United States to call a convention for the specific and exclusive purpose of proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States to require a balanced federal budget and to make certain exceptions with respect thereto; and be it further

RESOLVED, that this application by this body constitutes a continuing application in accordance with Article V of the Constitution of the United States until at least two-thirds of the legislatures of the several states have made similar application pursuant to Article V, but if Congress proposes an amendment to the Constitution identical in subject matter to that contained in this House Concurrent Resolution, then this petition for a Constitutional Convention shall no longer be of any force or effect; and be it further

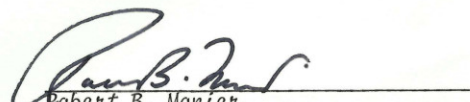
RESOLVED, that this application and request be deemed null and void, rescinded, and of no effect in the event that such convention not be limited to such specific and exclusive purpose; and be it further

RESOLVED, that this Body also proposes that the legislature of each of the several states comprising the United States apply to the Congress requesting the enactment of an appropriate amendment to the Federal Constitution; or requiring the Congress to call a constitutional convention for proposing such an amendment to the Federal Constitution; and be it further

RESOLVED, that copies of this resolution be sent to the Secretary of State and presiding officers of both houses of the legislatures of each of the several states in the Union, the Speaker and the Clerk of the United States House of Representatives, the President and the Secretary of the United States Senate, and to each member of the New Hampshire named Congressional delegation.

Passed: April 26, 1979


George B. Roberts, Jr.
Speaker of the House


Robert B. Monier
President of the Senate



Attest:


William M. Gardner
Secretary of State

New Jersey Resolution (1861)

ACTS

OF THE

EIGHTY-FIFTH LEGISLATURE

OF THE

STATE OF NEW JERSEY,

AND

SEVENTEENTH UNDER THE NEW CONSTITUTION.



FREEHOLD, N. J.:

PRINTED BY JAMES S. YARD.

1861.

JOINT RESOLUTIONS.

NUMBER I.

In relation to the Union of the States.

WHEREAS, the people of New Jersey, conforming to the Preamble. opinion of "the Father of his Country," consider the unity of the government, which constitutes the people of the United States one people, a main pillar in the edifice of their independence, the support of their tranquility at home and peace abroad, of their prosperity, and of that liberty which they so highly prize; and properly estimating the immense value of their National Union to their individual happiness, they cherish a cordial, habitual and immovable attachment to it as the palladium of their political safety and prosperity, therefore

1. BE IT RESOLVED *by the Senate and General Assembly of* Duties of citizens. *the State of New Jersey,* That it is the duty of every good citizen, in all suitable and proper ways, to stand by and sustain the Union of the States as transmitted to us by our fathers.

2. *And be it resolved,* That the government of the United Union not compact or league. States is a national government, and the Union it was de-

signed to perfect is not a mere compact or league; and that the constitution was adopted in a spirit of mutual compromise and concession by the people of the United States, and can only be preserved by the constant recognition of that spirit.

Forbearance
and compro-
mise recom-
mended.

3. *And be it resolved*, That however undoubted may be the right of the general government to maintain its authority and enforce its laws over all parts of the country, it is equally certain that forbearance and compromise are indispensable at this crisis to the perpetuity of the Union, and that it is the dictate of reason, wisdom and patriotism peacefully to adjust whatever differences exist between the different sections of our country.

Crittenden re-
solutions.

4. *And be it resolved*, That the resolutions and propositions submitted to the Senate of the United States by the Honorable John J. Crittenden, of Kentucky, for the compromise of the questions in dispute between the people of the northern and of the southern states, or any other constitutional method that will permanently settle the question of slavery, will be acceptable to the people of the state of New Jersey, and the senators and representatives in Congress, from New Jersey, be requested and earnestly urged to support those resolutions and propositions.

Convention to
alter constitu-
tion.

5. *And be it resolved*, That as the union of the states is in imminent danger unless the remedies before suggested be speedily adopted, then, as a last resort, the state of New Jersey hereby makes application, according to the terms of the constitution, of the Congress of the United States to call a convention (of the states) to propose amendments to said constitution.

States urged
to repeal ob-
noxious laws.

6. *And be it resolved*, That such of the states as have in force laws which interfere with the constitutional rights of citizens of the other states, either in regard to their persons or property, or which militate against the just construction of that part of the constitution that provides that "the citizens of each state shall be entitled to all the privileges and immunities of citizens in the several states," are earnestly

urged and requested, for the sake of peace and the Union, to repeal all such laws.

7. *And be it resolved*, That his Excellency, Charles S. Olden, Peter D. Vroom, Robert F. Stockton, Benjamin Williamson, Joseph F. Randolph, Frederick T. Frelinghuysen, Rodman M. Price, William C. Alexander and Thomas J. Stryker be appointed commissioners to confer with Congress and our sister states, and urge upon them the importance of carrying into effect the principles and objects of the foregoing resolutions. Commissioners appointed.

8. *And be it resolved*, That the commissioners above named, in addition to their other powers, be authorized to meet with those now or hereafter to be appointed by our sister state of Virginia, and such commissioners of other states as have been or may be hereafter appointed, to meet at Washington on the fourth day of February next. Commissioners when and where to meet

9. *And be it resolved*, That copies of the foregoing resolutions be sent to the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives of the United States, and to the Senators and Representatives in Congress from New Jersey, and to the Governors of the several states. Copies of resolutions to be sent.

Approved January 29, 1861.

New Mexico SJR 1 (1976)

STATE OF NEW MEXICO



OFFICE OF
THE SECRETARY OF STATE

Certificate

I, Ernestine D. Evans, Secretary of State of the State of New Mexico, do hereby certify

that

the attached document is a true and exact copy of Senate Joint Resolution 1, passed by the New Mexico State Legislature in 1976, and on file in the office of the Secretary of State. _____



Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State of New Mexico, in the City of Santa Fe, the Capital on this 5th day of June A. D. 1978

Ernestine D. Evans
Secretary of State

A JOINT RESOLUTION

FOR THE PURPOSE OF REQUESTING APPROPRIATE ACTION BY THE CONGRESS, EITHER ACTING BY CONSENT OF TWO-THIRDS OF BOTH HOUSES OR, UPON THE APPLICATION OF THE LEGISLATURES OF TWO-THIRDS OF THE SEVERAL STATES, CALLING A CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION TO PROPOSE AN AMENDMENT TO THE FEDERAL CONSTITUTION TO REQUIRE, WITH CERTAIN EXCEPTIONS, THAT THE TOTAL OF ALL FEDERAL APPROPRIATIONS MAY NOT EXCEED THE TOTAL OF ALL ESTIMATED FEDERAL REVENUES IN ANY FISCAL YEAR.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

WHEREAS, with each passing year this nation becomes more deeply in debt as its expenditures grossly and repeatedly exceed available revenues, so that the public debt now exceeds hundreds of billions of dollars; and

WHEREAS, the annual federal budget continually demonstrates an unwillingness or inability of both the legislative and executive branches of the federal government to curtail spending to conform to available revenues; and

WHEREAS, unified budgets do not reflect actual spending because of the exclusion of special outlays which are not included in the budget nor subject to the legal public debt limit; and

WHEREAS, knowledgeable planning, fiscal prudence and plain good sense require that the budget reflect all federal spending and be in balance; and

WHEREAS, believing that fiscal irresponsibility at the federal

level, with the inflation which results from this policy, is the greatest threat which faces our nation, we firmly believe that constitutional restraint is necessary to bring the fiscal discipline needed to restore financial responsibility; and

WHEREAS, under article 5 of the constitution of the United States, amendments to the federal constitution may be proposed by the congress whenever two-thirds of both houses deem it necessary, or on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states, the congress shall call a constitutional convention for the purpose of proposing amendments; we believe such action vital;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO that this body proposes to the congress of the United States that procedures be instituted in the congress to add a new article to the constitution of the United States, and that the legislature of the state of New Mexico requests the congress to prepare and submit to the several states an amendment to the constitution of the United States, requiring in the absence of a national emergency that the total of all federal appropriations made by the congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenues for that fiscal year; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that, alternatively, this body makes application and requests that the congress of the United States call a constitutional convention for the specific and exclusive purpose of proposing an amendment to the federal constitution requiring in the absence of a national emergency that the total of all federal appro-

priations made by the congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenues for that fiscal year; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that this body also proposes that the legislatures of each of the several states comprising the United States apply to the congress requesting the enactment of an appropriate amendment to the federal constitution; or requiring the congress to call a constitutional convention for proposing such an amendment to the federal constitution; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that copies of this resolution be sent by the secretary of state to the members of New Mexico's delegation to the congress of the United States; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the secretary of state of this state is directed to send copies of this joint resolution to the secretary of state and presiding officers of both houses of the legislature of each of the other states in the union, the clerk of the United States house of representatives, Washington, D. C. and the secretary of the United States Senate, Washington, D. C.

New York Resolution (1789)

New York 3th May 1789

Sir

Pursuant to a concurrent Resolution of the Senate and Assembly I have the Honor to transmit, inclosed, to your Excellency, the Application of our Legislature in Behalf of their Constituents to the Congress on the Subject of Amendments to the Constitution of the United States, And I have to request that you will be pleased to communicate the same to your Legislature

I have the Honor to be with
the highest Respect and Esteem

Your Excellency's

Most Obedient
Servant

His Excellency
The Governour of the State of
Virginia

J. Clinton

Assembly
Governor Clinton

Letter inclos^d
Reasons of New York Assembly
respect^g Amendments to the
Federal Constitution

Octo 1789

In Assembly February 5th 1789.

Resolved, if the Honorable the Senate con-
-cur therein that an Application be made to the
Congress of the United States of America, in the
Name and behalf of the Legislature of this State,
in the words following, to wit.

The People of the State of New York having
ratified the Constitution agreed to on the seventeenth
Day of September, in the year of our Lord one thou-
-sand seven hundred and eighty seven, by the
Convention then Assembled at Philadelphia in
the State of Pennsylvania, as explained by the
said Ratification in the fullest Confidence of ob-
-taining a Revision of the said Constitution, by a
general Convention; and in Confidence that cer-
-tain powers in and by the said Constitution grant-
-ed would not be exercised, until a Convention
should have been called and Convened for propos-
-ing Amendments to the said Constitution. In
Compliance therefore, with the Unanimous sense
of the Convention of this State, who all united in
opinion, that such a Revision was necessary to
recommend the said Constitution to the Appro-
-bation and support of a numerous Body of their
Constituents; and a Majority of the Members of
which conceived several Articles of the Constitution

so exceptionable that nothing but such Confidence
and an invincible Reluctance to Separate from our
Sister States could have prevailed upon a sufficient
number to assent to it, without stipulating for pre-
vious Amendments: And from a Conviction that
the Apprehensions and Discontents which those
Articles occasion cannot be removed or allayed, unless
an Act to revise the said Constitution, be among the
first that shall be passed by the new Congress: We
the Legislature of the State of New York, do
in behalf of our Constituents in the most earnest and
Solemn manner make this Application to the Con-
gress, that a Convention of Deputies from the several
States, be called as early as possible, with full powers
to take the said Constitution into their Consideration,
and to propose such Amendments thereto, as they
shall find best calculated to promote our common
Interests, and secure to ourselves and our latest
Posterity, the great and unalienable Right of
Mankind.

By order of the Assembly
John Lansing Junr. Speaker
In Senate
February 7th 1789
By Order of the Senate

Pierre Van Cortlandt Pres^{id}

North Carolina SJR 1 (1979)



STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

Department of The Secretary of State

I, THAD EURE, Secretary of State of the State of North Carolina, do hereby certify the following and hereto attached **THREE** (3) sheets to be a true copy of **RESOLUTION 5**, 19 79 Sessions Laws entitled

A JOINT RESOLUTION APPLYING TO THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES TO CALL A CONVENTION TO PROPOSE AN AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES TO REQUIRE A BALANCED FEDERAL BUDGET.

ratified on the 29th day of January, 19 79, by

The General Assembly of North Carolina

the original of which is now on file and a matter of record in this office.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my official seal.

DONE IN OFFICE at Raleigh, this

the 14th day of February, 19 79




Secretary of State

RESOLUTION 5

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION 1

A JOINT RESOLUTION APPLYING TO THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES TO CALL A CONVENTION TO PROPOSE AN AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES TO REQUIRE A BALANCED FEDERAL BUDGET.

Whereas, believing that inflation is the most serious problem facing the people of the United States, and the primary cause of inflation is unchecked federal spending; and

Whereas, the State of North Carolina is required by its Constitution to have a balanced budget, and has long operated on a sound fiscal basis which the federal government would be well-served to emulate; and

Whereas, under Article V of the Constitution of the United States, amendments to the federal Constitution may be proposed by the Congress whenever two-thirds of both houses deem it necessary, or on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states, the Congress shall call a Constitutional Convention for the purpose of proposing amendments which shall be valid when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states or by conventions in three-fourths thereof;

Whereas, by Resolution 97 of the General Assembly, ratified July 1, 1977, the Congress was requested to submit an

amendment to the states to require a balanced federal budget, but the Congress has failed to act;

Now, therefore, be it resolved by the Senate, the House of Representatives concurring:

Section 1. That the Congress of the United States is requested to propose and submit to the states an amendment to the Constitution of the United States which would require that, in the absence of a national emergency, the federal budget be balanced each fiscal year within four years after the amendment is ratified by the various states.

Sec. 2. That, alternatively, this body respectfully petitions the Congress of the United States to call a convention for the exclusive purpose of proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States to require a balanced federal budget in the absence of a national emergency.

Sec. 3. That this application constitutes a continuing application in accordance with Article V of the Constitution of the United States until at least two-thirds of the legislatures of the several states have made similar applications pursuant to Article V, or until this application is rescinded by the General Assembly of North Carolina; but if Congress proposes an amendment to the Constitution identical in subject matter to that contained in this joint resolution before January 1, 1980, this petition for a Constitutional Convention shall no longer be of any effect.

Sec. 4. That this application and request be deemed rescinded in the event that the convention is not limited to the subject matter of this application.

Sec. 5. That since this application under Article V of the Constitution of the United States is the exercise of a fundamental power of the sovereign states under the Constitution of the United States, it is requested that receipt of this application by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the United States Congress be officially noted and duly entered upon their respective records, and that the full context of this resolution be published in the official publication of both the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Congress.

Sec. 6. That copies of this resolution be sent to the Secretaries of State, presiding officers of all state legislatures in the Union, the Clerk of the United States House of Representatives, the Secretary of the United States Senate, and each member of the North Carolina Congressional delegation.

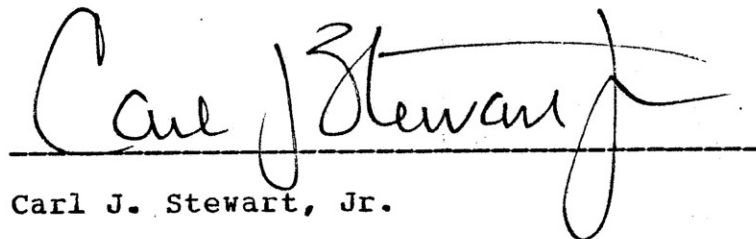
Sec. 7. This resolution is effective upon ratification.

In the General Assembly read three times and ratified, this the 29th day of January, 1979.



James C. Green

President of the Senate



Carl J. Stewart, Jr.

Speaker of the House of Representatives

North Dakota SCR 4018 (1975)

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA



DEPARTMENT OF STATE

State of North Dakota

To all to whom these presents shall come,

I, BEN MEIER, Secretary of State of the State of North Dakota, do hereby certify that the attached is a true and correct copy of Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 4018 as passed by the 44th Legislative Assembly of the State of North Dakota and filed on March 11, 1975.

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the Great Seal of the State at the Capitol in the City of Bismarck, this Twelfth day of June A. D., 1978

Ben Meier
SECRETARY OF STATE

By _____
DEPUTY

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4018
(Melland)

BALANCED FEDERAL BUDGET AMENDMENT

A concurrent resolution of the North Dakota Legislature calling for an amendment to the U.S. Constitution proposing to the several states the requirement of a balanced U.S. cash budget for each session of Congress except in time of war or national emergency.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE SENATE OF THE STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA, THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES CONCURRING THEREIN:

That we respectfully propose an amendment to the Constitution of the United States and call upon the people of the several states for a convention for such purpose as provided by Article V of the Constitution, the proposed Article providing as follows:

ARTICLE _____

SECTION 1. The president shall submit, at the beginning of each new Congress, an annual budget for the ensuing fiscal year setting forth in detail the total proposed expenditures and the total estimated revenue of the Federal Government from sources other than borrowing. The president may set new revenue estimates from time to time. Expenditures for each two-year period shall not exceed the estimated revenue except in time of war or a national emergency declared by the Congress. The provisions of this Article shall not apply to the refinancing of the national debt; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that copies of this resolution be forwarded by the Secretary of State to the legislatures of the several states.

Filed March 11, 1975

Ohio Resolution (1861)

ACTS OF A GENERAL NATURE
AND
LOCAL LAWS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS
PASSED BY THE
FIFTY-FOURTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY
OF THE
STATE OF OHIO:

AT ITS SECOND SESSION,
BEGUN AND HELD IN THE CITY OF COLUMBUS,

JANUARY 7, 1861,

AND IN THE FIFTY-NINTH YEAR OF SAID STATE.

VOLUME LVIII.

COLUMBUS:
RICHARD NEVINS, STATE PRINTER,
1861.

JOINT RESOLUTION,

Relative to thanksgiving day.

Resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, That the governor be and he is hereby requested, in the course of the current year, to issue his proclamation designating a day of public thanksgiving and prayer to Almighty God for his blessings vouchsafed to the people of Ohio.

P. HITCHCOCK,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

JAMES MONROE,
President pro tem. of the Senate.

Passed May 13, 1861

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE,
COLUMBUS, OHIO; May 15, 1861.

I certify that the foregoing General, Local and Special Laws, and Joint Resolutions, are correctly copied from the Original Rolls on file in this office.

ADDISON P. RUSSELL,
Secretary of State.

JOINT RESOLUTION,

Relative to requesting congress to call a convention of the several states of the Union.

Resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, That this general assembly does hereby make application to congress to call a convention for proposing amendments to the constitution of the United States, pursuant to the fifth article thereof.

Resolved, That the governor of this state be requested to communicate the above resolution to the president of the United States, with the request that he lay the same before congress.

ED. A. PARROTT,
Speaker pro tem. of the House of Representatives.

JAMES MONROE,
President pro tem. of the Senate.

Passed March 20, 1861.

JOINT RESOLUTION,

Relative to preserving the census returns, and also specimens of the borings of the artesian well.

Resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, That the secretary of state is hereby authorized and directed to deposit the duplicate returns of the United States census marshals for Ohio, of the census recently completed, in the state library; and that the librarian of the state library be authorized and directed to have said returns bound in a manner to correspond with the returns of the census of 1850, now deposited in the library: also,

Resolved, That the clerk of the superintendent of the state house be authorized and directed to prepare for and deposit in the state library a complete assortment of the specimens of the artesian well borings, which it has been his duty to preserve.

ED. A. PARROTT,
Speaker pro tem. of the House of Representatives.

JAMES MONROE,
President pro tem. of the Senate.

Passed March 20, 1861.

JOINT RESOLUTION,

Relative to the joint convention to elect a U. S. senator for the balance of the unexpired term of S. P. Chase.

Resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, That the members of the senate and house of representatives meet in joint convention in the hall of the house of representatives this afternoon at three o'clock, then and there to elect, according to law, a senator of the United States senate for the state of Ohio, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of the Hon. Salmon P. Chase, to hold his office until the 4th day of March, A. D. 1867.

ED. A. PARROTT,
Speaker pro tem. of the House of Representatives.

JAMES MONROE,
President pro tem. of the Senate.

Passed March 21, 1861.

Oklahoma HJR 1049 (1976)

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE



CERTIFICATE OF TRANSCRIPT

I, the undersigned Secretary of State of the State of Oklahoma, do hereby certify that the annexed transcript has been compared with the record on file in my office of which it purports to be a copy, and that the same is a full, true and correct copy of:

ENROLLED HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 1049

ENACTED BY THE SECOND REGULAR SESSION OF

THE THIRTY-FIFTH LEGISLATURE OF OKLAHOMA

APPROVED: APRIL 15, 1976



In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the Great Seal of the State of Oklahoma at the City of Oklahoma City this 17th *day of* June, 1978

Jerome W. Byrd
Secretary of State

By: *Jerry Ann Smedley*

Resolution

ENROLLED HOUSE JOINT
RESOLUTION NO. 1049

BY: STRATTON, GREEN, EDMONDSON,
MATHESON, DENMAN, HAMMONS,
HIBDON, HASTINGS, HOLT,
DUCKETT, BRUNTON, KILPATRICK,
CAMPBELL, COWAN, MANNING,
CUMMINGS, KAMAS, CAMP,
THORNHILL, ROBINSON,
CUNNINGHAM, CLEVELAND, COTNER,
HOLADAY, HOLDEN, JOHNSON
(Don), JOHNSON (Joe), WHORTON
and WICKERSHAM of the HOUSE

and

BERRONG, McCUNE, PIERCE,
DAWSON, WOLFE, TINSLEY,
TERRILL, BIRDSONG, FUNSTON,
GRANTHAM, INHOFE, KEATING and
LAMBERT of the SENATE

A JOINT RESOLUTION CONCERNING THE BUDGET OF THE UNITED STATES; THE PURPOSE OF REQUESTING APPROPRIATE ACTION BY THE CONGRESS, EITHER ACTING BY CONSENT OF TWO-THIRDS OF BOTH HOUSES OR, UPON THE APPLICATION OF THE LEGISLATURES OF TWO-THIRDS OF THE SEVERAL STATES, CALLING A CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION TO PROPOSE AN AMENDMENT TO THE FEDERAL CONSTITUTION TO REQUIRE, WITH CERTAIN EXCEPTIONS, THAT THE TOTAL OF ALL FEDERAL APPROPRIATIONS MAY NOT EXCEED THE TOTAL OF ALL ESTIMATED FEDERAL REVENUES IN ANY FISCAL YEAR.

WHEREAS, with each passing year this nation becomes more deeply in debt as its expenditures grossly and repeatedly exceed available revenues, so that the public debt now exceeds hundreds of billions of dollars.

WHEREAS, the annual federal budget continually demonstrates an unwillingness or inability of both the legislative and executive branches of the federal government to curtail spending to conform to available revenues.

Correctly Enrolled: *Maxwell M. ...* Chairman, COMMITTEE ON ENGROSSING AND ENROLLED BILLS

Correctly Enrolled: *Mr. W. P. Macfarlan* Chairman, COMMITTEE ON ENGROSSED AND ENROLLED BILLS

WHEREAS, unified budgets do not reflect actual spending because of the exclusion of special outlays which are not included in the budget nor subject to the legal public debt limit.

WHEREAS, knowledgeable planning, fiscal prudence and plain good sense require that the budget reflect all federal spending and be in balance.

WHEREAS, believing that fiscal irresponsibility at the federal level, with the inflation which results from this policy, is the greatest threat which faces our nation, we firmly believe that constitutional restraint is necessary to bring the fiscal discipline needed to restore financial responsibility.

WHEREAS, under Article V of the Constitution of the United States, amendments to the Federal Constitution may be proposed by the Congress whenever two-thirds of both Houses deem it necessary, or on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states that the Congress shall call a constitutional convention for the purpose of proposing amendments. We believe such action vital.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND THE SENATE OF THE 2ND SESSION OF THE 35TH OKLAHOMA LEGISLATURE:

SECTION 1. That this body proposes to the Congress of the United States that procedures be instituted in the Congress to add a new Article to the Constitution of the United States, and that the Legislature of the State of Oklahoma makes application and requests the Congress to prepare and submit to the several states an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, requiring in the absence of a national emergency that the total of all federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenues for that fiscal year.

SECTION 2. That alternatively, this Body requests that the Congress of the United States call a constitutional convention for the specific and exclusive purpose of proposing an amendment to the Federal Constitution requiring in the absence of a national emergency

Correctly Enrolled: *M. Bell Wright* Chairman, COMMITTEE ON ENGROSSED AND ENROLLED BILLS

that the total of all federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenues for that fiscal year.

SECTION 3. That this Body also proposes that the legislatures of each of the several states comprising the United States apply to the Congress requesting the enactment of an appropriate amendment to the Federal Constitution; or requiring the Congress to call a constitutional convention for proposing such an amendment to the Federal Constitution.

SECTION 4. That copies of this Resolution shall be sent by the Secretary of State to our members of Congress.

SECTION 5. That the Secretary of State of this state is directed to send copies of this Joint Resolution to the Secretary of State and presiding officers of both Houses of the Legislature, the Congress and of each of the other States in the Union.

Correctly Enrolled.....*M. S. W. W. W.*.....Chairman, COMMITTEE ON ENGROSSED AND ENROLLED BILLS

Passed the House of Representatives the 4th day of March, 1976.

Wm. P. Willis
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Passed the Senate the 8th day of April, 1976.

Henry B. Lambert
President of the Senate.

OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR

Received by the Governor this 13th
day of April, 1976,
at 3:00, o'clock P. M.

By: *Boston W. Smith*

Approved by the Governor of the State of Oklahoma the 15th day of
April, 1976, at 4:45 o'clock P. m.

[Signature]
Governor of the State of Oklahoma

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE

Received by the Secretary of State this 16th
day of April, 1976,
at 9:30, o'clock A. M.

By: *James W. Boyd*

Oregon SJM 2 (1977)

CERTIFICATE

State of Oregon

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE



I, NORMA PAULUS, Secretary of State of the State of Oregon, and Custodian of the Seal of said State, do hereby certify:

THAT the attached copy of Enrolled Senate Joint Memorial 2, 1977, Regular Session, has been compared with the original filed in my office on July 11, 1977, at 3:53 PM, and that same is a full and complete copy therefrom.

I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am legal custodian of the subject document.



In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed hereto the Seal of the State of Oregon.

Done at the Capitol at Salem, Oregon, this

12th day of June, A.D. 1978.
NORMA PAULUS, Secretary of State

By:


Assistant Secretary of State

Enrolled

Senate Joint Memorial 2

Sponsored by Senators ATTYEH, CARSON, JERNSTEDT, MEEKER, SMITH, WINGARD, Representatives DUFF, FROHNMAYER, HANNEMAN, C. JOHNSON, MARKHAM, MARTIN, MORRIS, ROGERS, RUTHERFORD, SHAW, WILHELMS, BROGOITTI, BUGAS, BURROWS, S. JOHNSON, JONES, KINSEY, LOMBARD, RAGSDALE, RIEBEL, VAN VLIET

To the Honorable Members of the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled:

We, your memorialists, the Fifty-ninth Legislative Assembly of the State of Oregon, in legislative session assembled, most respectfully represent as follows:

Whereas the level of federal expenditures demonstrates an unwillingness or inability of both the legislative and executive branches of the Federal Government to curtail spending to conform to available revenues; and

Whereas inflation is being fought almost exclusively by monetary policy while fiscal policy could and should be employed; and

Whereas the State of Oregon by its Constitution and its laws in adopting a budget must show a balanced relation between the total proposed spending and the total anticipated revenues or provide for paying the deficiency; and

Whereas it is just and proper that the United States of America in its obligation to provide leadership for all of the states of the union should pursue the same policy; and

Whereas a balanced budget would lessen the economic burdens on its citizens; and

Whereas a balanced budget would lessen the need for increased state and local taxes; now, therefore,

Be It Resolved by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Oregon:

(1) That this body respectfully petitions the Congress of the United States to call a convention for the specific and exclusive purpose of proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States to require a balanced federal budget and to make certain exceptions with respect thereto.

(2) That this application by this body constitutes a continuing application in accordance with Article V of the Constitution of the United States until at least two-thirds of the legislatures of the several states have made similar applications pursuant to Article V, but if Congress proposes an amendment to the Constitution identical in subject matter to that contained in this Joint Memorial before January 1, 1979, this petition for a constitutional convention shall no longer be of any force or effect.

(3) That this body propose that the legislative body of each of the several states comprising the United States apply to the Congress of the United States requiring the Congress to call a constitutional convention for proposing an appropriate amendment to the Federal Constitution or requesting the enactment of such an amendment to be submitted to the states for ratification.

(4) That a copy of this memorial shall be transmitted to the President of the United States; to each member of the Oregon Congressional Delegation; to the presiding officers of the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America; to each Governor of each state in the United States of America; and to the presiding officer of each legislative body in the United States of America.

ENROLLED

SENATE JOINT MEMORIAL 2

Adopted by Senate June 6, 1977

Maribel Cadmus
Secretary of Senate

Asa Ege
President of Senate

Adopted by House June 16, 1977

Philip D. Long
Speaker of House

FILED: July 11, 1977
AT 3:53 O'CLOCK P. M.
C. Roy McLeod
Assistant Secretary of State

Pennsylvania HR 236 (1976)



COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA
Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission
Bureau of the Pennsylvania State Archives
350 North Street
Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17120-0090
www.pastatearchives.com

I do hereby certify that the attached copies were reproduced from an original record on file at the Pennsylvania State Archives, Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission, Harrisburg, in Record Group 7, Records of the General Assembly; House of Representatives; House and Senate Bills and Resolutions (series #7.10), 1975-1976, House Resolution #236. I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the said Commission to be affixed this Eighth day of April A.D. 2016.



A handwritten signature in black ink, reading "Jonathan R. Stayer".

Jonathan R. Stayer, Archivist III
Pennsylvania State Archives

In the House of Representatives,

1 WHEREAS, Requesting appropriate action by the Congress,
2 either acting by consent of two-thirds of both Houses or, upon
3 the application of the Legislatures of two-thirds of the several
4 states, calling a Constitutional Convention to propose an
5 amendment to the Federal Constitution to require, with certain
6 exceptions, that the total of all Federal appropriations may not
7 exceed the total of all estimated Federal revenues in any fiscal
8 year.

9 WHEREAS, With each passing year this Nation becomes more
10 deeply in debt as its expenditures grossly and repeatedly exceed
11 available revenues, so that the public debt now exceeds hundreds
12 of billions of dollars; and

13 WHEREAS, The annual Federal budget continually demonstrates
14 an unwillingness or inability of both the legislative and
15 executive branches of the Federal Government to curtail spending
16 to conform to available revenues; and

17 WHEREAS, Unified budgets do not reflect actual spending

1 because of the exclusion of special outlays which are not
2 included in the budget nor subject to the legal public debt
3 limit; and

4 WHEREAS, Knowledgeable planning, fiscal prudence, and plain
5 good sense require that the budget reflect all Federal spending
6 and be in balance; and

7 WHEREAS, Believing that fiscal irresponsibility at the
8 Federal level, with the inflation which results from this
9 policy, is the greatest threat which faces our Nation, we firmly
10 believe that constitutional restraint is necessary to bring the
11 fiscal discipline needed to restore financial responsibility;
12 and

13 WHEREAS, Under Article V of the Constitution of the United
14 States, amendments to the Federal Constitution may be proposed
15 by the Congress whenever two-thirds of both Houses deem it
16 necessary, or on the application of the Legislatures of
17 two-thirds of the several states the Congress shall call a
18 Constitutional Convention for the purpose of proposing
19 amendments. We believe some such action vital; therefore be it

20 RESOLVED, (The Senate concurring), That the General Assembly
21 of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania proposes to the Congress of
22 the United States that procedures be instituted in the Congress
23 to add a new article to the Constitution of the United States,
24 and that the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of
25 Pennsylvania requests the Congress to prepare and submit to the
26 several states an amendment to the Constitution of the United
27 States, requiring in the absence of a national emergency that
28 the total of all Federal appropriations made by the Congress for
29 any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all estimated
30 Federal revenues for that fiscal year; and be it further

- 2 -

1 RESOLVED, That, alternatively, the General Assembly of the
2 Commonwealth of Pennsylvania makes application and requests that
3 the Congress of the United States States call a Constitutional
4 Convention for the specific and exclusive purpose of proposing
5 an amendment to the Federal Constitution requiring in the
6 absence of a national emergency that the total of all Federal
7 appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not
8 exceed the total of all estimated Federal revenues for that
9 fiscal year; and be it further

10 RESOLVED, That the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of
11 Pennsylvania also proposes that the Legislatures of each of the
12 several states comprising the United States apply to the
13 Congress requesting the enactment of an appropriate amendment to
14 the Federal Constitution; or requiring the Congress to call a
15 Constitutional Convention for proposing such an amendment to the
16 Federal Constitution; and be it further

17 RESOLVED, That copies of this resolution be sent to the
18 members of the Congress from Pennsylvania; and be it further

19 RESOLVED, That the Chief Clerk of the House of
20 Representatives send copies of this joint resolution to the
21 Secretary of State and presiding officers of both Houses of the
22 Legislature of each of the other states in the Union, the Clerk
23 of the United States House of Representatives, Washington, D. C.
24 and the Secretary of the United States Senate, Washington, D. C.

HOUSE
RESOLUTION

RESOLUTIONS

MAR 31 1976

No. 236

INTRODUCED _____, 19 _____

RULES

By Orsibella Seat NO. 116
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By Donnell Seat NO. 115
Stah 32

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S. Harges 36
W. W. Wilk 84

Westberg 16
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Kusse 87
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Ravenstahl 137
Mammillo 105

M.P. Mullin 27
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Laughlin 113
Taylor 45
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Handwritten signature/initials

South Carolina S 670 (1976)

Acts and Joint Resolutions

OF THE

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

OF THE

State of South Carolina

REGULAR SESSION OF 1976

Second Part
of **Fifty-Ninth Volume of Statutes at Large**
(The Acts and Joint Resolutions of 1975
Constitute the First Part)

PRINTED UNDER DIRECTION OF
THOMAS S. LINTON
CODE COMMISSIONER

(R772, S918)

No. 774

An Act To Authorize The Secretary Of State To Restore The Charter Of Plainview Rural Water Co., Inc.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of South Carolina :

SECTION 1. Charter may be restored.—Authority is hereby granted to the Secretary of State to restore the charter of Plainview Rural Water Co., Inc., upon the payment to the South Carolina Tax Commission of such taxes, penalties and interest as the commission shall find to be due. The Secretary of State shall note the reinstatement upon the record of the original charter.

SECTION 2. Time effective.—This act shall take effect upon approval by the Governor.

Became law without the signature of the Governor.

(R701, S670)

No. 775

A Joint Resolution To Request Appropriate Action By The Congress Of The United States, On Its Own Action By Consent Of Two-Thirds Of Both Houses Or On The Application Of The Legislatures Of Two-Thirds Of The Several States, To Propose An Amendment To The Constitution Of The United States To Require That The Total Of All Federal Appropriations May Not Exceed The Total Of All Estimated Federal Revenues In Any Fiscal Year, With Certain Exceptions.

Whereas, with each passing year this nation becomes more deeply in debt as its expenditures grossly and repeatedly exceed available revenues so that the public debt now exceeds hundreds of billions of dollars; and

Whereas, attempts to limit spending have resulted in strenuous objections that the responsibility for appropriations is the constitutional duty of the Congress; and

Whereas, the annual federal budget repeatedly demonstrates an unwillingness or inability of both the legislative and executive branches of the federal government to curtail spending to conform to available revenues; and

Whereas, the unified budget of over three hundred billion dollars for the current fiscal year does not reflect actual spending because of the exclusion of special outlays which are not included in the budget nor subject to the legal public debt limit; and

Whereas, knowledgeable planning and fiscal prudence require that the budget reflect all federal spending and that the budget be in balance; and

Whereas, believing that fiscal irresponsibility at the federal level, with the inflation which results from this policy, is the greatest threat which faces our nation, we firmly believe that constitutional restraint is necessary to bring the fiscal discipline needed to reverse this trend; and

Whereas, under Article V of the Constitution of the United States, amendments to the federal constitution may be proposed by the Congress whenever two-thirds of both houses deem it necessary, or on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states, the Congress shall call a constitutional convention for the purpose of proposing amendments. Now, therefore,

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of South Carolina:

SECTION 1. Amendment to U. S. Constitution proposed.—

The General Assembly of South Carolina proposes to the Congress of the United States that procedures be instituted in the Congress to add a new Article XXVII to the Constitution of the United States, and that the Congress prepare and submit to the several states an amendment to the Constitution of the United States requiring in the absence of a national emergency that the total of all federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of the estimated federal revenues, excluding any revenues derived from borrowing, for that fiscal year.

The General Assembly further and alternatively requests that the Congress of the United States call a constitutional convention for the specific and exclusive purpose of proposing such an amendment to the federal constitution, to be a new Article XXVII.

The General Assembly also proposes that the legislatures of each of the several states comprising the United States apply to the Congress requiring it to call a constitutional convention for proposing such an amendment to the federal constitution, to be a new Article XXVII, which shall read substantially as follows:

“ARTICLE XXVII

The total of all federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of the estimated federal revenues for that fiscal year, excluding any revenues derived from borrowing, and this prohibition extends to all federal appropriations and all estimated federal revenues, excluding any revenues derived from borrowing. The President in submitting budgetary requests and the Congress in enacting appropriation bills shall comply with this article. If the President proclaims a national emergency, suspending the requirement that the total of all federal appropriations not exceed the total estimated federal revenues for a fiscal year, excluding any revenues derived from borrowing, and two-thirds of all members elected to each house of the Congress so determine by joint resolution, the total of all federal appropriations may exceed the total estimated federal revenues for that fiscal year.”

SECTION 2. Copies to certain persons.—The Secretary of State is directed to forward copies of this resolution bearing the Great Seal of the State to the following persons: The President and Vice-President of the United States, the Speaker of the United States House of Representatives and each member of the South Carolina Congressional Delegation in Washington, D. C.

SECTION 3. Time effective.—This act shall take effect upon approval by the Governor.

Approved the 25th day of May, 1976.

(R495, H3475)

No. 776

An Act To Amend Act 1675 Of 1972, Relating To The Donalds-Due West Water And Sewer Authority, So As To Provide That Members Of The Authority Shall Be Appointed By The Governor And Provide For The Recommendations For Such Appointments.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of South Carolina:

South Carolina S 1024 (1978)

S. 1024

Jud.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

415

By Messrs. Gressette, Dennis

MEMORIALIZING CONGRESS TO CALL A CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION FOR THE PURPOSE OF AMENDING THE FEDERAL CONSTITUTION TO LIMIT ANNUAL FEDERAL APPROPRIATIONS TO ANNUAL REVENUES, WITH CERTAIN EXCEPTIONS.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF SOUTH CAROLINA



RECEIVED
1979 MAY 22 AM 9:17
U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Certified: A TRUE COPY

L. O. Thomas

L. O. THOMAS, Clerk of the S. C. Senate

IN THE SENATE
OF
SOUTH CAROLINA

DATE

ORDERED

Introduced May 3, 1978 Judiciary

Considered May 11, 1978 Adopted

SENT TO HOUSE

By Order of the Senate

/s/ L. O. Thomas
Clerk

IN THE HOUSE

DATE

ORDERED

Introduced May 15, 1978 Adopted

Considered

”

CONCURRED IN as amended and RETURNED to SENATE

By Order of the House

/s/ Lois T. Shealy
Clerk

IN THE SENATE May 16, 1978

House Amendments agreed to and a message sent accordingly

Concurrence of House RECEIVED AS INFORMATION

/s/ L. O. Thomas
Clerk

Calendar No. S. 1024

By SENATORS GRESSETTE and DENNIS

S. Printer's No. 436—S.

Introduced May 3, 1978.

THE COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

To whom was referred a Concurrent Resolution (S. 1024), memorializing Congress to call a Constitutional Convention, etc., respectfully

REPORT:

That they have duly and carefully considered the same, and recommend that the same do pass.

C. ANTHONY HARRIS, for Committee.

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Memorializing Congress to Call a Constitutional Convention for the Purpose of Amending the Federal Constitution to Limit Annual Federal Appropriations to Annual Revenues, with Certain Exceptions.

Whereas, with each passing year this Nation becomes more deeply in debt as congressional expenditures grossly and repeatedly exceed available revenues so that the public debt now exceeds a half-trillion dollars; and

Whereas, attempts to limit spending by means of the new congressional budget committee procedures have proved fruitless; and

Whereas, the annual Federal budget repeatedly demonstrates an unwillingness or inability of both the legislative and executive branches of the Federal government to curtail spending to conform to available revenues; and

Whereas, the proposed budget of five hundred billion dollars for fiscal year 1978-1979 does not reflect total spending because of the exclusion of special outlays which are not included in the budget nor subject to the legal public debt limit; and

Whereas, believing that fiscal irresponsibility at the Federal level, with the resulting inflation and decline in the Nation's trading position is a growing and corrosive threat to our economy, to the well-being of our people, and to our representative democracy, that constitutional restraint is necessary to bring the fiscal discipline needed to reverse this trend. Now, therefore,

Be it resolved by the Senate, the House of Representatives concurring:

That Congress is requested, pursuant to Article V of the United States Constitution, to call a constitutional convention for the specific and exclusive purpose of proposing an amendment to the Federal Constitution.

Be it further resolved that the proposed new amendment read substantially as follows:

"Proposed Article XXVII

The total of all federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year shall not exceed the total of the estimated federal revenues for that fiscal year, excluding any revenues derived from borrowing, and this prohibition extends to all federal appropriations and all estimated federal revenues, excluding any revenues derived from borrowing. The President in submitting budgetary requests and the Congress in enacting appropriation bills shall comply with this article.

The provisions of this article shall be suspended for one year upon the proclamation by the President of an unlimited national emergency. The suspension may be extended, but not for more than one year at any one time, if two-thirds of the membership of both Houses of Congress so determine by Joint Resolution."

Be it further resolved that copies of this resolution be forwarded to the President of the United States, the President of the United States Senate, the Speaker of the United States House of Representatives and to each member of Congress from South Carolina.

—XX—

Date DEC 20 1978

**CERTIFIED TO BE A TRUE AND CORRECT COPY
AS TAKEN FROM AND COMPARED WITH THE
ORIGINAL ON FILE IN THIS OFFICE.**

A. Robert Hamilton

SECRETARY OF STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

South Dakota SJR 1 (1979)

A JOINT RESOLUTION, Requesting appropriate action by the Congress, either acting by consent of two-thirds of both houses thereof or, upon the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states, calling a constitutional convention therefor to propose an amendment to the Constitution of the United States to require, with certain exceptions, that the total of all federal appropriations may not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenues in any fiscal year.

WHEREAS, with each passing year this nation becomes more deeply in debt as its annual expenditures frequently exceed annual available revenues, so that the public debt also steadily increases to a size of inordinate proportions; and

WHEREAS, unified budgets do not necessarily reflect actual spending because of the exclusion of special spending outlays which are not included in the budget nor are subject to the statutory legal public debt limit; and

WHEREAS, knowledgeable planning, fiscal prudence, and plain good sense require that the budget reflect all federal spending and be in balance; and

WHEREAS, we believe that fiscal irresponsibility at the federal level, with the inflation which results primarily from this policy, is the greatest threat which faces our nation, and that constitutional restraint is necessary to bring the fiscal discipline needed to restore financial responsibility; and

WHEREAS, under Article V of the Constitution of the United States, amendments to the Federal Constitution may be proposed by Congress whenever two-thirds of both houses deem it necessary, or on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states the Congress shall call a constitutional convention for the purpose of proposing such amendments:

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE SENATE OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA, THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES CONCURRING THEREIN:

That the Legislature does hereby make application to the Congress of the United States that procedures be instituted in the Congress to add a new article to the Constitution of the United States, and that the Legislature of the state of South Dakota hereby requests the Congress to prepare and submit to the several states an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, requiring in the absence of a national emergency, as defined by law, that the total of all federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenues for that fiscal year; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that alternatively, this Legislature hereby makes application under said Article V of the Constitution of the United States and with the same force and effect as if this Resolution consisted of this portion alone and requests that the Congress of the United States call a constitutional convention for the specific and exclusive purpose of proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States requiring in the absence of a national emergency, as defined by law, that the total of all federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenues for that fiscal year; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that this application and request be deemed null and void, rescinded, and of no effect in the event that such convention not be limited to such specific and exclusive purpose; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that this application by this Legislature constitutes a continuing application in accordance with Article V of the Constitution of the United States until at least two-thirds of the legislatures of the several states have made applications for similar relief pursuant to Article V, but, if Congress proposes an amendment

to the Constitution identical in subject matter to that contained in this Joint Resolution then this petition for a Constitutional Convention shall no longer be of any force or effect; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that this Legislature also proposes that the legislatures of each of the several states comprising the United States apply to the Congress requesting the enactment of an appropriate amendment to the Federal Constitution, or requiring the Congress to call a constitutional convention for proposing such an amendment to the Federal Constitution; and

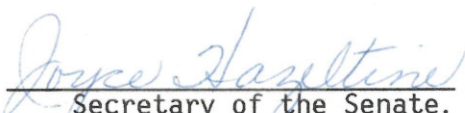
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that copies of this Joint Resolution be sent by the Secretary of State to each member of the South Dakota Congressional Delegation; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Secretary of State is directed to send copies of this Joint Resolution to the presiding officers of both Houses of the Legislature of each of the other states in the Union, the Clerk of the United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C. and the Secretary of the United States Senate, Washington, D. C.

Requesting appropriate action by the Congress, either acting by consent of two-thirds of both houses thereof or, upon the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states, calling a constitutional convention therefor to propose an amendment to the Constitution of the United States to require, with certain exceptions, that the total of all federal appropriations may not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenues in any fiscal year.

I certify that the attached Resolution originated in the

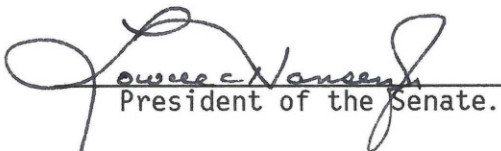
SENATE
as SENATE
Joint Resolution No. 1


Secretary of the Senate.

STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA, ss.

Office of the Secretary of State

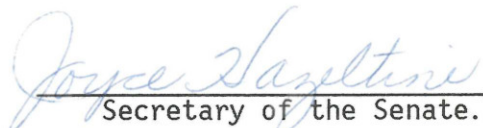
Filed Jan 31
1979 at 10
o'clock A M.

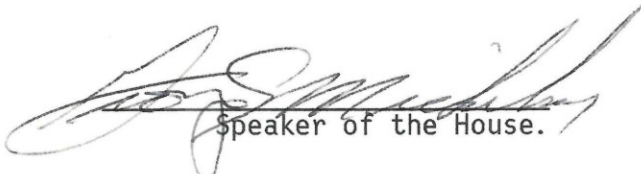

President of the Senate.


Secretary of State.

Attest:


By _____
Asst. Sec'y of State


Secretary of the Senate.


Speaker of the House.

Attest:


Chief Clerk.

Filed this 31st day of
January, 19 79
at 10:00 AM

SECRETARY OF STATE

Senate Joint Resolution No. 1
File No. 1
Chapter No. _____

Tennessee HJR 22 (1977)

State of Tennessee



Department of State

To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting:

I Gentry Crowell, Secretary of State of the State of Tennessee, do hereby certify, that, the annexed, is a true copy of

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 22

90th GENERAL ASSEMBLY - 1977

the original of which is now on file, and a matter of record in this office.

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto subscribed my Official Signature, and by order of the Governor, affixed the Great Seal of the State of Tennessee, at the Department, in the City of Nashville, this 21st day of June A.D. 1978



Gentry Crowell
Secretary of State

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 22**By Wallace, Fuqua, Lanier, Naifeh, Turner, Bishop**

A RESOLUTION to make application to the United States Congress to call a constitutional convention for the purpose of proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States to require that the total of all federal appropriations may not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenues in any fiscal year, with a certain exception.

WHEREAS, each year this nation becomes more deeply in debt as its expenditures grossly and repeatedly exceed available revenues so that the legal public debt limit has exceeded 437 billion dollars; and

WHEREAS, attempts to limit spending, including impoundment of funds by the President of the United States, have resulted in strenuous objections that the responsibility for appropriations is the constitutional duty of the Congress; and

WHEREAS, nonetheless, the annual budget repeatedly demonstrates an unwillingness or inability to curtail spending to conform to available revenues; and

WHEREAS, the federal budget never reflects actual spending because of the exclusion of special outlays which are neither included in the budget nor subject to the legal public debt limit; and

WHEREAS, knowledgeable planning requires that the budget reflect all federal spending and that the budget be in balance; and

WHEREAS, believing that fiscal irresponsibility at the federal level, with the inflation which results from this policy, is the greatest threat which faces our nation, we firmly believe that a constitutional restraint is necessary to bring the fiscal disciplines needed to reverse this trend; now, therefore,

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE NINETIETH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF TENNESSEE, THE SENATE CONCURRING, That pursuant to Article V of the Constitution of the United States, application is hereby made to the United States Congress to call a convention for the purpose of considering and proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States to require that, in the absence of a national emergency, the total of all federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of the estimated federal revenues for that fiscal year, such amendment to read substantially as follows:

The total of all federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of the estimated federal revenues for that fiscal year; and this prohibition extends to all federal appropriations and all estimated federal revenues without exception. The President in submitting budgetary requests and the Congress in enacting appropriation bills shall comply with this article. If the President proclaims a national emergency, suspending the requirement that the total of all federal appropriations not exceed the total estimated federal revenues for a fiscal year, and two-thirds (2/3) of all members elected to each house of the Congress so determine by joint resolution, the total of all federal appropriations may exceed the total estimated federal revenues for that fiscal year.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That this application shall constitute a continuing application for such convention under Article V of the Constitution of the United States until the legislatures of two-thirds (2/3) of the several states shall have made like applications and such convention shall have been called and held in conformity therewith, unless the Congress itself proposes such amendment within the time and the manner herein provided.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That proposal of such amendment by the Congress and its submission for ratification to the legislatures of the several states substantially in the form of the article hereinabove specifically set forth, at any time prior to sixty (60) days after the legislatures of two-thirds (2/3) of the several states shall have made application for such convention, shall render such convention unnecessary and the same shall not be held. Otherwise, such convention shall be called and held in conformity with such applications.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That as this application under Article V of the Constitution of the United States is the exercise of a fundamental power of the sovereign states under the Constitution of the United States, it is requested that receipt of this application by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States be officially noted and duly entered upon their respective records, and that the full context of this resolution be published in the official publication of both the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Congress.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That certified copies of this Resolution be transmitted forthwith to the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States, to each Senator and Representative in Congress from this state, and to each house of the legislature and to the Secretary of State of each of the several states.

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 22

ADOPTED: March 24, 1977




SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES



SPEAKER OF THE SENATE

APPROVED this 30th day of March 19 77



GOVERNOR

Texas SCR 4 (1899)

GENERAL LAWS
OF
THE STATE OF TEXAS

PASSED AT THE
REGULAR SESSION

OF THE
TWENTY-SIXTH LEGISLATURE

CONVENED AT THE
CITY OF AUSTIN, JANUARY 10, 1899,

AND
ADJOURNED MAY 27, 1899.



D. H. HARDY, SECRETARY OF STATE.

AUSTIN, TEXAS:
VON BOECKMANN, MOORE & SCHUTZE, STATE PRINTERS.
1899.

CERTIFICATE.

THE STATE OF TEXAS,
DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

I, D. H. Hardy, Secretary of State of the State of Texas, do hereby certify that the foregoing laws and resolutions, passed at the regular session of the Twenty-sixth Legislature, have been carefully examined and compared by me with the original enrolled bills now on file in this department, and are true copies of said original enrolled bills.

I do hereby further certify that the Twenty-sixth Legislature convened in the city of Austin on the tenth day of January, A. D. 1899, and adjourned on the twenty-seventh day of May, A. D. 1899.

[SEAL.] In testimony whereof, I have hereto subscribed my name, and have hereto affixed the seal of the State of Texas, in the city of Austin, this seventh day of July, A. D. 1899.

D. H. HARDY,
Secretary of State.

fully carry out this obligation, which was voluntarily taken by our party, in convention assembled.

Resolved further, that so soon as the commission appointed to investigate and ascertain the exact status of the public domain and of the public free school lands of Texas shall make report to the Governor the amount of said land still belonging to the State, that steps shall be taken to establish said university for the colored race, either by appropriating public domain, if there is any public domain, or by appropriating lands regained to the State from railway corporations that have refused to comply with their charter grants or to obey the laws of Texas.

Approved June 5, 1899.

CONVENTION FOR PROPOSING AMENDMENTS TO CONSTITUTION OF UNITED STATES.

S. C. R. No. 4.] CONCURRENT RESOLUTION.

Whereas, the Constitution of the United States of America provided that Congress, on the application of the Legislatures of two-thirds of the several States, shall call a convention for proposing amendments to said Constitution;

Therefore, we, the Senate of the State of Texas, the House of Representatives of the State of Texas concurring, do hereby petition and request the Congress of the United States of America to call a convention for proposing amendments to said Constitution as soon as the Legislatures of two-thirds of the several States of the United States of America shall concur in this resolution by applying to Congress to call said convention.

Be it further resolved, that the Secretary of State be and is hereby directed to send a copy of this resolution to the Congressmen from Texas, and to the Governor of each State at once, and to the Legislatures of the several States as they convene, with a request of them to concur with us in this resolution.

[NOTE.—The enrolled bill shows that the foregoing act passed the Senate, vote not given; and passed the House of Representatives, vote not given.]

Approved June 5, 1899.

IRRIGATING—AMENDING ARTICLE 8 BY ADDING SECTION 20.

H. J. R. No. 35.] JOINT RESOLUTION.

Amending Article 8, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, by adding thereto Section 20, providing for the organization of irrigation districts, and for the levying and collection of a tax for the construction of reservoirs, dams and canals.

Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

That Article 8, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, be amended by adding thereto Section 20, as follows:

Section 20. In addition to the powers of taxation granted in the

Texas HCR 31 (1977)



The State of Texas

SECRETARY OF STATE

I, GEORGE W. STRAKE, JR., Secretary of State of the State of Texas, DO HEREBY CERTIFY that the attached is a true and correct copy of House Concurrent Resolution Number 31 as passed by the 65th Legislature, Regular Session, 1977, signed by the Governor on June 16, 1977 and filed in this office on June 16, 1977.



IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto signed my name officially and caused to be impressed hereon the Seal of State at my office in the City of Austin, this

9th day of March, A. D. 19 79.

GW Strake, Jr.

Secretary of State

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

WHEREAS, With each passing year this nation becomes more deeply in debt as its expenditures grossly and repeatedly exceed available revenues, so that the public debt now exceeds hundreds of billions of dollars; and

WHEREAS, The annual federal budget continually demonstrates an unwillingness or inability of both the legislative and executive branches of the federal government to curtail spending to conform to available revenues; and

WHEREAS, Unified budgets do not reflect actual spending because of the exclusion of special outlays which are not included in the budget nor subject to the legal public debt limit; and

WHEREAS, Knowledgeable planning, fiscal prudence, and plain good sense require that the budget reflect all federal spending and be in balance; and

WHEREAS, Believing that fiscal irresponsibility at the federal level, with the inflation which results from this policy, is the greatest threat which faces our nation, we firmly believe that constitutional restraint is necessary to bring the fiscal discipline needed to restore financial responsibility; and

WHEREAS, Under Article V of the Constitution of the United States, amendments to the federal constitution may be proposed by the congress whenever two-thirds of both houses deem it necessary, or on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states the congress shall call a constitutional convention

for the sole purpose of proposing amendments. We believe such action vital; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED by the House of Representatives of the State of Texas, the Senate concurring, That the 65th Legislature propose to the Congress of the United States that procedures be instituted in the congress to add a new article to the Constitution of the United States, and that the State of Texas request the congress to prepare and submit to the several states an amendment to the Constitution of the United States requiring, in the absence of a national emergency, that the total of all federal appropriations made by the congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenues for that fiscal year; and, be it further

RESOLVED, That, alternatively, this body request that the Congress of the United States call a constitutional convention for the specific and exclusive purpose of proposing an amendment to the federal constitution requiring in the absence of a national emergency that the total of all federal appropriations made by the congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenues for that fiscal year; and, be it further

RESOLVED, That this body also propose that the legislatures of each of the several states comprising the United States apply to the congress requesting the enactment of an appropriate amendment to the federal constitution; or requiring the congress to call a constitutional convention for proposing such an amendment to the federal constitution; and, be it further

RESOLVED, That official copies of this resolution be prepared and forwarded to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the

H.C.R. No. 31

House of Representatives of the United States Congress and to all members of the Texas delegation to congress; and, be it further

RESOLVED, That official copies of this resolution also be prepared and forwarded to the secretaries of state and to the presiding officers of the legislatures of the other states with the request that they join this state in making application to the United States Congress to call a convention for proposing the aforementioned amendment to the United States Constitution.

W.P. Hobby

President of the Senate

Carl Albert

Speaker of the House

I certify that H.C.R. No. 31 was adopted by the House on May 23, 1977, by a non-record vote.

Betty Murray

Chief Clerk of the House

I certify that H.C.R. No. 31 was adopted by the Senate on May 30, 1977, by the following vote: Yeas 25, Nays 6.

Betty King

Secretary of the Senate

APPROVED:

June 16, 1977

Date

W.P. Hobby

Governor

FILED IN THE OFFICE OF THE
SECRETARY OF STATE
3:45 p.m. O'CLOCK

JUN 16 1977

Mark White
Secretary of State

Texas HCR 13 (1978)

GENERAL AND SPECIAL LAWS

THE STATE OF TEXAS

Passed By The
SECOND CALLED SESSION
of the
SIXTY-FIFTH LEGISLATURE

Convened at the
City of Austin, July 10, 1978
and
Adjourned August 8, 1978

Published under the Authority of The State of Texas



STEVEN C. OAKS Secretary of State

The State of Texas

Secretary of State

I, GEORGE W. STRAKE, JR., Secretary of State of the State of Texas DO HEREBY CERTIFY that the following General and Special Laws and Resolutions passed at the Second Called Session of the Sixty-Fifth Legislature of the State of Texas, convened the 10th day of July, 1978, and adjourned the 8th day of August, 1978, have been carefully examined and compared by me with the original enrolled bills now on file in the Office of the Secretary of State, and that they are true and correct copies of said original enrolled bills.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto signed my name officially and caused to be impressed hereon the Seal of State at my office in the City of Austin, this 28th day of September, A.D. 1979.



A handwritten signature in cursive script, reading "George W. Strake, Jr.", written over a horizontal line.

Secretary of State

65th LEGISLATURE—SECOND CALLED SESSION

Martin of Mitchell	Rains	Thompson
Martin of Live Oak	Rangel	Uher
Massey	Reyes	Untermeyer
Mayes	Ribak	Uribe
Miller	Robbins	Vale
Millsap	Rudd	Valles
Moreno	Salinas	Von Dohlen
Nabers	Schieffer	Wallace
Now in	Schlueter	Washington
Nugent	Semos	Waters
Olson	Simpson	Watson
Orr	Slack	Whitehead
Patterson	Smith	Whitmire
Peveto	Smothers	Wieting
Polumbo	Stubbeman	Willis
Powers	Sullivant	Wilson of Fayette
Presnal	Sutton	Wilson of Harris
Price	Tejeda	Wright
Ragsdale	Temple	Wyatt

Adopted by the House on July 20, 1978; adopted by the Senate on July 24, 1978.

Approved Aug. 4, 1978.

Filed with the Secretary of State, Aug. 7, 1978.

REQUEST OF CONGRESS—CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT REQUIRING BALANCED FEDERAL BUDGET

H. C. R. No. 13

WHEREAS, The overwhelming endorsement by California voters of Proposition 13 has spurred a nationwide taxpayer's revolt against high taxes and excessive government spending; and

WHEREAS, While numerous local governments and states, including Texas, are sincerely responding to citizen demands for tax limitations coupled with responsible spending, the federal government, where budget restraint is most needed, has reacted to the message of Proposition 13 in a halfhearted and disappointing manner; and

WHEREAS, The federal budget is increasing at an alarming rate, several times that of inflation, as seen by a 140 percent increase since 1970; and

WHEREAS, The federal government through many years of deficit spending has incurred a national debt of astronomical and dangerous proportions; the gross national debt is currently estimated to be almost \$800 billion, over twice the figure for 1962 and about 40 percent of the nation's gross national product; and

WHEREAS, Statutorily imposed "permanent" debt ceilings, repeatedly raised by congress, have proved to be no impediment to the monstrous growth of the national debt; this disgraceful legacy for future generations has swollen by \$177 billion over the past three years and has fostered an interest payment of \$50 billion for this year; and

RESOLUTIONS

WHEREAS, Persistent deficit financing is a major factor contributing to income-robbing inflation, high interest rates, and an unstable, unpredictable economy, and results in the funding of government programs of questionable benefit and need; and

WHEREAS, Texas' enviable financial position among state governments is largely due to its "pay-as-you-go" constitutional provision restricting deficit spending by the legislature; and

WHEREAS, During the 1977 regular session, this legislature adopted House Concurrent Resolution No. 31 memorializing congress to initiate a constitutional amendment that would similarly prevent deficit spending and therefore halt the growth of the national debt, the greatest threat to this nation's future well-being; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED by the House of Representatives of the State of Texas, the Senate concurring, That the 65th Legislature, 2nd Called Session, hereby reaffirm the provisions of House Concurrent Resolution No. 31 calling for an amendment to the United States Constitution requiring a balanced annual federal budget and hereby request the Texas congressional delegation to sponsor this vital amendment; and, be it further

RESOLVED, That this amendment require the achievement of a balanced budget within a reasonable period after adoption and establish a procedure for amortizing the national debt; and, be it further

RESOLVED, That the Governor of Texas be hereby requested to actively seek the sponsorship of the amendment by the Texas congressional delegation and to use the financial resources of his office to promote support for the amendment; and, be it further

RESOLVED, That the governor, lieutenant governor, and speaker of the house be hereby requested to contact government leaders of other states to solicit and encourage support for the amendment; and, be it further

RESOLVED, That the lieutenant governor and speaker of the house be authorized to designate separate or joint committees or individual legislators to represent them and the state in this endeavor and that reasonable expenses incurred by them or their designees in efforts to initiate the amendment be paid from the contingent expense fund of the appropriate house; and, be it further

RESOLVED, That official copies of this resolution be prepared and forwarded to the President of the United States, to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives of the United States Congress, and to all members of the Texas delegation to the congress with the request that this resolution be officially entered in the Congressional Record as a memorial to the Congress of the United States of America.

Adopted by the House on July 20, 1978, by a non-record vote; adopted by the Senate on July 24, 1978: Yeas 27, Nays 2.

Approved Aug. 7, 1978.

Filed with the Secretary of State, Aug. 7, 1978.

SUIT AGAINST STATE—CANYON CREEK PROPERTIES

H. C. R. No. 15

WHEREAS, Canyon Creek Properties, a limited partnership doing business in Randall County, alleges that the State Department of High-

1 contributing to income-robbing inflation, high interest rates, and
2 an unstable, unpredictable economy, and results in the funding of
3 government programs of questionable benefit and need; and

4 WHEREAS, Texas' enviable financial position among state
5 governments is largely due to its "pay-as-you-go" constitutional
6 provision restricting deficit spending by the legislature; and

7 WHEREAS, During the 1977 regular session, this legislature
8 adopted House Concurrent Resolution No. 31 memorializing congress
9 to initiate a constitutional amendment that would similarly prevent
10 deficit spending and therefore halt the growth of the national
11 debt, the greatest threat to this nation's future well-being; now,
12 therefore, be it

13 RESOLVED by the House of Representatives of the State of
14 Texas, the Senate concurring, That the 65th Legislature, 2nd Called
15 Session, hereby reaffirm the provisions of House Concurrent
16 Resolution No. 31 calling for an amendment to the United States
17 Constitution requiring a balanced annual federal budget and hereby
18 request the Texas congressional delegation to sponsor this vital
19 amendment; and, be it further

20 RESOLVED, That this amendment require the achievement of a
21 balanced budget within a reasonable period after adoption and
22 establish a procedure for amortizing the national debt; and, be it
23 further

24 RESOLVED, That the Governor of Texas be hereby requested to
25 actively seek the sponsorship of the amendment by the Texas
26 congressional delegation and to use the financial resources of his
27 office to promote support for the amendment; and, be it further

1 RESOLVED, That the governor, lieutenant governor, and speaker
2 of the house be hereby requested to contact government leaders of
3 other states to solicit and encourage support for the amendment;
4 and, be it further

5 RESOLVED, That the lieutenant governor and speaker of the
6 house be authorized to designate separate or joint committees or
7 individual legislators to represent them and the state in this
8 endeavor and that reasonable expenses incurred by them or their
9 designees in efforts to initiate the amendment be paid from the
10 contingent expense fund of the appropriate house; and, be it
11 further

12 RESOLVED, That official copies of this resolution be prepared
13 and forwarded to the President of the United States, to the
14 President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of
15 Representatives of the United States Congress, and to all members
16 of the Texas delegation to the congress with the request that this
17 resolution be officially entered in the Congressional Record as a
18 memorial to the Congress of the United States of America.

F

H.C.R. No. 13

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

1 WHEREAS, The overwhelming endorsement by California voters of
2 Proposition 13 has spurred a nationwide taxpayer's revolt against
3 high taxes and excessive government spending; and

4 WHEREAS, While numerous local governments and states,
5 including Texas, are sincerely responding to citizen demands for
6 tax limitations coupled with responsible spending, the federal
7 government, where budget restraint is most needed, has reacted to
8 the message of Proposition 13 in a halfhearted and disappointing
9 manner; and

10 WHEREAS, The federal budget is increasing at an alarming
11 rate, several times that of inflation, as seen by a 140 percent
12 increase since 1970; and

13 WHEREAS, The federal government through many years of deficit
14 spending has incurred a national debt of astronomical and dangerous
15 proportions; the gross national debt is currently estimated to be
16 almost \$800 billion, over twice the figure for 1962 and about 40
17 percent of the nation's gross national product; and

18 WHEREAS, Statutorily imposed "permanent" debt ceilings,
19 repeatedly raised by congress, have proved to be no impediment to
20 the monstrous growth of the national debt; this disgraceful legacy
21 for future generations has swollen by \$177 billion over the past
22 three years and has fostered an interest payment of \$50 billion for
23 this year; and

24 WHEREAS, Persistent deficit financing is a major factor

1 contributing to income-robbing inflation, high interest rates, and
2 an unstable, unpredictable economy, and results in the funding of
3 government programs of questionable benefit and need; and

4 WHEREAS, Texas' enviable financial position among state
5 governments is largely due to its "pay-as-you-go" constitutional
6 provision restricting deficit spending by the legislature; and

7 WHEREAS, During the 1977 regular session, this legislature
8 adopted House Concurrent Resolution No. 31 memorializing congress
9 to initiate a constitutional amendment that would similarly prevent
10 deficit spending and therefore halt the growth of the national
11 debt, the greatest threat to this nation's future well-being; now,
12 therefore, be it

13 RESOLVED by the House of Representatives of the State of
14 Texas, the Senate concurring, That the 65th Legislature, 2nd Called
15 Session, hereby reaffirm the provisions of House Concurrent
16 Resolution No. 31 calling for an amendment to the United States
17 Constitution requiring a balanced annual federal budget and hereby
18 request the Texas congressional delegation to sponsor this vital
19 amendment; and, be it further

20 RESOLVED, That this amendment require the achievement of a
21 balanced budget within a reasonable period after adoption and
22 establish a procedure for amortizing the national debt; and, be it
23 further

24 RESOLVED, That the Governor of Texas be hereby requested to
25 actively seek the sponsorship of the amendment by the Texas
26 congressional delegation and to use the financial resources of his
27 office to promote support for the amendment; and, be it further

1 RESOLVED, That the governor, lieutenant governor, and speaker
2 of the house be hereby requested to contact government leaders of
3 other states to solicit and encourage support for the amendment;
4 and, be it further

5 RESOLVED, That the lieutenant governor and speaker of the
6 house be authorized to designate separate or joint committees or
7 individual legislators to represent them and the state in this
8 endeavor and that reasonable expenses incurred by them or their
9 designees in efforts to initiate the amendment be paid from the
10 contingent expense fund of the appropriate house; and, be it
11 further

12 RESOLVED, That official copies of this resolution be prepared
13 and forwarded to the President of the United States, to the
14 President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of
15 Representatives of the United States Congress, and to all members
16 of the Texas delegation to the congress with the request that this
17 resolution be officially entered in the Congressional Record as a
18 memorial to the Congress of the United States of America.

H.C.R. No. 13

President of the Senate

Speaker of the House

I certify that H.C.R. No. 13 was adopted by the House on July 20, 1978, by a non-record vote.

Chief Clerk of the House

I certify that H.C.R. No. 13 was adopted by the Senate on July 24, 1978, by the following vote: Yeas 27, Nays 2.

Secretary of the Senate

APPROVED: _____

Date

Governor

H. C. R. No. 13

By Tom Bohlen et al

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

memorializing congress to initiate a constitutional amendment requiring a balanced federal budget.

JUL 20 1978

NOTION TO SUSPEND ALL NECESSARY RULES IN ORDER TO TAKE UP AND CONSIDER AT THIS TIME ~~OF~~ PREVAILED BY NON-RECORD VOTE.

JUL 20 1978

1. Filed with the Chief Clerk. _____
2. Read first time and referred to Committee on _____
3. Reported _____ favorably (as amended) and sent to Printer at _____ M. unfavorably (time)
4. Printed and distributed. _____ M. (time)
5. Read and (adopted) ~~(amended)~~ by a (Non-record Vote) ~~(Record Vote of _____ years _____ present, non-voting)~~ _____
6. Ordered Engrossed _____ M. (time)
7. Engrossed. _____
8. Returned to Chief Clerk at _____ M. (time)

JUL 24 1978

Betty Murray
Chief Clerk of the House

9. Sent to Senate. _____

JUL 24 1978 10. Received from the House.
11. Read first time and referred to Committee on _____

12. Reported favorably.
13. Ordered not printed by the Senate.

JUL 24 1978 14. Immediate consideration ordered by ~~unanimous consent~~ (27 yeas, 2 nays)

JUL 24 1978 15. Read and adopted.
Buty King
Secretary of the Senate

July 24, 1978 16. Returned to the House.

JUL 24 1978 17. Received from the Senate (~~with~~)
18. House (Concurred) (Refused to Concur) in Senate Amendments by a (Non-record Vote) (Record Vote of _____ yeas, _____ nays, _____ present, not voting).

19. Conference Committee Ordered.

20. Conference Committee Report Adopted (Rejected) by a (Non-record Vote) (Record Vote of _____ yeas, _____ nays, and _____ present, not voting).

JUL 24 1978 21. Ordered Enrolled at 2:25 P. M. (time)

Utah HJR 12 (1979)

STATE OF UTAH

MAR - 7 1979



Jud.
57

Office of Secretary of State

I, DAVID S. MONSON, LT. GOVERNOR/SECRETARY OF STATE OF THE STATE OF UTAH, HEREBY CERTIFY THAT the attached is an original copy of an engrossed bill, House Joint Resolution No. 12, Balanced Federal Budget Resolution, which was passed by the Forty-Third Legislature, State of Utah in the 1979 General Session as appears of record in my office.

RECEIVED

1979 MAR -7 PM 1:44

THE SPEAKER'S ROOMS
U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES



IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the Great Seal of the State of Utah at Salt Lake City, this 28TH day of FEBRUARY A.D. 1979.

David S. Monson

LT./GOVERNOR SECRETARY OF STATE

AUTHORIZED PERSON



Utah State Legislature Resolution

BALANCED FEDERAL BUDGET RESOLUTION

1979

GENERAL SESSION

Engrossed Copy

H.J.R. No. 12 By Gary H. Brockbank
 LeRay L. McAllister
 James V. Hansen
 Norman H. Bangerter
 Lorin E. Allred
 John B. Arrington
 Genevieve Atwood
 Rob B. Bishop
 Glen E. Brown
 T. Quentin Cannon
 Tom Christensen
 Leon F. Christiansen
 Ted M. Davis
 Mike Dmitrich
 Charles L. Doane
 Neal B. Evans
 Lee W. Farnsworth
 Rey Florez
 Jeff Fox
 Ray D. Free
 Willard Hale Gardner
 Robert H. Garff
 John M. Garr
 Sherman D. Harmer, Jr.
 Orval C. Harrison
 Merrill W. Harward
 William E. Hawkes
 Marvin S. Heslop
 John Hollingshaus
 Bruce E. Humberstone
 David R. Irvine
 Duayne T. Johnson
 S. Garth Jones
 Keith E. Jorgenson
 C. DeMont Judd, Jr.
 Franklin W. Knowlton
 Stanley A. Leavitt
 Clifford S. LeFevre
 Roger A. Livingston
 Gayle F. McKeachnie
 Dix H. McMullin
 Paul F. Mecham
 Eldon A. Money
 Ray Nielsen
 Evan L. Olsen
 Lorin N. Pace
 E. Reed Palmer
 Charles E. Parkin
 Jen A. Patterson
 Cary Peterson
 Georgia B. Peterson
 Lowell S. Peterson
 Roger F. Rawson
 Charles Hardy Redd
 D. Leon Reese
 George LaMont Richards





Paul Rogers
John B. Rowe
Carl R. Saunders
Ray S. Schmutz
P. Lloyd Selleneit
John E. Smith
Ennis R. Starr
Ronald L. Stephens
Don R. Strong

Robert B. Sykes
Samuel S. Taylor
Norman O. Wahlstrom
Kevin Watt
Beverly J. White
James J. White
Joe E. Whitesides
Keith W. Wilcox
Warren S. Wimmer

A JOINT RESOLUTION OF THE GENERAL SESSION OF THE 43RD LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF UTAH, CALLING UPON CONGRESS TO PASS A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT TO REQUIRE, IN THE ABSENCE OF A NATIONAL EMERGENCY, THAT THE TOTAL OF ALL FEDERAL APPROPRIATIONS BY CONGRESS FOR ANY FISCAL YEAR MAY NOT EXCEED THE TOTAL OF ALL ESTIMATED FEDERAL REVENUES FOR THAT FISCAL YEAR; APPLYING TO CONGRESS TO INITIATE PROCEEDINGS TO THAT END, OR, IN THE ALTERNATIVE, TO CALL A CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION FOR THE SOLE PURPOSE OF PROPOSING SUCH AN AMENDMENT; AND CALLING UPON THE LEGISLATURES OF THE SEVERAL STATES LIKEWISE TO APPLY TO CONGRESS TO TAKE SUCH ACTION.

Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Utah:

WHEREAS, with each passing year, this Nation becomes more deeply in debt as its expenditures grossly and repeatedly exceed available revenues, so that the public debt now exceeds hundreds of billions of dollars;

WHEREAS, the annual federal budget continually demonstrates an unwillingness or inability of both the legislative and executive branches of the federal government to curtail spending to conform to available revenues;

WHEREAS, unified budgets do not reflect actual spending because of the exclusion of special outlays which are not included in the budget nor subject to the legal public debt limit;

WHEREAS, knowledgeable planning, fiscal prudence, and plain good sense require that the budget reflect all federal spending and be in balance;

WHEREAS, numerous states have constitutional requirements that appropriations not exceed anticipated revenues for the forthcoming year;





WHEREAS, believing that fiscal irresponsibility at the federal level, and the inflation which results therefrom, constitutes the greatest threat now facing our nation, this Legislature is of the firm conviction that constitutional restraint is necessary to bring the fiscal discipline needed to restore financial responsibility; and

WHEREAS, under Article V of the Constitution of the United States, amendments to the federal constitution may be proposed by the Congress, whenever two-thirds of both houses deem it necessary and, on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states, the Congress shall call a constitutional convention for the sole purpose of proposing amendments, which action this Legislature deems vital.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the 43rd Legislature of the State of Utah, that the Congress of the United States is requested to institute procedures to add a new article to the Constitution of the United States and to prepare and submit to the several states an amendment to the Constitution of the United States requiring, in the absence of a national emergency, that the total of all federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all estimated federal revenues for that fiscal year.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that, alternatively, this Legislature applies to the Congress of the United States to call a constitutional convention for the specific and exclusive purpose of proposing an amendment to the federal constitution which would require, in the absence of a national emergency, that the total of all federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed that total of all estimated federal revenues for that fiscal year.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that this Legislature calls upon the legislatures of each of the several states to request Congress to enact an appropriate amendment to the federal constitution or, in the alternative, to apply to the Congress to call a constitutional convention for the sole purpose of proposing such an amendment to the federal constitution.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that copies of this Resolution be forwarded to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives of the United States and to all members of the Utah delegation in Congress.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that copies of this Resolution also be prepared and forwarded to the secretaries of state and to the presiding officers of the legislatures of the several states with the request that they join this State in making application to the Congress of the United States to pass such an amendment or, in the alternative, to call a convention for the sole purpose of proposing such an amendment.





BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that this application for a Convention Call for proposing amendments be limited to the subject matter of this Resolution and that the State of Utah be counted as a part of the necessary two-thirds states for such a call only if the convention is limited to the subject matter of this Resolution.



OFFICIAL SIGNATURE SHEET

The foregoing _____ was publicly read by title on the _____ day of _____, 19 _____ and signed by the President of the Senate on the _____ day of _____, 19 _____, and the fact of such signing duly entered upon the Journal this

_____ day of _____, 19 _____
ATTEST:

Secretary of Senate

President of the Senate

The foregoing HJR#12 was publicly read by title and immediately thereafter signed by the President of the Senate, in the presence of the house over which he presides, and the fact of such signing duly entered upon the Journal this

2nd day of February, 19 79
ATTEST:

Sophia C. Buchmiller
Secretary of Senate

[Signature]
President of the Senate

The foregoing _____ was publicly read by title on the _____ day of _____, 19 _____ and signed by the Speaker of the House on the _____ day of _____, 19 _____, and the fact of such signing duly entered upon the Journal this

_____ day of _____, 19 _____
ATTEST:

Chief Clerk of the House

Speaker of the House

The foregoing HJR#12 was publicly read by title and immediately thereafter signed by the Speaker of the House, in the presence of the house over which he presides, and the fact of such signing duly entered upon the Journal this

5th day of February, 19 79
ATTEST:

Allan M. Acoub
Chief Clerk of the House

[Signature]
Speaker of the House

Received from the _____ this _____ day of _____, 19 _____

Approved _____, 19 _____

Received from the Governor, and filed in the office of the Secretary of State this _____ day of

_____ 19 _____

Secretary of State

Virginia Resolution (1788)

VIRGINIA, *to wit:*

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY,

F R I D A Y, *the 20th* NOVEMBER, 1788.

RESOLVED, That an application be made, in the name and on behalf of the Legislature of this Commonwealth, to the CONGRESS of the UNITED STATES, in the words following, to wit:

“ The GOOD PEOPLE of this COMMONWEALTH in CONVENTION ASSEMBLED, having ratified the Constitution submitted to their consideration, this Legislature has, in conformity to that act, and the resolutions of the UNITED STATES in Congress assembled, to them transmitted, thought proper to make the arrangements that were necessary, for carrying it into effect — Having thus shewn themselves obedient to the voice of their constituents, all America will find, that so far as it depended on them, that PLAN of GOVERNMENT will be carried into immediate operation. But the sense of the PEOPLE of VIRGINIA would be but in part complied with, and but little regarded, if we went no farther. In the very moment of adoption, and coeval with the ratification of the new plan of government, the general voice of the Convention of this state, pointed to objects, no less interesting to the people we represent, and equally intitled to our attention. At the same time that from motives of affection to our sister states, the Convention yielded their assent to the ratification, they gave the most unequivocal proofs, that they dreaded its operation under the present form. In acceding to the government under this impression, painful must have been the prospect, had they not derived consolation from a full expectation, of its imperfections being speedily amended. In this resource therefore, they placed their confidence — a confidence, that will continue to support them, whilst they have reason to believe, they have not calculated upon it in vain. In making known to you, the objections of the people of this Commonwealth, to the new plan of government, we deem it unnecessary to enter into a particular detail of its defects, which they consider as involving all the great and unalienable rights of Freemen: For their sense on this subject, we refer you to the proceedings of their late Convention, and the sense of the House of Delegates, as expressed in their resolutions of the 30th day of October, 1788. We think proper however to declare, that in our opinion, as those objections were not founded in speculative theory but deduced from principles, which have been established, by the melancholy example of other nations in different ages — So they will never be removed, until the cause itself shall cease to exist. The sooner therefore the public apprehensions are quieted, and the government is possessed of the confidence of the people, the more salutary will be its operations, and the longer its duration. The cause of amendments, we consider as a common cause, and since concessions have been made from political motives, which we conceive may endanger the republic; we trust that a commendable zeal will be shewn for obtaining those provisions, which experience has taught us, are necessary to secure from danger, the unalienable rights of Human Nature. The anxiety with which our Countrymen press for the accomplishment of this important end, will ill admit of delay. The slow forms of Congressional discussion and recommendation, if indeed they should ever agree to any change, would we fear be less certain of success. Happily for their wishes, the Constitution hath presented an alternative, by admitting the submission to a Convention of the states. To this therefore we resort, as the source from whence they are to derive relief from their present apprehensions. We do therefore, in behalf of our Constituents, in the most earnest and solemn manner, make this application to Congress, that a Convention be immediately called, of deputies from the several states, with full power to take into their consideration, the defects of this Constitution, that have been suggested by the state Conventions, and report such amendments thereto, as they shall find best suited to promote our common interests, and secure to ourselves, and our latest posterity, the great and unalienable rights of Mankind.”

Signed by Order and on Behalf of the General Assembly.

John Jones S.S.
William W. L.A.D.

121526
109

Virginia HJR 75 (1973)

COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA



GENERAL ASSEMBLY

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 75

Applying to Congress to call a convention for the purpose of amending the Constitution of the United States to provide for limitation on the amount of the national debt.

WHEREAS, it has become the practice of the federal government to make appropriations of funds greatly in excess of revenues collected, thereby requiring extensive borrowing, contributing to the inflation of United States currency and an inequitable burden on those least able to cope with inflation; and

WHEREAS, this policy places the burden of funding the debts thus created on future generations of Americans who have no control over the incurring of such debts; and

WHEREAS, this inflationary practice has impaired the credit of the United States and the standing of its currency, and has made more difficult the financial and other problems of state and local governments; and

WHEREAS, if a new policy of financial responsibility in the operation of the federal government is to be achieved, it appears that action thereon must be taken by the states; and

WHEREAS, in the event of Congressional inaction, Article V of the Constitution of the United States grants to the states the right to initiate constitutional change by applications from the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states to the Congress, calling for a constitutional convention; and

WHEREAS, the Congress of the United States is required by the Constitution to call such a convention upon receipt of such applications; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED by the House of Delegates of Virginia, the Senate concurring, That pursuant to Article V of the United States Constitution, the General Assembly of Virginia does hereby make application to the Congress of the United States to call a convention for the sole and exclusive purpose of proposing to the several states a constitutional amendment, to-wit:

"1. Except in case of a declaration of war, or a national emergency declared by a two-thirds vote of its members, the Congress shall make no appropriation in excess of the estimated cash revenues for the year for which such appropriation is made. Any deficiency in such revenues shall be paid out of the first revenues received in the ensuing year. Congress may, however, by majority vote contract to meet casual deficits in the revenue, to redeem a previous debt, or in anticipation of the collection of revenues for the current year within the amount of authorized appropriations, provided that any debt so contracted shall mature within two years from the date it is incurred, and shall not exceed one-fifth of the estimated cash revenues for the current year.

2. No obligation incurred by the government, its agents or instrumentalities, including any existing on the effective date of this amendment, and any obligations of others to which the credit of the United States may be committed, shall exceed four times the average government revenues from all sources in the preceding four years.

3. Any obligation hereafter incurred shall be discharged within forty years from the date it is incurred; and any obligation existing on the effective date of this amendment shall be discharged within seventy-five years thereafter."

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That unless rescinded by the General Assembly of Virginia, this application shall constitute a continuing application for such convention pursuant to Article V until the legislatures of two-thirds of the states shall have made like applications and such convention shall have been called by the Congress of the United States; and

RESOLVED FURTHER, That since this method of proposing amendments to the Constitution has never been completed to the point of calling a convention and no interpretation of the power of the states in the exercise of this right has ever been made by any court or any qualified tribunal, if there be such, and since the exercise of the power is a matter of basic sovereign rights and the interpretation thereof is primarily in the sovereign government making such exercise and since the power to use such right in full also carries the power to use such right in part, the General Assembly of Virginia interprets Article V to mean that if two-thirds of the states make application for a convention to propose an identical amendment to the Constitution for ratification with a limitation that such amendment be the only matter before it, that such convention would have power only to propose the specified amendment and would be limited to such proposal and would not have power to vary the text thereof nor would it have power to propose other amendments on the same or different propositions; and be it

FINALLY RESOLVED, That certified copies of this resolution be presented forthwith to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives of the United States and to the legislatures of each of the several states, attesting the adoption of this resolution by the General Assembly of Virginia.

Agreed to by the House of Delegates,

Agreed to by the Senate,

March 2, 1972


February 23, 1973

George R. Rich
Clerk.

Laurie O. Lucas
Clerk. 251

Virginia SJR 107 (1975)

ENGROSSED ^{SUBSTITUTE} RESOLUTION

S. J. R. No. 107 *Campbell* 

Agreed to by Senate FEB 6 1975

Communicated FEB 6 1975

Agreed to by House FEB 20 1975 ~~with~~ amendments without

House Amendment Agreed to by Senate _____

REFERRED TO THE COMMITTEE ON Privileges and Elections

FEB 7 1975

Reported FEB 17 1975 (19-0)

1 excluding any revenues derived from borrowing. The President
 2 in submitting budgetary requests and the Congress in enacting
 3 appropriation bills shall comply with this Article. If the
 4 President proclaims a national emergency, suspending the
 5 requirement that the total of all Federal appropriations not
 6 exceed the total estimated Federal revenues for a fiscal year,
 7 excluding any revenues derived from borrowing, and two-thirds
 8 of all members elected to each House of the Congress so
 9 determine by joint resolution, the total of all Federal
 10 appropriations may exceed the total estimated Federal revenues
 11 for that fiscal year.

12 RESOLVED, FURTHER, That the Clerk of the Senate is
 13 directed to send copies of this resolution to the Speaker of the
 14 United States House of Representatives, the President of the United
 15 States Senate and the members of the delegation to the Congress of
 16 the United States of this Commonwealth in order that they may be
 17 appraised of the sense of this Body.

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Official Use by Clerks

32 Agreed to By The Senate
 33 with **a SUBSTITUTE**
 34 without amendment
 35 Date: FEB 6 1975

Agreed to By
 The House of Delegates
 with
 without amendment
 FEB 20 1975

36 *Lucas De Lucas* Clerk of the Senate
 37 *James N. Hurl* Clerk of the House of Delegates

Virginia SJR 36 (1976)

ACTS
OF THE
GENERAL ASSEMBLY
OF THE
COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA

SESSION 1976

which commenced at the State Capitol, Richmond,
on Wednesday, January 14, 1976 and ended
on Saturday, March 13, 1976

VOLUME II
CHAPTERS 646 - 782

Commonwealth of Virginia
Department of Purchases and Supply
Richmond
1976

Upon completion of its study, the Subcommittee shall prepare and submit to the General Assembly for consideration legislation that it deems appropriate.

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 36

Applying to Congress to initiate proceedings for the purpose of amending the Constitution of the United States to provide restrictions on Congressional appropriations.

Agreed to by the Senate, February 16, 1976

Agreed to by the House of Delegates, March 10, 1976

WHEREAS, with each passing year this Nation becomes more deeply in debt as its expenditures grossly and repeatedly exceed available revenues, so that the public debt now exceeds hundreds of billions of dollars; and

WHEREAS, the annual Federal budget continually demonstrates an unwillingness or inability of both the legislative and executive branches of the Federal government to curtail spending to conform to available revenues; and

WHEREAS, unified budgets do not reflect actual spending because of the exclusion of special outlays which are not included in the budget nor subject to the legal public debt limit; and

WHEREAS, knowledgeable planning, fiscal prudence, and plain good sense require that the budget reflect all Federal spending and be in balance; and

WHEREAS, believing that fiscal irresponsibility at the federal level, with the inflation which results from this policy, is the greatest threat which faces our Nation, we firmly believe that constitutional restraint is necessary to bring the fiscal discipline needed to restore financial responsibility; and

WHEREAS, under Article V of the Constitution of the United States, amendments to the Federal Constitution may be proposed by the Congress whenever two-thirds of both Houses deem it necessary, or on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states the Congress shall call a constitutional convention for the purpose of proposing amendments; and

WHEREAS, we believe such action vital; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED by the Senate of Virginia, the House of Delegates concurring, That the General Assembly of Virginia proposes to the Congress of the United States that procedures be instituted in the Congress to add a new Article to the Constitution of the United States, and that this Body hereby requests the Congress to prepare and submit to the several states an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, requiring in the absence of a national emergency that the total of all Federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all estimated Federal revenues for that fiscal year; and, be it

RESOLVED FURTHER, That, alternatively, this Body makes application and requests that the Congress of the United States call

a constitutional convention for the specific and exclusive purpose of proposing an amendment to the Federal Constitution requiring in the absence of a national emergency that the total of all Federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of all estimated Federal revenues for that fiscal year; and, be it

RESOLVED FURTHER, That this Body also proposes that the legislatures of each of the several states comprising the United States apply to the Congress requesting the enactment of an appropriate amendment to the Federal Constitution; or requiring the Congress to call a constitutional convention for proposing such an amendment to the Federal Constitution; and, be it

RESOLVED FINALLY, That copies of this resolution be presented forthwith to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives of the United States, to each of the Senators and Representatives from Virginia and to the legislatures of each of the several states, attesting the adoption of this resolution.

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 39

Directing the Virginia Coastal Study Commission to include the coastal zone management program as part of its study; and to allocate funds to continue the study.

Agreed to by the Senate, February 18, 1976

Agreed to by the House of Delegates, March 10, 1976

WHEREAS, the Virginia Coastal Study Commission was created and charged by the 1975 General Assembly in Senate Joint Resolution No. 137, to study the offshore, interface and onshore effects of possible oil exploration and development of the Outer Continental Shelf adjacent to Virginia's coast; and

WHEREAS, the study initiated in the coastal states by the federal Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972 is considering, among other things, the possible effects of oil exploration and development; and

WHEREAS, the Division of State Planning and Community Affairs, the Virginia Institute of Marine Science and the Virginia Marine Resources Commission have just completed the first year of a scheduled three-year Coastal Zone Management Planning effort pursuant to the federal act; and

WHEREAS, it is important to Virginia that it be prepared for possible O.C.S. oil impacts, and it appears that the best way to insure readiness is through careful advance planning which can best be accomplished through Virginia's participation in the federal Coastal Zone Management Act; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED by the Senate, the House of Delegates concurring, That the Virginia Coastal Study Commission is directed, in the course of its study, to consider what Virginia's role might be in working for and with the interests of coastal communities as the coastal zone management planning program continues, to facilitate

Washington HB 90 (1901)

SESSION LAWS
OF THE
STATE OF WASHINGTON

SEVENTH SESSION.

1901.

COMPILED IN CHAPTERS, WITH MARGINAL NOTES,

—BY—

SAM H. NICHOLS,
Secretary of State.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

OLYMPIA, WASH.:
GWIN HICKS, . . . STATE PRINTER.
1901.

AUTHENTICATION.

STATE OF WASHINGTON, }
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE. }

I, Sam H. Nichols, Secretary of State of the State of Washington, and custodian of the seal of said state, do hereby certify that I have carefully compared the foregoing published laws, memorials and resolutions, passed by the Legislature of the State of Washington at its seventh session in 1901, with the original enrolled laws, memorials and resolutions on file in my office, and that the foregoing are full, true and correct copies of said originals, with the exception of such corrections in orthography and errors in use of words, which corrections have been indicated by brackets, thus [], in each case, as provided by law.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed hereto the seal of the State of
[SEAL.] Washington. Done at Olympia this first day of April, A. D. 1901.

SAM H. NICHOLS,
Secretary of State.

Whereas, It is necessary that the foregoing matter ^{Emergency.} be speedily adjusted; therefore an emergency exists, and this act shall take effect immediately upon its passage and approval by the Governor.

Passed the House March 11, 1901.

Passed the Senate March 13, 1901.

Approved by the Governor March 18, 1901.

CHAPTER CLXIV.

[H. B. No. 90.]

MAKING APPLICATION TO CONGRESS FOR THE CALLING OF A CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.

AN ACT making application to the Congress of the United States of America to call a convention for proposing amendments to the constitution of the United States of America as authorized by article v of the constitution of the United States of America.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington :

SECTION 1. That application be and the same is hereby made to the Congress of the United States of America ^{Application to congress.} to call a convention for proposing amendments to the constitution of the United States of America as authorized by article v of the constitution of the United States of America.

SEC. 2. That a duly certified copy of this act be immediately transmitted to the presiding officer of each legislative body of each of the several states of the United States of America through the Governor of each of the several states with a request that each of such legislatures pass an act of like import as this act. ^{Certified copy to be transmitted.}

Passed by the House February 19, 1901.

Passed by the Senate March 12, 1901.

Approved by the Governor March 18, 1901.

Wisconsin JR 15 S (1911)

WISCONSIN STATUTES

1911

Embracing all general laws in force at the close of the Special Session of 1912,
consolidated and in part revised pursuant to sections 116,
117, 20.17 and 20.18 of these statutes,

BY

LYMAN J. NASH, REVISOR.

AND

ARTHUR F. BELITZ, ASSISTANT REVISOR.

THE DEMOCRAT PRINTING CO.,
MADISON, WIS.

CERTIFICATE.

THE STATE OF WISCONSIN.

It is hereby certified that the "Revisor" of statutes has compared each section of the statutes printed in this book with its respective original section in the statutes of 1898, so far as sections printed herein were derived from those statutes; and has compared every other section printed herein with its respective original section in the enrolled act from which the same was derived; and has compared every such section, whencesoever derived, that has ever been amended with all amendments thereof; and certifies further that all sections so compared are correctly printed herein.

Done at the Office of the Revisor of Statutes at the Capitol, on the first day of September, A. D. 1912.

LYMAN JUNIUS NASH,
Revisor.

2127

JOINT RESOLUTIONS OF 1911.

elected to each of the two houses, which proposed amendment was in the following language:

Resolved by the assembly, the senate concurring, That section 10 article VII of the constitution of Wisconsin be amended to read: Section 10. Each of the judges of the supreme and circuit courts shall receive a salary, payable at such time as the legislature shall fix, of not less than one thousand five hundred dollars annually; they shall receive no fees of office, or other compensation than their salary; they shall hold no office of public trust, except a judicial office, during the term for which they are respectively elected, and all votes for either of them for any office, except a judicial office, given by the legislature or the people, shall be void. No person shall be eligible to the office of judge who shall not, at the time of his election, be a citizen of the United States, and have attained the age of twenty-five years, and be a qualified elector within the jurisdiction for which he may be chosen.

(No. 66, A.)

Joint Resolution No. 25.

Ratifying the sixteenth amendment to the constitution of the United States.

Whereas, Both houses of the sixty-first congress of the United States of America, at its first session, by a constitutional majority of two-thirds thereof, made the following proposition to amend the constitution of the United States of America in the following words, to wit:

"A joint resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution of the United States. "Resolved by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled (two-thirds of each house concurring therein), That the following article is proposed as an amendment to the constitution of the United States, which, when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states, shall be valid to all intents and purposes as a part of the constitution, namely, article XVI. The congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes on incomes, from whatever source derived, without apportionment among the several states, and without regard to any census or enumeration." Therefore, be it

Resolved by the assembly, the senate concurring, That the said proposed amendment to the constitution of the United States of America be, and the same hereby is ratified by the legislature of the state of Wisconsin, and be it further,

Resolved, That copies of this joint resolution, certified by the secretary of state, be forwarded by the governor to the secretary of state at Washington and to the presiding officers of each house of the national congress.

(No. 15, S.)

Joint Resolution No. 23.

Relating to national constitutional convention.

Resolved by the senate, the assembly concurring: Section 1. That the legislature of the state of Wisconsin, in accordance with the provisions of article V of the constitution of the United States, desires to join with the other states of the Union, and respectfully request that a convention of the several states be called for the purpose of proposing amendments to the constitution of the United States, and hereby apply to and request the congress of the United States to call such convention, and to provide for the submitting to the several states the amendments so proposed for ratification by the legislatures thereof, or by convention therein, as one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by the congress.

Section 2. That the secretary of state is hereby directed to transmit certified copies of this joint resolution and application to both houses of the United States congress, to the governor of each state in the Union, to the honorable representatives and senators in congress from Wisconsin, who are hereby requested and urged to aid by their influence and vote, to the end that the provisions of section 1, of this joint resolution, be carried out.

(No. 42, S.)

Joint Resolution No. 29.

Memorializing congress to take proper steps for the adoption of an amendment to the federal constitution, providing that such constitution may hereafter be amended by the initiative.

Whereas, The constitution of the United States should be rendered somewhat flexible in order to meet changing political and economic conditions, and

Wisconsin JR 65 S (1929)

WISCONSIN STATUTES

1929

(10th Edition)

Printed pursuant to the provisions of Section 35.18 of these statutes, and embracing all general statutes in force at the close of the General Session of 1929.

EDITED BY
E. E. BROSSARD, Revisor



VOLUME II.

PUBLISHED BY
THE
STATE OF WISCONSIN.

LEGISLATIVE RESOLUTIONS.

Joint Resolution No. 53.

Relating to the authorization of the regents of the university of Wisconsin to accept grants of money from the federal government under the so-called Capper-Ketcham Act.

Whereas, The congress of the United States has passed an act approved by the president, May 22, 1928, entitled, "An act to provide for the further development of agricultural extension work between the agricultural colleges in the several states receiving the benefits of the act entitled 'An act donating public lands of the several states and territories which may provide colleges for the benefit of agriculture and the mechanic arts' approved July 2, 1862, and all acts supplementary thereto, and the United States department of agriculture," and,

Whereas, It is provided in section 1 of the act aforesaid, that the grants of money authorized by this act shall be paid annually "to each state which shall by action of its legislature assent to the provisions of this act;" therefore, be it

Resolved by the senate, the assembly concurring, That the assent of the legislature of the state of Wisconsin be and is hereby given to the provisions and requirements of said act, and that the board of regents of the University of Wisconsin be and they are hereby authorized and empowered to receive the grants of money appropriated under said act, and to organize and conduct agricultural extension work which shall be carried on in connection with the college of agriculture of said university, in accordance with the terms and conditions expressed in the act of congress aforesaid. [*Jt. Res. No. 66, S.*]

Joint Resolution No. 54.

Memorializing the congress of the United States to call a convention for the purpose of proposing amendments to the United States constitution.

Whereas, Article V of the United States constitution provides for the calling of a convention to propose amendments to such constitution; and

Whereas, Other states have in the past asked that such a convention be called; and

Whereas, There are sections of the United States constitution that should be amended; therefore be it

Resolved by the senate, the assembly concurring, That the legislature of the state of Wisconsin hereby earnestly requests and petitions congress to call a convention for proposing amendments to the United States constitution; and be it further

Resolved, That a copy of this resolution, properly attested, be forwarded to the presiding officers of both houses of congress, to the presiding officers of the legislature of the other states, and to the Wisconsin senators and representatives in congress. [*Jt. Res. No. 65, S.*]

Joint Resolution No. 69.

To amend section 5, of article V, of the constitution, relating to the compensation of the governor, so as to in effect repeal the said section.

Resolved by the senate, the assembly concurring, That section 5, of article V, of the constitution be amended to read: (Article V) Section 5. * * * Be it further

Resolved, That this proposed amendment be and is hereby referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election and that the same be published for three months preceding the time of holding such election. [*Jt. Res. No. 81, S.*]

Joint Resolution No. 70.

To amend section 9, of article V, of the constitution, relating to the compensation of the lieutenant governor, so as to in effect repeal this section.

Resolved by the senate, the assembly concurring, That section 9, of article V, of the constitution be amended to read: (Article V) Section 9. * * * Be it further

Resolved, That this proposed amendment be and is hereby referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election, and that the same shall be published for three months previous to the time of holding such election. [*Jt. Res. No. 82, S.*]

Joint Resolution No. 72.

To amend section 1, of article VII, of the constitution, relating to impeachments.

Resolved by the senate, the assembly concurring, That section 1, of article VII, of the constitution be amended to read: "(Article VII.) Section 1. The court for the trial of impeachments shall be composed of the senate. The assembly shall have the power of impeaching all civil officers of this state for corrupt conduct in office, or for crimes and

Wyoming HJR 7 (1961)

State of Wyoming



Jud

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE

United States of America, }
State of Wyoming } ss.

I, JACK R. GAGE, Secretary of the State of Wyoming do hereby certify that _____
the annexed is a full, true and correct copy of House Enrolled
Joint Resolution No. 4, being Original House Joint Resolution
No. 7, as passed by the Thirty-sixth Legislature of the State
of Wyoming, and approved by the Acting Governor on February 21,
1961, at 8:20 o'clock A. M. _____

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and
affixed the Great Seal of the State of Wyoming.

Done at Cheyenne, the Capital,

this TWENTY-THIRD day of

FEBRUARY A. D. 19 61



Jack R. Gage
Secretary of State

By *Thomas C. Bogus*
Deputy

ENROLLED JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 4, HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

THIRTY-SIXTH STATE LEGISLATURE OF

THE STATE OF WYOMING

A JOINT RESOLUTION making application to the Congress of the United States urging the call of a convention on behalf of an amendment to the Constitution of the United States under which expenditures of the Federal Government may not exceed estimated receipts except in emergency and by vote of a substantial majority of the Congress.

WHEREAS, the cumulated net federal deficit has grown to unmanageable proportions over the past thirty years and in this period there have been eighteen deficits in twenty-three non-war years; and

WHEREAS, governments should be required to operate within their incomes;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the House of the Thirty-Sixth Legislature of the State of Wyoming, the Senate of such Legislature concurring, that, pursuant to the provisions of Article V of the Constitution of the United States, application is hereby made to the Congress of the United States to call a convention for the purpose of proposing an amendment to such Constitution under which, except for trust fund expenditures and receipts, the expenditures of the Federal Government during any fiscal year may not exceed the estimated receipts of such Government during such fiscal year, unless a substantial majority of the Congress, on recommendation of the President and because of war or other grave national emergency, votes to suspend the limitation on expenditures for a specified period of time; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that certified copies thereof be promptly transmitted to the President and Vice President of the United States, the Speaker of the House of Representatives of said Congress, United States Senator J. J. Hickey, United States Senator Gale W. McGee, Representative in Congress William Henry Harrison, United States Senator Styles Bridges, and United States Senator Harry F. Byrd.

APPROVED

FEB 21 1961

ALBERT C. HARDING
President of the Senate

JACK R. GAGE
AGING GOVERNOR
8:20 A.M.

JOSEPH L. BIDD
Speaker of the House

ENROLLED JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 6, HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

THIRTY-SIXTH STATE LEGISLATURE OF

THE STATE OF WYOMING

A JOINT RESOLUTION making application to the Congress of the United States urging the call of a convention on behalf of an amendment to the Constitution of the United States under which expenditures of the Federal Government may not exceed estimated receipts except in emergency and by vote of a substantial majority of the Congress.

WHEREAS, the cumulated net federal deficit has grown to unmanageable proportions over the past thirty years and in this period there have been eighteen deficits in twenty-three non-war years; and

WHEREAS, governments should be required to operate within their incomes;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the House of the Thirty-Sixth Legislature of the State of Wyoming, the Senate of such Legislature concurring, that, pursuant to the provisions of Article V of the Constitution of the United States, application is hereby made to the Congress of the United States to call a convention for the purpose of proposing an amendment to such Constitution under which, except for trust fund expenditures and receipts, the expenditures of the Federal Government during any fiscal year may not exceed the estimated receipts of such Government during such fiscal year, unless a substantial majority of the Congress, on recommendation of the President and because of war or other grave national emergency, votes to suspend the limitation on expenditures for a specified period of time; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that certified copies thereof be promptly transmitted to the President and Vice President of the United States, the Speaker of the House of Representatives of said Congress, United States Senator J. J. Hickey, United States Senator Gale W. McGee, Representative in Congress William Henry Harrison, United States Senator Styles Bridges, and United States Senator Harry F. Byrd.

APPROVED

FEB 21 1961

ALBERT C. HARDING
President of the Senate

JACK B. GAGE
ACTING GOVERNOR
8:20 A.M.

JOSEPH L. BUDD
Speaker of the House

Wyoming HJR 12 (1977)



OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE

United States of America, } ss.
State of Wyoming }

I. THYRA THOMSON, Secretary of the State of Wyoming do hereby certify

. . . that the attached is a true and correct copy of the 1977 Original House Joint Resolution No. 12 of record in this office . . .

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the Great Seal of the State of Wyoming. Done at Cheyenne, the Capital, this sixth day of June A. D. 1978

Thyra Thomson Secretary of State

By Deputy



ORIGINAL HOUSE
JOINT RESOLUTION
NO. 12

(ORIGINAL SIGNED BY
PRESIDENT AND SPEAKER)

SIGNED BY GOVERNOR

DATE: 2-17-77

CHAPTER NO: None

ENROLLED JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 1, HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
FORTY-FOURTH LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WYOMING
1977 SESSION

A JOINT RESOLUTION requesting appropriate action by the Congress, on its own by consent of two-thirds of both Houses or on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states, to propose an amendment to the Federal Constitution to require that the total of all Federal appropriations may not exceed the total of all estimated Federal revenues in any fiscal year, with certain exceptions.

WHEREAS, with each passing year this Nation becomes more deeply in debt as its expenditures grossly and repeatedly exceed available revenues so that the public debt now amounts to hundreds of billions of dollars; and

WHEREAS, attempts to limit spending, including impoundment of funds by the President of the United States, have resulted in strenuous assertions that the responsibility for appropriations is the constitutional duty of the Congress; and

WHEREAS, the annual Federal budget repeatedly demonstrates the unwillingness or inability of both the legislative and executive branches of the Federal government to curtail spending to conform to available revenues; and

WHEREAS, the unified budget does not reflect actual spending because of the exclusion of special outlays which are not included in the budget nor subject to the legal public debt limit; and

WHEREAS, the US News and World Report reported on February 25, 1974, that of these nonbudgetary outlays in the amount of \$15,600,000,000.00, the sum of \$12,900,000,000.00 represents funding of essentially private agencies which provide special services to the Federal government; and

WHEREAS, knowledgeable planning and fiscal prudence require that the budget reflect all Federal spending and that the budget be in balance; and

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WHEREAS, believing that fiscal irresponsibility at the Federal level, with the inflation which results from this policy, is the greatest threat which faces our Nation, we firmly believe that constitutional restraint is necessary to bring the fiscal disciplines needed to reverse this trend; and

WHEREAS, under Article V of the Constitution of the United States, amendments to the Federal Constitution may be proposed by the Congress whenever two-thirds of both Houses deem it necessary, or on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states the Congress shall call a constitutional convention for the purpose of proposing amendments;

NOW, THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WYOMING, a majority of all members of the two houses, voting separately, concurring herein:

Section 1. That procedures be instituted in the Congress to add a new Article XXVII to the Constitution of the United States, and that Congress prepare and submit to the several states, an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, requiring in the absence of a national emergency that the total of all Federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of the estimated Federal revenues, excluding any revenues derived from borrowing, for that fiscal year; or

Section 2. That the Congress of the United States call a constitutional convention for the specific and exclusive purpose of proposing such an amendment to the Federal Constitution, to be a new Article XXVII.

Section 3. That the legislatures of each of the several states comprising the United States apply to the Congress requiring it to call a constitutional convention for proposing such an amendment to the Federal Constitution, to be a new Article XXVII.

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Section 4. That the proposed new Article XXVII (or whatever numeral may then be appropriate) read substantially as follows:

PROPOSED ARTICLE XXVII

"The total of all Federal appropriations made by the Congress for any fiscal year may not exceed the total of the estimated Federal revenues for that fiscal year, excluding any revenues derived from borrowing; and this prohibition extends to all Federal appropriations and all estimated Federal revenues, excluding any revenues derived from borrowing. The President in submitting budgetary requests and the Congress in enacting appropriation bills shall comply with this Article. If the President proclaims a national emergency, suspending the requirement that the total of all Federal appropriations not exceed the total estimated Federal revenues for a fiscal year, excluding any revenues derived from borrowing, and two-thirds of all Members elected to each House of the Congress concur by Joint Resolution, the total of all Federal appropriations may exceed the total estimated Federal revenues for that fiscal year."


Section 5. That copies of this Resolution be transmitted to the President of the United States, the chairmen of the Judiciary Committees of both the Senate and House of Representatives, the chairman of the Joint Committee on Budget Control of the Congress and to each member of the Wyoming Congressional delegation.

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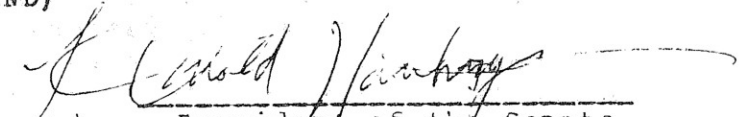
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Section 6. That copies of this Joint Resolution be transmitted to the Secretary of State and to the presiding officers of both Houses of the Legislature of each of the other States in the Union, with the request that it be circulated among leaders in the Executive and Legislative branches of the several State governments; and with the further request that each of the other States in the Union join in requiring the Congress of the United States to call a constitutional convention for the purpose of initiating a proposal to amend the Constitution of the United States in substantially the form proposed in this Joint Resolution.

(END)



Speaker of the House



President of the Senate

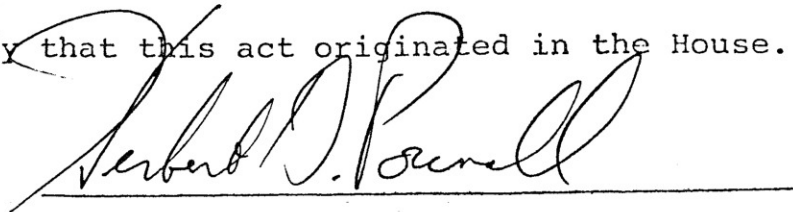


Governor

TIME APPROVED: 11:46 A.M.

DATE APPROVED: 2/17/77

I hereby certify that this act originated in the House.



Herbert D. Powell

Chief Clerk